

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 145, 149)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 145, 149) contains.

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Color

RGB(135, 145, 149)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	879195
RGB	135, 145, 149
RGB Percent	53%, 57%, 58%
CMY	0.4706, 0.4314, 0.4157
CMYK	0.09, 0.03, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	197°, 6%, 56%
HSV	197°, 9%, 58%
XYZ	25.5419, 27.5716, 32.4094
YIQ	142.4660, -7.2440, -0.8760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

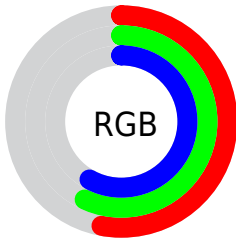
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 141, 149
Decimal	8884629
CIE _{Lab}	59.50, -2.77, -3.36
CIE _{LCh}	59, 4.360, 230.511
Yxy	27.5716, 0.2987, 0.3224
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287074709 (0xFF879195)
YUV	142.4660, 3.2213, -6.5477
Hunter-Lab	52.5087, -5.0621, 0.1611

Details

The RGB color **135, 145, 149** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **149, 139, 135**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188, 199, 203**, and **85, 95, 98** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120, 141, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150, 149, 149**.

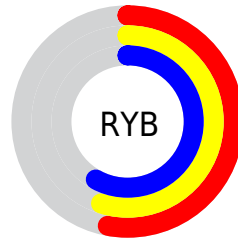
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (57%)

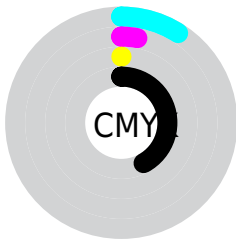
Blue (58%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (58%)

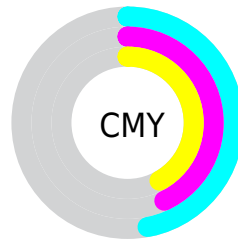


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 145, 149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 145, 149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 135, 145, 149


255, 255, 255

 188, 199, 203


 216, 227, 231

 245, 255, 255

 135, 145, 149

 110, 119, 123

 85, 95, 98

 62, 71, 75

 40, 49, 52

 20, 28, 31

 0, 0, 6

 0, 0, 0

 135, 145, 149

 120, 141, 149

 135, 145, 149

 150, 149, 149

■ 105, 136, 149

■ 165, 154, 149

■ 90, 132, 149

■ 180, 158, 149

■ 75, 128, 149

■ 195, 162, 149

■ 60, 124, 149

■ 210, 166, 149

■ 46, 119, 149

■ 224, 171, 149

■ 31, 115, 149

■ 239, 175, 149

■ 16, 111, 149

■ 254, 179, 149

■ 1, 107, 149

■ 255, 183, 149

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134, 146, 146



135, 145, 149



138, 144, 151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 145, 149



151, 141, 145



144, 144, 136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 145, 149



149, 139, 135

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



148, 143, 136



135, 145, 149



152, 141, 141

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 145, 149



147, 142, 148



151, 141, 137



139, 145, 138

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 145, 149



141, 143, 151



151, 141, 137



145, 143, 136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 145, 149



188, 192, 194



135, 149, 139



93, 96, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 145, 149



172, 188, 194



135, 138, 149



67, 72, 74



0, 98, 138



0, 7, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149, 135, 145



194, 172, 188



149, 146, 135



74, 67, 72



138, 0, 98



10, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 145, 149 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

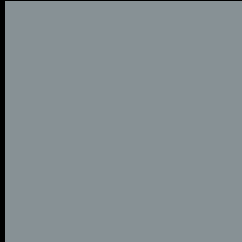
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 145, 149 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

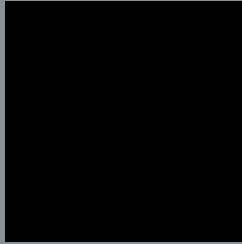
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

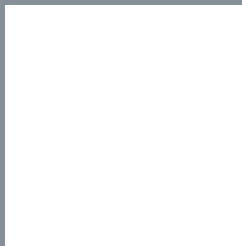
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 145, 149 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 145, 149.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 145, 149.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
135, 145, 149

Protanopia
144, 142, 147

Deuteranopia
154, 139, 150



Tritanopia

136, 144, 155

Trichromacy



Original Color

135, 145, 149

Protanomaly

141, 143, 148

Deuteranomaly

147, 141, 150

Tritanomaly

136, 144, 153

Monochromacy



Original Color

135, 145, 149

Achromatopsia

142, 142, 142

Achromatomaly

139, 143, 145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 145, 149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(135, 145, 149) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 145, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 145, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 145, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 145, 149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 145, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 145, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 145, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 145, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 145, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 145,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 145, 149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 145, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
145, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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