

Converting Colors

RGB(137, 184, 231)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(137, 184, 231) contains.

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Color

RGB(137, 184, 231)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89B8E7
RGB	137, 184, 231
RGB Percent	54%, 72%, 91%
CMY	0.4627, 0.2784, 0.0941
CMYK	0.41, 0.20, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	210°, 66%, 72%
HSV	210°, 41%, 91%
XYZ	41.8808, 45.3689, 82.1510
YIQ	175.3050, -43.0990, 4.6530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

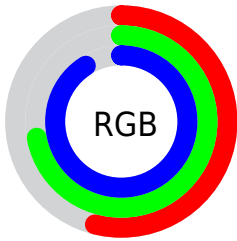
Format	Color
R _Y B	137, 168, 231
Decimal	9025767
CIE Lab	73.13, -3.72, -28.39
CIE LCh	73, 28.637, 262.533
Yxy	45.3689, 0.2472, 0.2678
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287215847 (0xFF89B8E7)
YUV	175.3050, 27.4576, -33.5935
Hunter-Lab	67.3564, -6.8861, -25.1634

Details

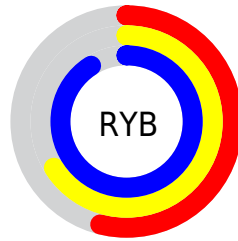
The RGB color **137, 184, 231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **231, 184, 137**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 240, 255**, and **82, 131, 175** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **114, 172, 231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **160, 196, 231**.

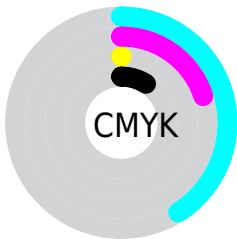
Distribution



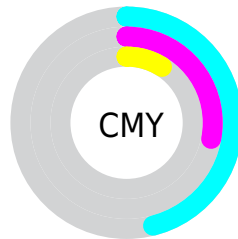
- Red (54%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 137, 184, 231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 137, 184, 231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 137, 184, 231


255, 255, 255


 193, 240, 255


 222, 255, 255


 252, 255, 255

 137, 184, 231

 109, 157, 203


 82, 131, 175

 54, 106, 148

 20, 82, 123

 0, 59, 97

 0, 38, 73

 0, 17, 51

 0, 2, 29

 0, 0, 0

■ 137, 184, 231

■ 137, 184, 231

■ 114, 172, 231

■ 160, 196, 231

■ 91, 161, 231

■ 183, 207, 231

■ 68, 149, 231

■ 206, 219, 231

■ 45, 138, 231

■ 229, 230, 231

■ 22, 126, 231

■ 253, 242, 231

■ 0, 116, 231

■ 255, 253, 231

■ 255, 255, 231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



107, 191, 220



137, 184, 231



175, 175, 228

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137, 184, 231



233, 161, 161



148, 190, 147

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137, 184, 231



231, 184, 137

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



178, 184, 131



137, 184, 231



224, 167, 139

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137, 184, 231



227, 161, 187



205, 176, 128



119, 194, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137, 184, 231



197, 169, 218



205, 176, 128



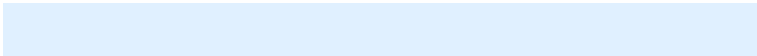
158, 189, 140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137, 184, 231



224, 240, 255



137, 231, 184



110, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



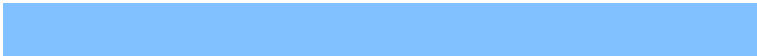
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137, 184, 231



130, 193, 255



137, 137, 231



103, 109, 115



0, 89, 179



0, 26, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



231, 137, 184



255, 130, 193



231, 231, 137



115, 103, 109



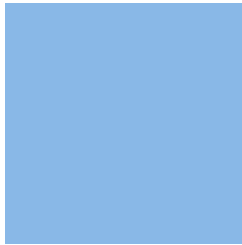
179, 0, 89



51, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 184, 231 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

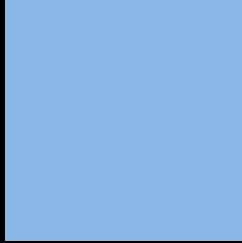
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 184, 231 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 137, 184, 231 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 184, 231.



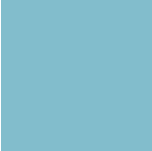
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 184, 231.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
130, 189, 204

Trichromacy



Original Color
137, 184, 231

Protanomaly
156, 180, 228

Deuteranomaly
156, 179, 232

Tritanomaly
133, 187, 214

Monochromacy



Original Color
137, 184, 231

Achromatopsia
175, 175, 175

Achromatomaly
161, 178, 195

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 137, 184, 231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 184, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 184, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 184, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 184, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 137, 184, 231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 184, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 184, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 184, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 184, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 184, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 184,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 137, 184, 231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 184, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
184, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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