

Converting Colors

RGB(137, 134, 139)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(137, 134, 139) contains.

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Color

RGB(137, 134, 139)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89868B
RGB	137, 134, 139
RGB Percent	54%, 53%, 55%
CMY	0.4627, 0.4745, 0.4549
CMYK	0.01, 0.04, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	276°, 2%, 54%
HSV	276°, 4%, 55%
XYZ	23.5018, 24.2326, 27.8648
YIQ	135.4670, 0.1830, 2.1910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

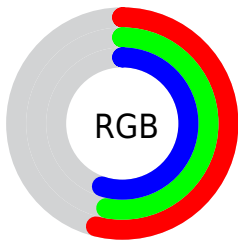
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 134, 139
Decimal	9012875
CIE Lab	56.32, 2.10, -2.29
CIE LCh	56, 3.108, 312.590
Yxy	24.2326, 0.3109, 0.3205
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287202955 (0xFF89868B)
YUV	135.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444
Hunter-Lab	49.2267, -0.9271, 0.8975

Details

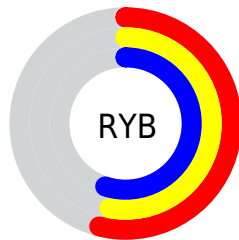
The RGB color **137, 134, 139** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **136, 139, 134**, and the grayscale version is **135, 135, 135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190, 187, 192**, and **87, 84, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 120, 139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 148, 139**.

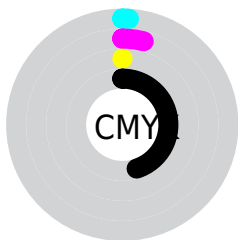
Distribution



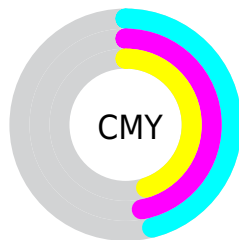
- Red (54%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 137, 134, 139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 137, 134, 139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 137, 134, 139

255, 255, 255

■ 190, 187, 192

■ 218, 215, 220

■ 247, 243, 249

■ 137, 134, 139

■ 112, 109, 114

■ 87, 84, 89

■ 64, 61, 66

■ 42, 40, 44

■ 22, 19, 23

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 137, 134, 139

■ 131, 120, 139

■ 126, 106, 139

■ 137, 134, 139

■ 143, 148, 139

■ 148, 162, 139

■ 120, 92, 139

■ 154, 176, 139

■ 115, 78, 139

■ 159, 190, 139

■ 109, 65, 139

■ 165, 204, 139

■ 104, 51, 139

■ 170, 217, 139

■ 98, 37, 139

■ 176, 231, 139

■ 93, 23, 139

■ 181, 245, 139

■ 87, 9, 139

■ 187, 255, 139

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134, 135, 140



137, 134, 139



140, 133, 137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137, 134, 139



139, 134, 130



129, 137, 136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137, 134, 139



136, 139, 134

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130, 137, 133



137, 134, 139



136, 135, 130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137, 134, 139



141, 134, 131



133, 136, 131



129, 136, 139

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137, 134, 139



141, 133, 135



133, 136, 131



129, 137, 135

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137, 134, 139



180, 179, 181



134, 136, 139



91, 91, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137, 134, 139



178, 174, 181



139, 134, 139



67, 65, 69



80, 0, 133



3, 0, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139, 134, 136



181, 174, 177



134, 139, 135



69, 65, 67



133, 0, 53



5, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 134, 139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 134, 139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

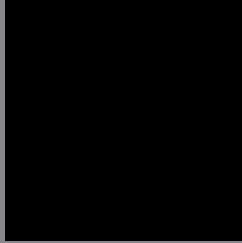
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

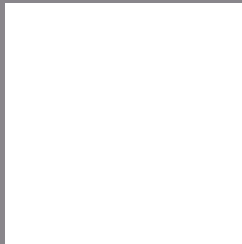
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 137, 134, 139 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 134, 139.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 134, 139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
[137](#), [134](#), [139](#)

Protanopia
[136](#), [134](#), [139](#)

Deuteranopia
[146](#), [131](#), [140](#)



Tritanopia
138, 133, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color

137, 134, 139

Protanomaly

136, 134, 139

Deuteranomaly

143, 132, 140

Tritanomaly

138, 133, 142

Monochromacy



Original Color

137, 134, 139

Achromatopsia

135, 135, 135

Achromatomaly

136, 135, 136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 137, 134, 139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(137, 134, 139) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 134, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 134, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 134, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 137, 134, 139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 134, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 134, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 134, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 134, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 134, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 134,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 137, 134, 139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 134, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
134, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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