

Converting Colors

RGB(136, 203, 221)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(136, 203, 221) contains.

RGB(136, 203, 221)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(136, 203, 221)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88CBDD
RGB	136, 203, 221
RGB Percent	53%, 80%, 87%
CMY	0.4667, 0.2039, 0.1333
CMYK	0.38, 0.08, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	193°, 56%, 70%
HSV	193°, 38%, 87%
XYZ	44.5604, 53.1666, 76.3202
YIQ	185.0190, -45.7100, -8.6060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

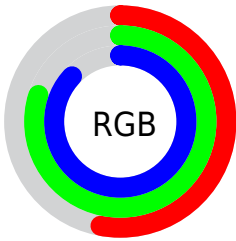
Format	Color
RYB	136, 173, 221
Decimal	8965085
CIELab	77.97, -16.63, -15.64
CIELCh	78, 22.829, 223.234
Yxy	53.1666, 0.2560, 0.3055
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287155165 (0xFF88CBDD)
YUV	185.0190, 17.7386, -42.9897
Hunter-Lab	72.9154, -18.5162, -11.0178

Details

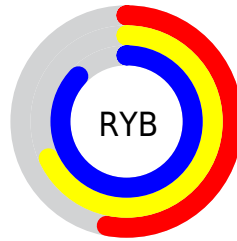
The RGB color **136, 203, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **221, 154, 136**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192, 255, 255**, and **81, 149, 166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **114, 198, 221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158, 208, 221**.

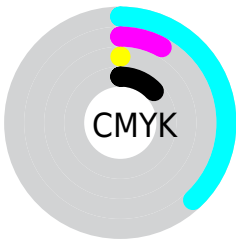
Distribution



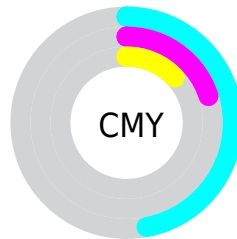
- Red (53%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 136, 203, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 136, 203, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 136, 203, 221


255, 255, 255


 192, 255, 255


 221, 255, 255

 251, 255, 255

 136, 203, 221

 108, 176, 193

 81, 149, 166

 53, 123, 140

 19, 98, 114

 0, 74, 90

 0, 51, 66

 0, 31, 44

 0, 1, 24

 0, 0, 0

■ 136, 203, 221

■ 136, 203, 221

■ 114, 198, 221

■ 158, 208, 221

■ 92, 194, 221

■ 180, 212, 221

■ 70, 189, 221

■ 202, 217, 221

■ 48, 184, 221

■ 224, 222, 221

■ 25, 180, 221

■ 247, 226, 221

■ 3, 175, 221

■ 255, 231, 221

■ 0, 174, 221

■ 255, 236, 221

■ 255, 240, 221

■ 255, 245, 221

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136, 205, 202



136, 203, 221



153, 198, 233

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136, 203, 221



228, 179, 206



199, 194, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136, 203, 221



221, 154, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



220, 187, 153



136, 203, 221



237, 178, 184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136, 203, 221



208, 184, 224



233, 181, 165



175, 200, 161

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136, 203, 221



171, 194, 235



233, 181, 165



207, 192, 151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136, 203, 221



224, 249, 255



136, 221, 153



110, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



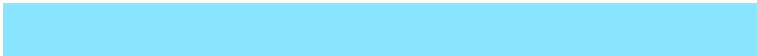
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136, 203, 221



138, 230, 255



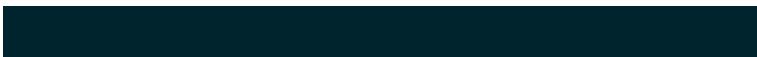
136, 161, 221



99, 107, 110



0, 137, 173



0, 36, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 136, 203



255, 138, 230



221, 196, 136



110, 99, 107



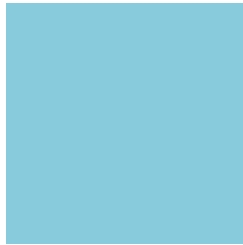
173, 0, 137



46, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 136, 203, 221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

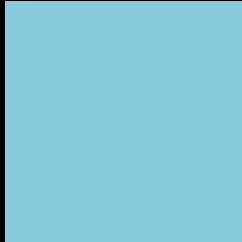
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 136, 203, 221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 136, 203, 221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 136, 203, 221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 136, 203, 221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
136, 203, 220

Trichromacy



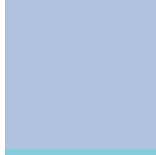
Original Color

136, 203, 221



Protanomaly

170, 195, 216



Deuteranomaly

174, 193, 223



Tritanomaly

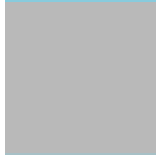
136, 203, 220

Monochromacy



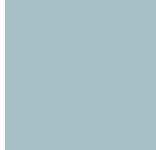
Original Color

136, 203, 221



Achromatopsia

185, 185, 185



Achromatomaly

167, 192, 198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 136, 203, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 203, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 203, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 203, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 203, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 136, 203, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 203, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 203, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 203, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 203, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 203, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 203,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 136, 203, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 203, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
203, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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