

Converting Colors

RGB(135, 78, 130)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(135, 78, 130) contains.

RGB(135, 78, 130)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(135, 78, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	874E82
RGB	135, 78, 130
RGB Percent	53%, 31%, 51%
CMY	0.4706, 0.6941, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.04, 0.47
HSL	305°, 27%, 42%
HSV	305°, 42%, 53%
XYZ	16.7453, 12.2114, 22.5935
YIQ	100.9710, 17.2800, 28.2560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

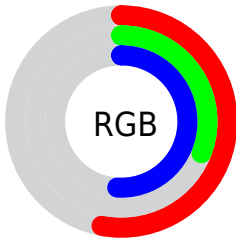
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 78, 130
Decimal	8867458
CIE _{Lab}	41.55, 32.24, -19.18
CIE _{LCh}	42, 37.513, 329.248
Yxy	12.2114, 0.3248, 0.2369
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287057538 (0xFF874E82)
YUV	100.9710, 14.3113, 29.8434
Hunter-Lab	34.9448, 24.3827, -13.8726

Details

The RGB color **135, 78, 130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **78, 135, 83**, and the grayscale version is **101, 101, 101**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189, 129, 183**, and **84, 30, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135, 65, 129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **135, 92, 131**.

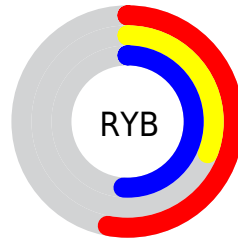
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (31%)

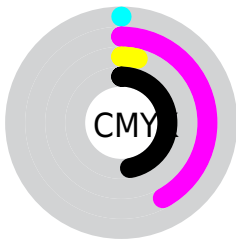
Blue (51%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (51%)

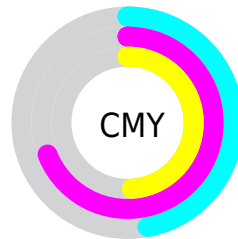


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 135, 78, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 135, 78, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 135, 78, 130

255, 255, 255

■ 189, 129, 183

■ 218, 155, 211

■ 246, 182, 239

■ 255, 210, 255

■ 255, 239, 255

■ 135, 78, 130

■ 109, 54, 105

■ 84, 30, 80

■ 59, 5, 57

■ 39, 0, 36

■ 0, 0, 11

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 135, 78, 130

■ 135, 65, 129

■ 135, 51, 128

■ 135, 78, 130

■ 135, 92, 131

■ 135, 105, 132

135, 38, 126

135, 119, 134

135, 24, 125

135, 132, 135

135, 11, 124

135, 146, 136

135, 0, 123

135, 159, 137

135, 173, 138

135, 186, 139

135, 200, 141

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98, 90, 152



135, 78, 130



153, 71, 100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135, 78, 130



116, 96, 33



0, 113, 127

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135, 78, 130



78, 135, 83

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 113, 96



135, 78, 130



85, 105, 41

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135, 78, 130



140, 85, 45



44, 111, 65



0, 109, 150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135, 78, 130



155, 72, 79



44, 111, 65



0, 113, 117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135, 78, 130



176, 153, 174



83, 78, 135



89, 75, 88



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135, 78, 130



176, 86, 168



135, 78, 102



66, 60, 66



130, 0, 119



3, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135, 78, 130



176, 86, 168



78, 135, 111



66, 60, 66



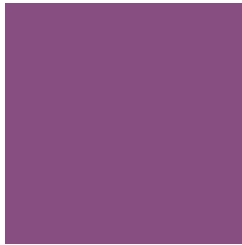
130, 0, 119



3, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 78, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 135, 78, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

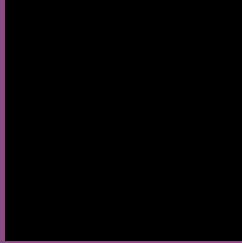
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 135, 78, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 78, 130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 135, 78, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
135, 78, 130

Protanopia
83, 97, 145

Deuteranopia
93, 97, 127



Tritanopia
130, 86, 93

Trichromacy



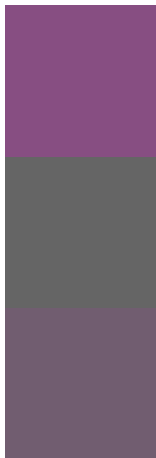
Original Color
135, 78, 130

Protanomaly
102, 90, 140

Deuteranomaly
108, 90, 128

Tritanomaly
132, 83, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color
135, 78, 130

Achromatopsia
101, 101, 101

Achromatomaly
113, 93, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 135, 78, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 78, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 78, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 78, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 78, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 135, 78, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 78, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 78, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 78, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 78, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 78, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 78,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 135, 78, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 78, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 78,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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