

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 255, 138)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 255, 138) contains.

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Color

RGB(135, 255, 138)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87FF8A
RGB	135, 255, 138
RGB Percent	53%, 100%, 54%
CMY	0.4706, 0.0000, 0.4588
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.46, 0.00
HSL	122°, 100%, 76%
HSV	122°, 47%, 100%
XYZ	50.3391, 78.5059, 36.5448
YIQ	205.7820, -33.9630, -61.8270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

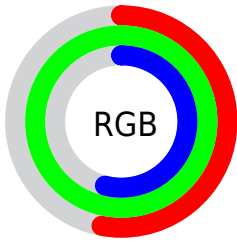
Format	Color
RYB	135, 252, 255
Decimal	8912778
CIELab	91.01, -56.71, 45.51
CIELCh	91, 72.716, 141.254
Yxy	78.5059, 0.3044, 0.4747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287102858 (0xFF87FF8A)
YUV	205.7820, -33.4165, -62.0758
Hunter-Lab	88.6035, -53.6434, 37.5682

Details

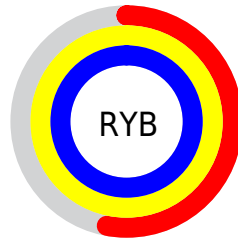
The RGB color **135, 255, 138** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **255, 135, 252**, and the grayscale version is **206, 206, 206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 255, 193**, and **74, 197, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **110, 255, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161, 255, 163**.

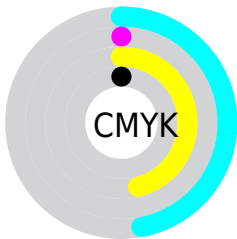
Distribution



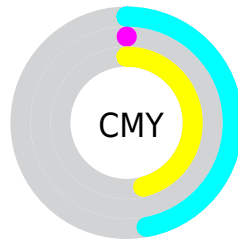
- Red (53%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 255, 138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 255, 138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 135, 255, 138

255, 255, 255

 194, 255, 193


 224, 255, 221


 254, 255, 250


 135, 255, 138

 105, 226, 111

 74, 197, 85

 37, 169, 60

 0, 142, 33

 0, 116, 0

 0, 90, 0

 0, 65, 0

 0, 43, 0

 0, 7, 0

■ 135, 255, 138

■ 135, 255, 138

■ 110, 255, 113

■ 161, 255, 163

■ 84, 255, 88

■ 186, 255, 188

■ 58, 255, 63

■ 212, 255, 213

■ 33, 255, 39

■ 237, 255, 237

■ 8, 255, 14

255, 255, 255

■ 0, 255, 6

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219, 241, 91



135, 255, 138



0, 255, 206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 255, 138



0, 243, 255



255, 170, 183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 255, 138



255, 135, 252

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 169, 253



135, 255, 138



197, 219, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 255, 138



0, 255, 255



255, 190, 255



255, 192, 122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 255, 138



0, 255, 254



255, 190, 255



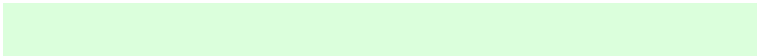
255, 167, 206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 255, 138



219, 255, 220



253, 255, 135



106, 128, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 255, 138



112, 255, 116



135, 255, 197



115, 128, 115



0, 191, 5



0, 64, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 135, 252



255, 112, 251



255, 135, 193



128, 115, 127



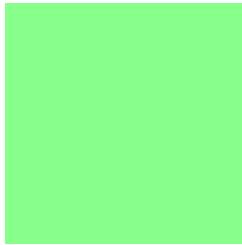
191, 0, 186



64, 0, 62

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 255, 138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

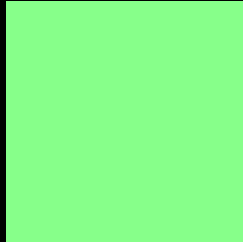
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 255, 138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

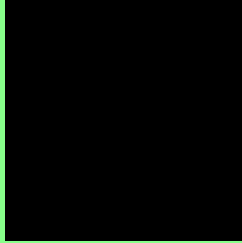
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 255, 138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 255, 138.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 255, 138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

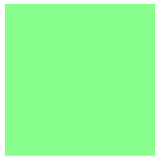
Dichromacy



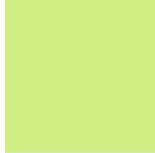


Tritanopia
175, 239, 255

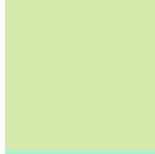
Trichromacy



Original Color
135, 255, 138



Protanomaly
208, 238, 132



Deuteranomaly
211, 234, 170

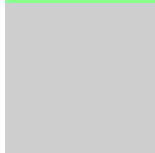


Tritanomaly
160, 245, 212

Monochromacy



Original Color
135, 255, 138



Achromatopsia
206, 206, 206



Achromatomaly
180, 224, 181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 255, 138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 255, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 255, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 255, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 255, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 255, 138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

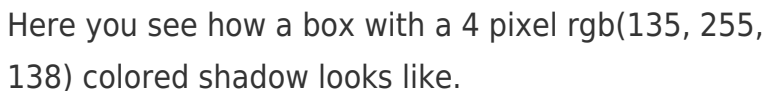
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 255, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 255, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 255, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 255, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 255, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 255,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 255, 138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 255, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
255, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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