

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 145, 126)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 145, 126) contains.

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Color

RGB(135, 145, 126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87917E
RGB	135, 145, 126
RGB Percent	53%, 57%, 49%
CMY	0.4706, 0.4314, 0.5059
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.13, 0.43
HSL	92°, 8%, 53%
HSV	92°, 13%, 57%
XYZ	23.8830, 26.9081, 23.6737
YIQ	139.8440, 0.1390, -8.0290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

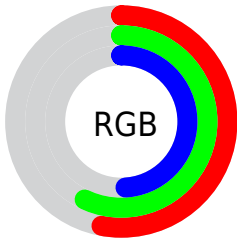
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 145, 136
Decimal	8884606
CIE _{Lab}	58.89, -7.28, 8.86
CIE _{LCh}	59, 11.466, 129.432
Yxy	26.9081, 0.3207, 0.3614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287074686 (0xFF87917E)
YUV	139.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482
Hunter-Lab	51.8730, -8.5941, 9.2524

Details

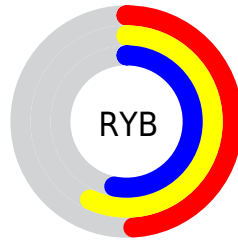
The RGB color **135, 145, 126** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **136, 126, 145**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188, 199, 179**, and **85, 95, 77** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127, 145, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 145, 141**.

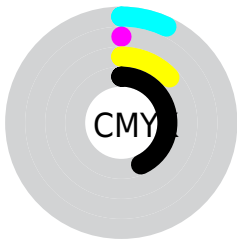
Distribution



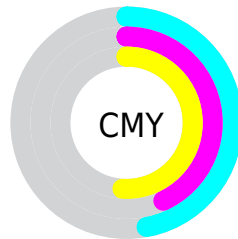
- Red (53%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 145, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 145, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 135, 145, 126

255, 255, 255

 188, 199, 179

 216, 227, 206


 245, 255, 234


 135, 145, 126

 110, 119, 101

 85, 95, 77


 62, 71, 54

 40, 49, 33

 20, 28, 10


 0, 0, 0

 135, 145, 126

 127, 145, 112

 120, 145, 97

 135, 145, 126

 143, 145, 141

 150, 145, 155

■ 112, 145, 83

■ 158, 145, 170

■ 104, 145, 68

■ 166, 145, 184

■ 97, 145, 54

■ 173, 145, 198

■ 89, 145, 39

■ 181, 145, 213

■ 82, 145, 25

■ 188, 145, 228

■ 74, 145, 10

■ 196, 145, 242

■ 69, 145, 0

■ 204, 145, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147, 142, 122



135, 145, 126



124, 147, 134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 145, 126



123, 145, 160



163, 135, 139

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 145, 126



136, 126, 145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158, 136, 149



135, 145, 126



135, 141, 161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 145, 126



117, 147, 154



148, 138, 157



162, 136, 129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 145, 126



119, 148, 141



148, 138, 157



162, 135, 142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 145, 126



185, 189, 181



145, 136, 126



92, 94, 90



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 145, 126



173, 189, 159



126, 145, 126



68, 71, 64



64, 135, 0



4, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136, 126, 145



174, 159, 189



145, 126, 145



68, 64, 71



71, 0, 135



4, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 145, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

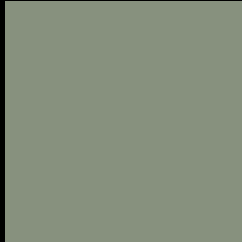
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 145, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

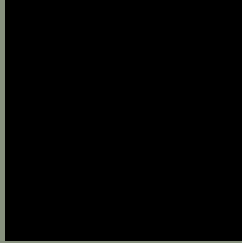
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

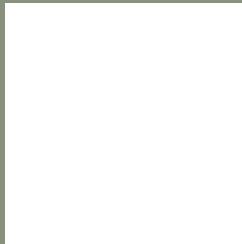
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 145, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 145, 126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 145, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


135, 145, 126

Protanopia

148, 141, 124

Deuteranopia

160, 136, 128



Tritanopia
139, 141, 152

Trichromacy



Original Color

135, 145, 126

Protanomaly

143, 142, 125

Deuteranomaly

151, 139, 127

Tritanomaly

138, 142, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color

135, 145, 126

Achromatopsia

140, 140, 140

Achromatomaly

138, 142, 135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 145, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 145, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 145, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 145, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 145, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 145, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 145, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 145, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 145, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 145, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 145, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 145,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 145, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 145, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
145, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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