

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 162, 162)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 162, 162) contains.

RGB(135, 162, 162)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(135, 162, 162)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87A2A2
RGB	135, 162, 162
RGB Percent	53%, 64%, 64%
CMY	0.4706, 0.3647, 0.3647
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	180°, 13%, 58%
HSV	180°, 17%, 64%
XYZ	29.4336, 33.6002, 39.1166
YIQ	153.9270, -16.0920, -5.7240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

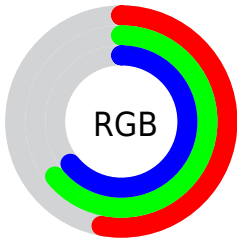
Format	Color
RYB	135, 149, 162
Decimal	8888994
CIELab	64.64, -9.33, -3.14
CIELCh	65, 9.840, 198.584
Yxy	33.6002, 0.2881, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287079074 (0xFF87A2A2)
YUV	153.9270, 3.9800, -16.5990
Hunter-Lab	57.9657, -10.8019, 0.5657

Details

The RGB color **135, 162, 162** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **162, 135, 135**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189, 217, 217**, and **85, 110, 110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119, 162, 162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 162, 162**.

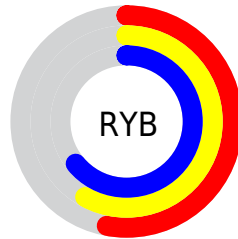
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (64%)

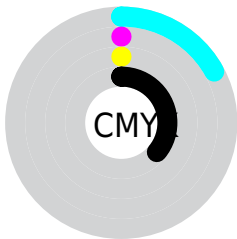
Blue (64%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (64%)

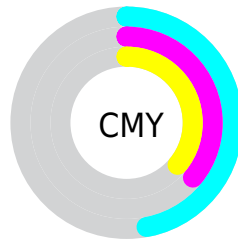


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 162, 162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 162, 162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 135, 162, 162


255, 255, 255


 189, 217, 217


 217, 245, 245

 245, 255, 255

 135, 162, 162

 109, 136, 136

 85, 110, 110

 61, 86, 86

 38, 63, 63


 16, 41, 41


 0, 21, 21

 0, 0, 0

 135, 162, 162


 119, 162, 162

 135, 162, 162


 151, 162, 162


 103, 162, 162


 167, 162, 162

 86, 162, 162


 184, 162, 162


 70, 162, 162


 200, 162, 162

 54, 162, 162

 216, 162, 162

 38, 162, 162

 232, 162, 162

 22, 162, 162

 248, 162, 162

 5, 162, 162

 255, 162, 162

 0, 162, 162

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139, 162, 153



135, 162, 162



137, 161, 170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 162, 162



165, 153, 168



167, 155, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 162, 162



162, 135, 135

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174, 152, 144



135, 162, 162



173, 151, 160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 162, 162



154, 156, 173



176, 151, 152



158, 158, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 162, 162



141, 159, 173



176, 151, 152



170, 154, 141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 162, 162



201, 212, 212



135, 162, 135



101, 107, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 162, 162



169, 212, 212



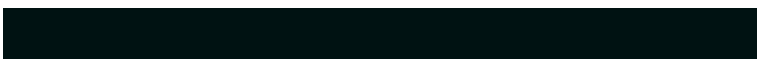
135, 149, 162



73, 82, 82



0, 145, 145



0, 18, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162, 135, 162



212, 169, 212



162, 149, 135



82, 73, 82



145, 0, 145



18, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 162, 162 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 162, 162 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

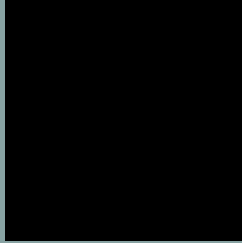
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

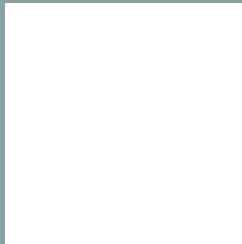
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 162, 162 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 162, 162.



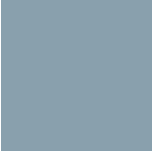
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 162, 162.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

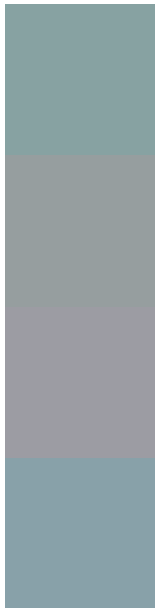
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
137, 160, 173

Trichromacy



Original Color

135, 162, 162

Protanomaly

150, 158, 159

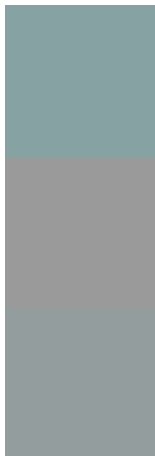
Deuteranomaly

156, 156, 163

Tritanomaly

136, 161, 169

Monochromacy



Original Color

135, 162, 162

Achromatopsia

154, 154, 154

Achromatomaly

147, 157, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 162, 162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 162, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 162, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 162, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 162, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 162, 162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 162, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 162, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 162, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 162, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 162, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 162,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 162, 162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 162, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
162, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor