

Converting Colors

RGB(137, 119, 175)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(137, 119, 175) contains.

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Color

RGB(137, 119, 175)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8977AF
RGB	137, 119, 175
RGB Percent	54%, 47%, 69%
CMY	0.4627, 0.5333, 0.3137
CMYK	0.22, 0.32, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	259°, 26%, 58%
HSV	259°, 32%, 69%
XYZ	24.6512, 21.6072, 43.4288
YIQ	130.7660, -7.2480, 21.2320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

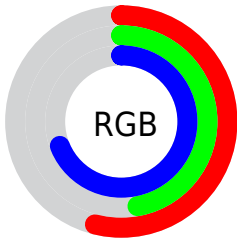
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 119, 175
Decimal	9009071
CIE _{Lab}	53.61, 18.83, -27.21
CIE _{LCh}	54, 33.088, 304.686
Yxy	21.6072, 0.2749, 0.2409
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287199151 (0xFF8977AF)
YUV	130.7660, 21.8074, 5.4672
Hunter-Lab	46.4835, 13.3163, -22.8552

Details

The RGB color `137, 119, 175` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `157, 175, 119`, and the grayscale version is `131, 131, 131`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `191, 171, 231`, and `86, 70, 122` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `125, 102, 175`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `149, 137, 175`.

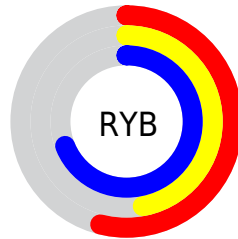
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (47%)

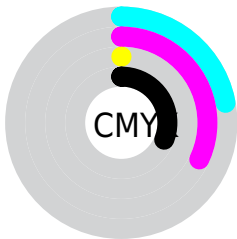
Blue (69%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (69%)

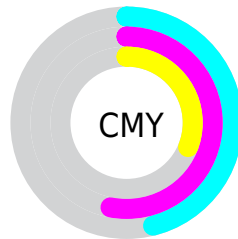


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 137, 119, 175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 137, 119, 175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 137, 119, 175

255, 255, 255

■ 191, 171, 231

■ 219, 199, 255

■ 248, 227, 255

■ 137, 119, 175

■ 111, 94, 148

■ 86, 70, 122

■ 62, 48, 97

■ 38, 27, 73

■ 17, 2, 50

■ 0, 2, 29


■ 0, 0, 0


■ 137, 119, 175


■ 125, 102, 175


■ 137, 119, 175

■ 149, 137, 175

 113, 84, 175

 161, 154, 175

 101, 67, 175

 173, 171, 175

 89, 49, 175

 185, 189, 175

 78, 32, 175

 196, 207, 175

 66, 14, 175

 208, 224, 175

 56, 0, 175

 220, 242, 175

 232, 255, 175

 244, 255, 175

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93, 129, 185



137, 119, 175



168, 109, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137, 119, 175



166, 118, 77



28, 143, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137, 119, 175



157, 175, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76, 141, 103



137, 119, 175



142, 128, 70

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137, 119, 175



181, 109, 97



112, 136, 80



0, 142, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137, 119, 175



179, 106, 134



112, 136, 80



47, 143, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137, 119, 175



212, 204, 227



119, 157, 175



105, 101, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137, 119, 175



168, 141, 227



165, 119, 175



81, 78, 87



48, 0, 150



7, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175, 119, 157



227, 141, 199



129, 175, 119



87, 78, 84



150, 0, 102



23, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 119, 175 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 119, 175 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

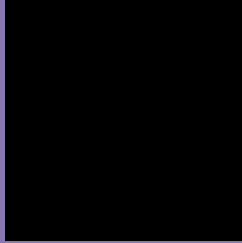
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 137, 119, 175 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 119, 175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 119, 175.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[137, 119, 175](#)

Protanopia
[111, 126, 181](#)

Deuteranopia
[115, 126, 174](#)



Tritanopia
130, 127, 137

Trichromacy



Original Color
137, 119, 175

Protanomaly
120, 123, 179

Deuteranomaly
123, 123, 174

Tritanomaly
133, 124, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color
137, 119, 175

Achromatopsia
131, 131, 131

Achromatomaly
133, 127, 147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 137, 119, 175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 119, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 119, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 119, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 119, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 137, 119, 175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 119, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 119, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 119, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 119, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 119, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 119,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 137, 119, 175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 119, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
119, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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