

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 168, 94)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 168, 94) contains.

RGB(135, 168, 94)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(135, 168, 94)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87A85E
RGB	135, 168, 94
RGB Percent	53%, 66%, 37%
CMY	0.4706, 0.3412, 0.6314
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.44, 0.34
HSL	87°, 30%, 51%
HSV	87°, 44%, 66%
XYZ	26.0147, 33.9643, 15.7743
YIQ	149.6970, 4.0860, -30.0100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

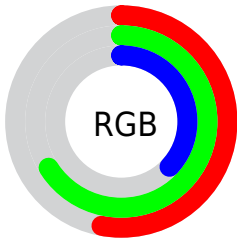
Format	Color
RYB	94, 168, 127
Decimal	8890462
CIELab	64.93, -24.22, 34.50
CIELCh	65, 42.152, 125.068
Yxy	33.9643, 0.3434, 0.4484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287080542 (0xFF87A85E)
YUV	149.6970, -27.4586, -12.8893
Hunter-Lab	58.2789, -22.3088, 24.7472

Details

The RGB color **135, 168, 94** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **127, 94, 168**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189, 223, 146**, and **83, 116, 45** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 168, 77**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **142, 168, 111**.

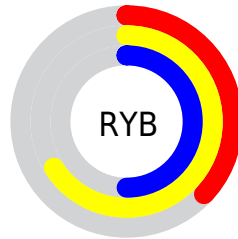
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (66%)

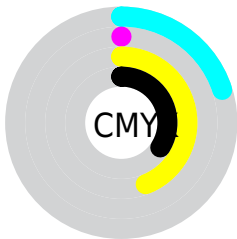
Blue (37%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (50%)

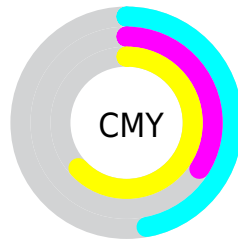


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 168, 94 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 168, 94 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



135, 168, 94



135, 168, 94

255, 255, 255



109, 141, 69



189, 223, 146



83, 116, 45



218, 252, 173



59, 91, 21



247, 255, 200



35, 67, 0



255, 255, 229



9, 45, 0



0, 26, 0



0, 0, 0



135, 168, 94




135, 168, 94





128, 168, 77




142, 168, 111

 120, 168, 60

 150, 168, 128


 113, 168, 44


 157, 168, 144


 105, 168, 27

 165, 168, 161

 98, 168, 10


 172, 168, 178

 93, 168, 0

 180, 168, 195

 187, 168, 212

 195, 168, 228

 202, 168, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175, 157, 81



135, 168, 94



86, 175, 124

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 168, 94



0, 170, 225



228, 127, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 168, 94



127, 94, 168

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210, 132, 190



135, 168, 94



109, 159, 232

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 168, 94



0, 176, 200



170, 145, 219



226, 132, 116

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 168, 94



38, 177, 150



170, 145, 219



225, 127, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 168, 94



207, 219, 191



168, 126, 94



102, 110, 92



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 168, 94



167, 219, 103



99, 168, 94



80, 84, 76



82, 148, 0



11, 20, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127, 94, 168



155, 103, 219



163, 94, 168



79, 76, 84



66, 0, 148



9, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 168, 94 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 168, 94 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 168, 94 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 168, 94.

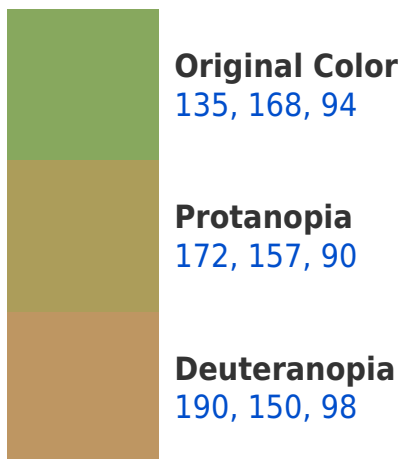


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 168, 94.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

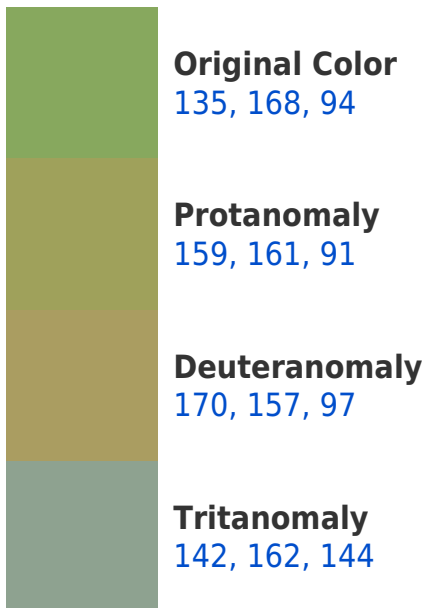
Dichromacy



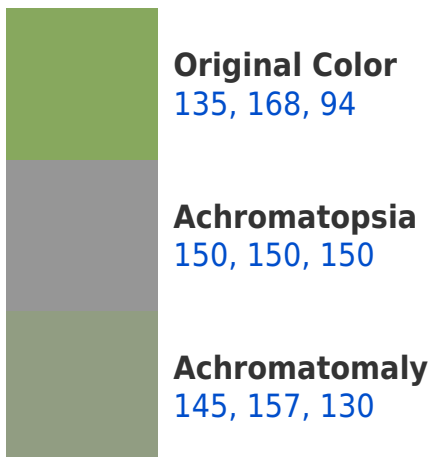


Tritanopia
146, 159, 172

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 168, 94 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 168, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 168, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 168, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 168, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 168, 94 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 168, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 168, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 168, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 168, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 168, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 168,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 168, 94 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 168, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
168, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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