

Converting Colors

RGB(137, 159, 207)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(137, 159, 207) contains.

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Color

RGB(137, 159, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	899FCF
RGB	137, 159, 207
RGB Percent	54%, 62%, 81%
CMY	0.4627, 0.3765, 0.1882
CMYK	0.34, 0.23, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	221°, 42%, 67%
HSV	221°, 34%, 81%
XYZ	33.9771, 34.6196, 63.9230
YIQ	157.8940, -28.5200, 10.2640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

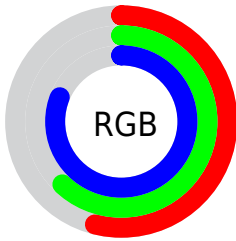
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 154, 207
Decimal	9019343
CIE _{Lab}	65.45, 3.77, -27.03
CIE _{LCh}	65, 27.295, 277.945
Yxy	34.6196, 0.2564, 0.2612
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287209423 (0xFF899FCF)
YUV	157.8940, 24.2093, -18.3240
Hunter-Lab	58.8385, 0.1102, -23.2266

Details

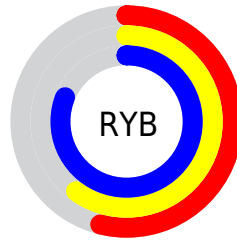
The RGB color **137, 159, 207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **207, 185, 137**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192, 214, 255**, and **84, 108, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116, 145, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158, 173, 207**.

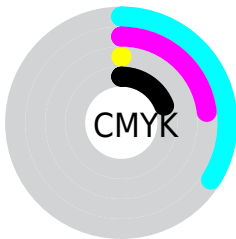
Distribution



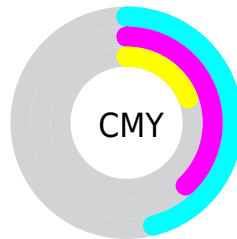
- Red (54%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 137, 159, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 137, 159, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 137, 159, 207


255, 255, 255


 192, 214, 255

 220, 242, 255

 249, 255, 255

 137, 159, 207


 110, 133, 179

 84, 108, 152

 59, 84, 126

 32, 61, 101

 0, 39, 77

 0, 19, 54

 0, 2, 32

 0, 0, 5

 0, 0, 0

■ 137, 159, 207

■ 137, 159, 207

■ 116, 145, 207

■ 158, 173, 207

■ 96, 131, 207

■ 178, 187, 207

■ 75, 116, 207

■ 199, 202, 207

■ 54, 102, 207

■ 220, 216, 207

■ 33, 88, 207

■ 241, 230, 207

■ 13, 74, 207

■ 255, 244, 207

■ 0, 65, 207

■ 255, 255, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103, 166, 204



137, 159, 207



171, 150, 198

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137, 159, 207



206, 144, 130



115, 171, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137, 159, 207



207, 185, 137

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143, 166, 120



137, 159, 207



192, 151, 114

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137, 159, 207



207, 141, 153



170, 159, 110



90, 173, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137, 159, 207



189, 145, 185



170, 159, 110



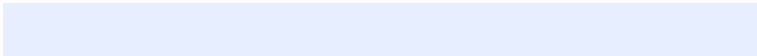
124, 170, 132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137, 159, 207



230, 238, 255



137, 207, 185



112, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137, 159, 207



150, 183, 255



150, 137, 207



94, 97, 105



0, 53, 168



0, 13, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 137, 159



255, 150, 183



194, 207, 137



105, 94, 97



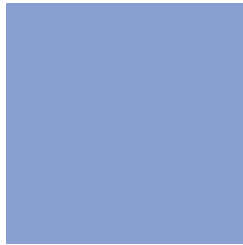
168, 0, 53



41, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 159, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

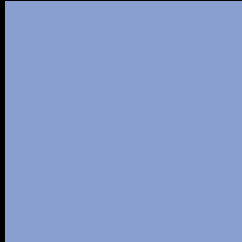
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 159, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

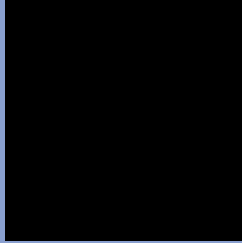
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

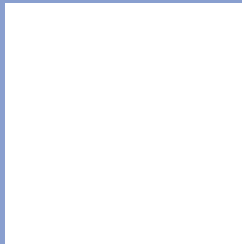
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 137, 159, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 159, 207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 159, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
137, 159, 207

Protanopia
146, 157, 205

Deuteranopia
147, 156, 208



Tritanopia
130, 164, 178

Trichromacy



Original Color
137, 159, 207

Protanomaly
143, 158, 206

Deuteranomaly
143, 157, 208

Tritanomaly
133, 162, 189

Monochromacy



Original Color
137, 159, 207

Achromatopsia
158, 158, 158

Achromatomaly
150, 158, 176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 137, 159, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 159, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 159, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 159, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 159, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 137, 159, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 159, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 159, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 159, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 159, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 159, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 159,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 137, 159, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 159, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
159, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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