

Converting Colors

RGB(137, 173, 252)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(137, 173, 252) contains.

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Color

RGB(137, 173, 252)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89ADFC
RGB	137, 173, 252
RGB Percent	54%, 68%, 99%
CMY	0.4627, 0.3216, 0.0118
CMYK	0.46, 0.31, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	221°, 95%, 76%
HSV	221°, 46%, 99%
XYZ	42.8308, 42.2338, 97.9900
YIQ	171.2420, -46.8150, 16.9370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

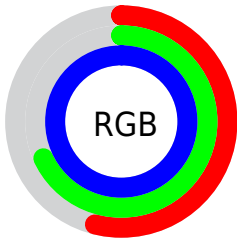
Format	Color
R _Y B	137, 164, 252
Decimal	9022972
CIE Lab	71.03, 8.20, -43.04
CIE LCh	71, 43.813, 280.781
Yxy	42.2338, 0.2340, 0.2307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287213052 (0xFF89ADFC)
YUV	171.2420, 39.8137, -30.0302
Hunter-Lab	64.9875, 3.9143, -43.9078

Details

The RGB color **137, 173, 252** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **252, 216, 137**, and the grayscale version is **171, 171, 171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195, 228, 255**, and **79, 121, 195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112, 156, 252**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162, 190, 252**.

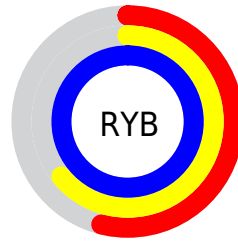
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (68%)

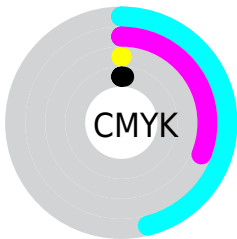
Blue (99%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (99%)

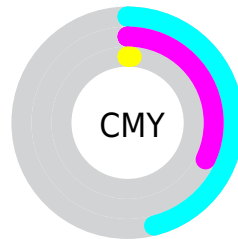


Cyan (46%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (46%)


Magenta (32%)

Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 137, 173, 252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 137, 173, 252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 137, 173, 252


255, 255, 255


 195, 228, 255

 224, 255, 255

254, 255, 255

 137, 173, 252

 108, 147, 223

 79, 121, 195

 48, 96, 168

 0, 73, 141

 0, 51, 115

 0, 31, 90

 0, 4, 66

 0, 3, 43

 0, 1, 21

■ 137, 173, 252

■ 137, 173, 252

■ 112, 156, 252

■ 162, 190, 252

■ 87, 138, 252

■ 187, 208, 252

■ 61, 121, 252

■ 213, 225, 252

■ 36, 104, 252

■ 238, 242, 252

■ 11, 86, 252

255, 255, 252

■ 0, 79, 252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49, 185, 248



137, 173, 252



196, 158, 234

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137, 173, 252



244, 149, 124



88, 193, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137, 173, 252



252, 216, 137

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141, 187, 112



137, 173, 252



221, 163, 99

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137, 173, 252



250, 142, 161



185, 176, 94



0, 195, 187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137, 173, 252



225, 149, 213



185, 176, 94



107, 191, 134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137, 173, 252



219, 230, 255



137, 252, 216



106, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137, 173, 252



115, 159, 255



158, 137, 252



112, 116, 125



0, 59, 189



0, 19, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



252, 137, 173



255, 115, 159



231, 252, 137



125, 112, 116



189, 0, 59



61, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 173, 252 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

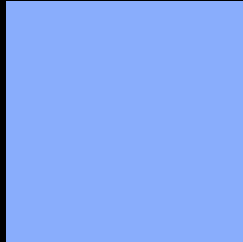
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 173, 252 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

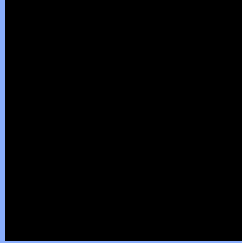
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

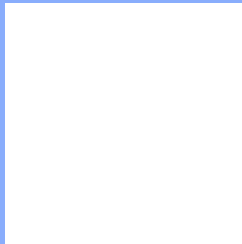
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 137, 173, 252 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 173, 252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 173, 252.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

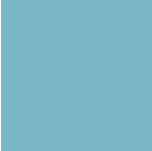
Dichromacy



Original Color
137, 173, 252

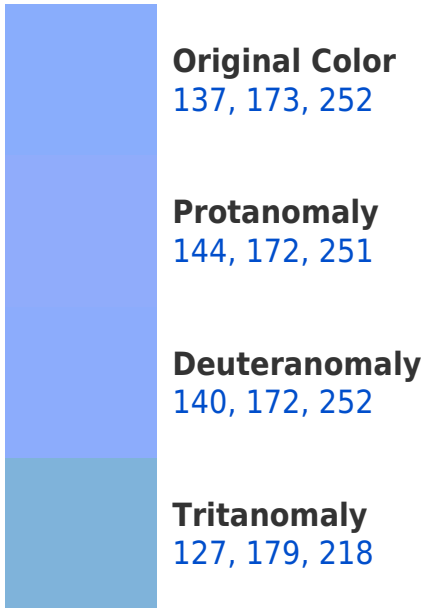
Protanopia
148, 171, 250

Deuteranopia
141, 172, 252

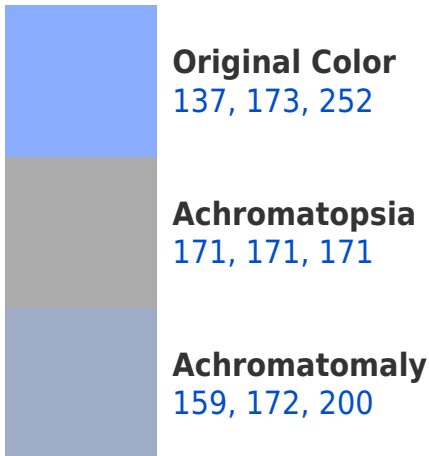


Tritanopia
122, 183, 198

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 137, 173, 252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 173, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 173, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 173, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 173, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 137, 173, 252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 173, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 173, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 173, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 173, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 173, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 173,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 137, 173, 252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 173, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
173, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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