

Converting Colors

RGB(137, 136, 177)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(137, 136, 177) contains.

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Color

RGB(137, 136, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8988B1
RGB	137, 136, 177
RGB Percent	54%, 53%, 69%
CMY	0.4627, 0.4667, 0.3059
CMYK	0.23, 0.23, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	241°, 21%, 61%
HSV	241°, 23%, 69%
XYZ	27.0565, 26.1010, 45.2069
YIQ	140.9730, -12.5650, 12.9630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

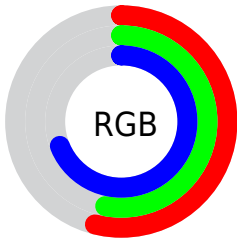
Format	Color
RYB	137, 136, 177
Decimal	9013425
CIELab	58.13, 9.38, -21.39
CIElCh	58, 23.353, 293.669
Yxy	26.1010, 0.2751, 0.2654
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287203505 (0xFF8988B1)
YUV	140.9730, 17.7613, -3.4843
Hunter-Lab	51.0891, 5.1265, -16.7012

Details

The RGB color **137, 136, 177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **176, 177, 136**, and the grayscale version is **141, 141, 141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **191, 189, 233**, and **86, 86, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120, 118, 177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154, 154, 177**.

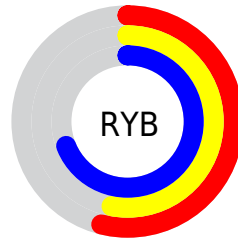
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (53%)

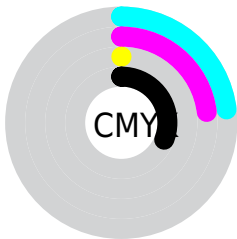
Blue (69%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (69%)

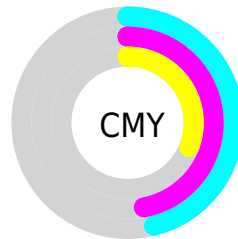


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 137, 136, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 137, 136, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 137, 136, 177

255, 255, 255

■ 191, 189, 233

■ 219, 217, 255

■ 248, 245, 255

■ 137, 136, 177

■ 111, 111, 150

■ 86, 86, 124

■ 62, 63, 99

■ 39, 41, 75

■ 16, 21, 52

■ 0, 1, 31

■ 0, 0, 2

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 137, 136, 177

■ 137, 136, 177

■ 120, 118, 177

■ 154, 154, 177

■ 102, 101, 177

■ 172, 171, 177

■ 85, 83, 177

■ 189, 189, 177

■ 68, 65, 177

■ 206, 207, 177

■ 51, 48, 177

■ 223, 225, 177

■ 33, 30, 177

■ 241, 242, 177

■ 16, 12, 177

■ 255, 255, 177

■ 4, 0, 177

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108, 143, 180



137, 136, 177



162, 129, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137, 136, 177



174, 130, 108



92, 151, 135

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137, 136, 177



176, 177, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 148, 115



137, 136, 177



159, 137, 99

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137, 136, 177



181, 126, 124



138, 143, 102



78, 151, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137, 136, 177



173, 126, 152



138, 143, 102



99, 150, 128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137, 136, 177



214, 213, 230



136, 176, 177



106, 106, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137, 136, 177



167, 165, 230



157, 136, 177



81, 80, 89



4, 0, 153



1, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 136, 176



230, 165, 228



156, 177, 136



89, 80, 89



153, 0, 149



26, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 136, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

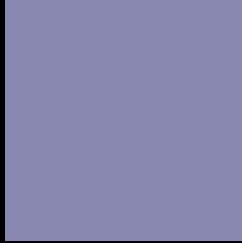
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 136, 177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

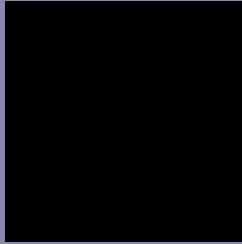
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 137, 136, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 136, 177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 136, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

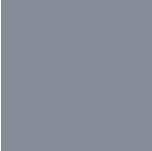
Dichromacy



Original Color
[137, 136, 177](#)

Protanopia
[129, 138, 179](#)

Deuteranopia
[134, 137, 177](#)



Tritanopia
132, 141, 152

Trichromacy



Original Color
137, 136, 177

Protanomaly
132, 137, 178

Deuteranomaly
135, 137, 177

Tritanomaly
134, 139, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color
137, 136, 177

Achromatopsia
141, 141, 141

Achromatomaly
140, 139, 154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 137, 136, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 136, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 136, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 136, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 136, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 137, 136, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

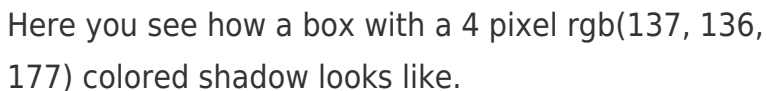
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 136, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 136, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 136, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 136, 177); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 136, 177); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 136, 177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 137, 136, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 136, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
136, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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