

Converting Colors

RGB(136, 103, 115)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(136, 103, 115) contains.

RGB(136, 103, 115)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(136, 103, 115)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	886773
RGB	136, 103, 115
RGB Percent	53%, 40%, 45%
CMY	0.4667, 0.5961, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.15, 0.47
HSL	338°, 14%, 47%
HSV	338°, 24%, 53%
XYZ	18.0981, 16.1725, 18.3874
YIQ	114.2350, 15.8160, 10.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

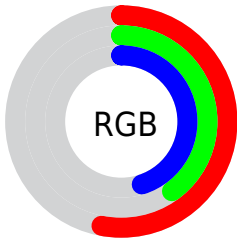
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 103, 115
Decimal	8939379
CIE _{Lab}	47.20, 15.24, -1.58
CIE _{LCh}	47, 15.320, 354.072
Yxy	16.1725, 0.3437, 0.3071
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287129459 (0xFF886773)
YUV	114.2350, 0.3771, 19.0879
Hunter-Lab	40.2151, 9.9544, 1.0416

Details

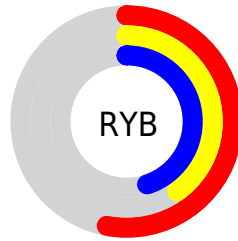
The RGB color **136, 103, 115** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **103, 136, 124**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190, 154, 167**, and **86, 56, 67** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136, 89, 106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 117, 124**.

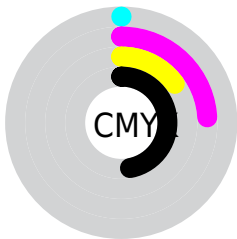
Distribution



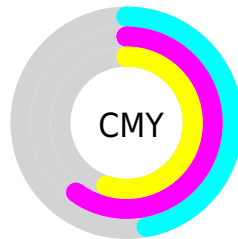
- Red (53%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 136, 103, 115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 136, 103, 115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 136, 103, 115

255, 255, 255

 190, 154, 167

 218, 181, 194


 246, 209, 222


 255, 237, 250

 136, 103, 115

 136, 89, 106

 136, 76, 98

 136, 103, 115

 110, 79, 90

 86, 56, 67


 62, 34, 45


 39, 13, 24

 8, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 136, 103, 115

 136, 117, 124

 136, 130, 132

136, 62, 89

136, 144, 141

136, 49, 80

136, 157, 150

136, 35, 72

136, 171, 158

136, 21, 63

136, 185, 167

136, 8, 54

136, 198, 176

136, 0, 49

136, 212, 184

136, 225, 193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126, 105, 127



136, 103, 115



139, 103, 102

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136, 103, 115



111, 114, 88



80, 117, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136, 103, 115



103, 136, 124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76, 119, 122



136, 103, 115



96, 117, 96

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136, 103, 115



124, 110, 86



83, 119, 109



94, 114, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136, 103, 115



136, 105, 95



83, 119, 109



78, 118, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136, 103, 115



176, 164, 168



124, 103, 136



89, 82, 85



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136, 103, 115



176, 125, 143



136, 107, 103



69, 62, 64



133, 0, 48



5, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136, 103, 115



176, 125, 143



103, 132, 136



69, 62, 64



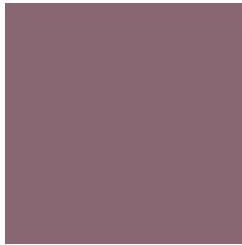
133, 0, 48



5, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 136, 103, 115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

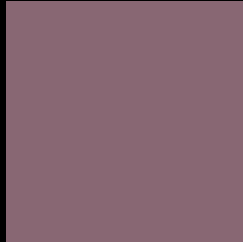
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 136, 103, 115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

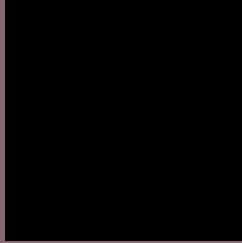
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 136, 103, 115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 136, 103, 115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 136, 103, 115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


136, 103, 115

Protanopia

112, 111, 120

Deuteranopia

122, 109, 114



Tritanopia
136, 104, 112

Trichromacy



Original Color
136, 103, 115

Protanomaly
121, 108, 118

Deuteranomaly
127, 107, 114

Tritanomaly
136, 104, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color
136, 103, 115

Achromatopsia
114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly
122, 110, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 136, 103, 115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(136, 103, 115) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 103, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 103, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 103, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 136, 103, 115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 103, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 103, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 103, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 103, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 103, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 103,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 136, 103, 115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 103, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
103, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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