

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 158, 145)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 158, 145) contains.

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Color

RGB(135, 158, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	879E91
RGB	135, 158, 145
RGB Percent	53%, 62%, 57%
CMY	0.4706, 0.3804, 0.4314
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.08, 0.38
HSL	146°, 11%, 57%
HSV	146°, 15%, 62%
XYZ	27.3294, 31.6490, 31.4565
YIQ	149.6410, -9.5350, -8.9190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

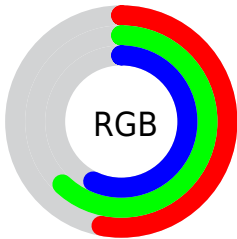
Format	Color
RYB	135, 151, 158
Decimal	8887953
CIELab	63.05, -10.72, 4.08
CIElCh	63, 11.475, 159.167
Yxy	31.6490, 0.3022, 0.3500
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287078033 (0xFF879E91)
YUV	149.6410, -2.2880, -12.8402
Hunter-Lab	56.2574, -11.7367, 6.2280

Details

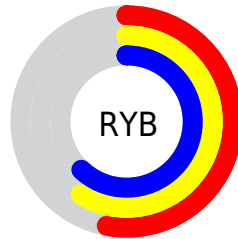
The RGB color **135, 158, 145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **158, 135, 148**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188, 213, 199**, and **85, 107, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119, 158, 136**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 158, 154**.

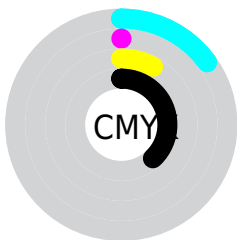
Distribution



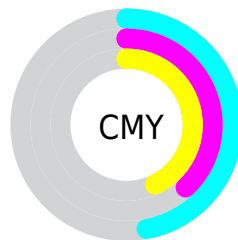
- Red (53%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 158, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 158, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 135, 158, 145


255, 255, 255

 188, 213, 199

 216, 241, 227

 245, 255, 255

 135, 158, 145

 110, 132, 119

 85, 107, 95

 62, 82, 71

 39, 59, 49

 18, 38, 28


 0, 17, 1

 0, 0, 0

 135, 158, 145


 119, 158, 136

 135, 158, 145


 151, 158, 154


 103, 158, 127


 167, 158, 163

 88, 158, 118


 182, 158, 172


 72, 158, 109

 198, 158, 181


 56, 158, 100


 214, 158, 190

 40, 158, 91


 230, 158, 199

 24, 158, 82

 246, 158, 208

 9, 158, 74

 255, 158, 216

 0, 158, 69

 255, 158, 225

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146, 156, 137



135, 158, 145



128, 159, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 158, 145



146, 152, 173



174, 147, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 158, 145



158, 135, 148

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174, 146, 150



135, 158, 145



158, 149, 168

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 158, 145



134, 156, 171



169, 146, 160



168, 150, 134

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 158, 145



127, 158, 162



169, 146, 160



174, 146, 143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 158, 145



198, 207, 202



148, 158, 135



99, 105, 102



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 158, 145



171, 207, 187



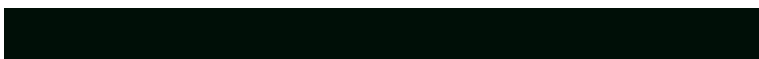
135, 158, 156



71, 79, 75



0, 143, 62



0, 15, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



158, 135, 148



207, 171, 191



158, 135, 137



79, 71, 76



143, 0, 81



15, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 158, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

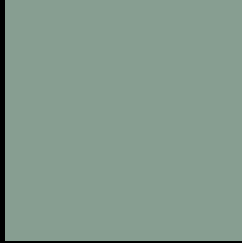
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 158, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

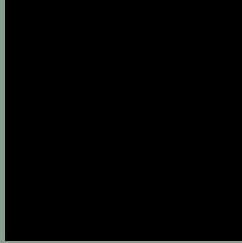
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

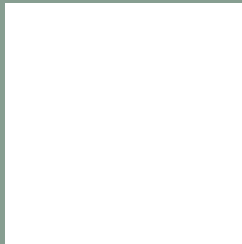
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 158, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 158, 145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 158, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
139, 155, 167

Trichromacy



Original Color

135, 158, 145

Protanomaly

150, 154, 143

Deuteranomaly

157, 151, 146

Tritanomaly

138, 156, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color

135, 158, 145

Achromatopsia

150, 150, 150

Achromatomaly

145, 153, 148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 158, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 158, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 158, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 158, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 158, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 158, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 158, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 158, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 158, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 158, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 158, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 158,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 158, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 158, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
158, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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