

Converting Colors

RGB(136, 136, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(136, 136, 108) contains.

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Color

RGB(136, 136, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88886C
RGB	136, 136, 108
RGB Percent	53%, 53%, 42%
CMY	0.4667, 0.4667, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.21, 0.47
HSL	60°, 11%, 48%
HSV	60°, 21%, 53%
XYZ	21.6643, 23.9253, 17.6636
YIQ	132.8080, 8.9880, -8.7080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

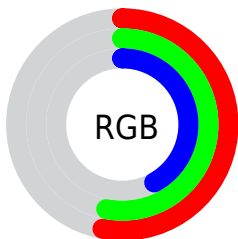
Format	Color
RYB	108, 136, 108
Decimal	8947820
CIELab	56.01, -4.97, 15.08
CIELCh	56, 15.882, 108.255
Yxy	23.9253, 0.3425, 0.3782
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287137900 (0xFF88886C)
YUV	132.8080, -12.2303, 2.7994
Hunter-Lab	48.9135, -6.5391, 12.8287

Details

The RGB color **136, 136, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **108, 108, 136**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190, 189, 160**, and **86, 86, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136, 136, 94**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 136, 122**.

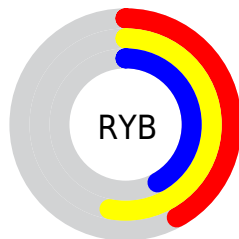
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (53%)

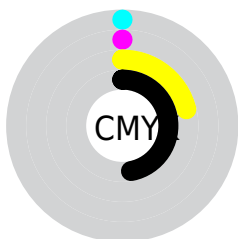
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (42%)

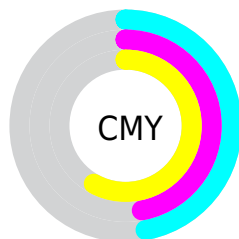


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 136, 136, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 136, 136, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 136, 136, 108

255, 255, 255

 190, 189, 160

 217, 217, 187


 246, 245, 214

 255, 255, 243

 136, 136, 108

 136, 136, 94

 136, 136, 81

 136, 136, 108

 110, 111, 84

 86, 86, 60

 62, 63, 38


 40, 41, 18

 19, 21, 0

 0, 0, 0


 136, 136, 108

 136, 136, 122


 136, 136, 135

 136, 136, 67

 136, 136, 149

 136, 136, 54


 136, 136, 162

 136, 136, 40

 136, 136, 176


 136, 136, 26


 136, 136, 190

 136, 136, 13

 136, 136, 203

 136, 136, 0

 136, 136, 217

 136, 136, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150, 131, 108



136, 136, 108



120, 140, 116

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136, 136, 108



99, 141, 154



159, 125, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136, 136, 108



108, 108, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147, 128, 153



136, 136, 108



112, 137, 161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136, 136, 108



97, 142, 142



130, 133, 160



163, 125, 126

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136, 136, 108



110, 141, 124



130, 133, 160



155, 126, 145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136, 136, 108



176, 176, 165



136, 108, 108



89, 89, 83



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136, 136, 108



176, 176, 132



122, 136, 108



69, 69, 62



133, 133, 0



5, 5, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108, 108, 136



132, 132, 176



122, 108, 136



62, 62, 69



0, 0, 133



0, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 136, 136, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

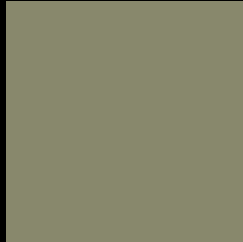
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 136, 136, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

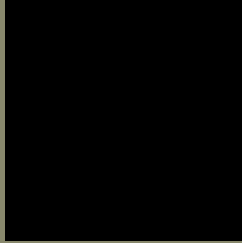
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 136, 136, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 136, 136, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 136, 136, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

136, 136, 108

Protanopia

143, 134, 107

Deuteranopia

156, 129, 109



Tritanopia
140, 131, 142

Trichromacy



Original Color

136, 136, 108

Protanomaly

140, 135, 107

Deuteranomaly

149, 132, 109

Tritanomaly

139, 133, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color

136, 136, 108

Achromatopsia

133, 133, 133

Achromatomaly

134, 134, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 136, 136, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 136, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 136, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 136, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 136, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 136, 136, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 136, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 136, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 136, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 136, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 136, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 136,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 136, 136, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 136, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
136, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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