

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 37, 214)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 37, 214) contains.

RGB(135, 37, 214)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(135, 37, 214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8725D6
RGB	135, 37, 214
RGB Percent	53%, 15%, 84%
CMY	0.4706, 0.8549, 0.1608
CMYK	0.37, 0.83, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	273°, 71%, 49%
HSV	273°, 83%, 84%
XYZ	22.7908, 11.3291, 64.6038
YIQ	86.4800, 1.5910, 75.8230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

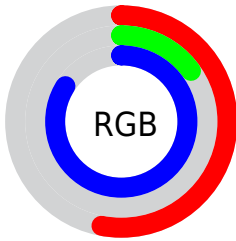
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 37, 214
Decimal	8857046
CIE _{Lab}	40.13, 68.69, -71.28
CIE _{LCh}	40, 98.997, 313.940
Yxy	11.3291, 0.2309, 0.1148
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287047126 (0xFF8725D6)
YUV	86.4800, 62.8674, 42.5520
Hunter-Lab	33.6587, 61.9625, -90.2390

Details

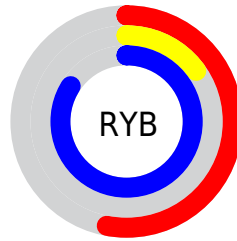
The RGB color **135, 37, 214** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9900CC**. The color can be described as dark washed purple. A complement of this color would be **116, 214, 37**, and the grayscale version is **86, 86, 86**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 96, 255**, and **75, 0, 158** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **125, 16, 214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145, 58, 214**.

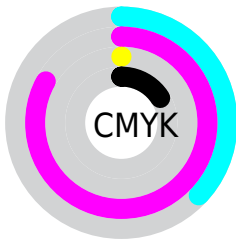
Distribution



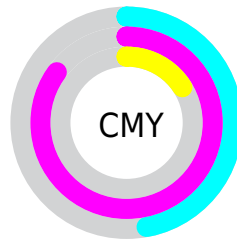
- Red (53%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 37, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 37, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



135, 37, 214



135, 37, 214

255, 255, 255



105, 0, 186



194, 96, 255



75, 0, 158



224, 124, 255



41, 0, 131



255, 152, 255



0, 0, 105



255, 180, 255



0, 0, 80



255, 209, 255



0, 5, 55



255, 238, 255



0, 2, 33



0, 0, 6



0, 0, 0

■ 135, 37, 214

■ 135, 37, 214

■ 125, 16, 214

■ 145, 58, 214

■ 118, 0, 214

■ 154, 80, 214

■ 164, 101, 214

■ 173, 123, 214

■ 183, 144, 214

■ 192, 165, 214

■ 202, 187, 214

■ 211, 208, 214

■ 221, 230, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 95, 255



135, 37, 214



209, 0, 142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 37, 214



150, 74, 0



0, 123, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 37, 214



116, 214, 37

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 121, 45



135, 37, 214



81, 103, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 37, 214



201, 0, 0



0, 116, 0



0, 124, 208

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 37, 214



225, 0, 88



0, 116, 0



0, 123, 104

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 37, 214



227, 191, 255



37, 117, 214



110, 89, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 37, 214



142, 3, 255



214, 37, 205



102, 96, 107



95, 0, 171



24, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 37, 116



255, 3, 115



37, 214, 46



107, 96, 101



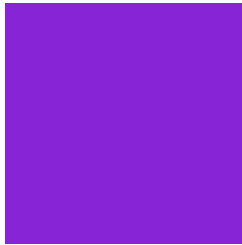
171, 0, 76



43, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 37, 214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

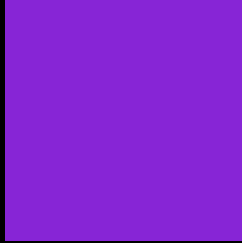
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 37, 214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

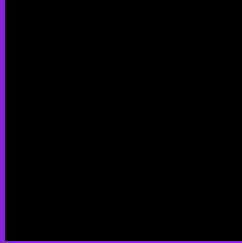
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 37, 214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 37, 214.

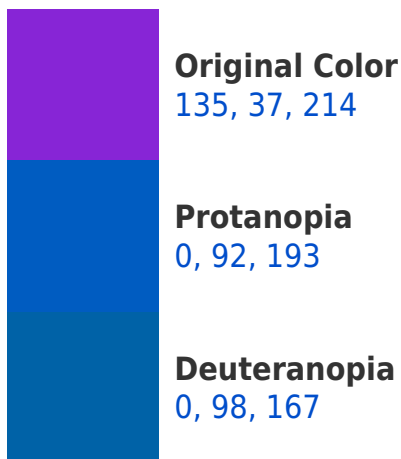


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 37, 214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
111, 89, 96

Trichromacy



Original Color

135, 37, 214



Protanomaly

49, 72, 201



Deuteranomaly

49, 76, 184



Tritanomaly

120, 70, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

135, 37, 214



Achromatopsia

86, 86, 86



Achromatomaly

104, 68, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 37, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 37, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 37, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 37, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 37, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 37, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 37, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 37, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 37, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 37, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 37, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 37,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 37, 214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 37, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 37,  
214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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