

Converting Colors

RGB(137, 202, 204)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(137, 202, 204) contains.

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Color

RGB(137, 202, 204)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89CACC
RGB	137, 202, 204
RGB Percent	54%, 79%, 80%
CMY	0.4627, 0.2078, 0.2000
CMYK	0.33, 0.01, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	182°, 40%, 67%
HSV	182°, 33%, 80%
XYZ	42.3361, 51.9191, 64.9168
YIQ	182.7930, -39.3820, -13.1580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

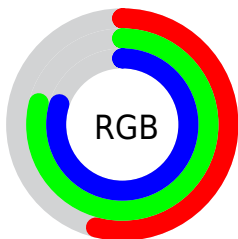
Format	Color
RYB	137, 170, 204
Decimal	9030348
CIELab	77.23, -20.01, -7.58
CIElCh	77, 21.402, 200.757
Yxy	51.9191, 0.2660, 0.3262
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287220428 (0xFF89CACC)
YUV	182.7930, 10.4551, -40.1605
Hunter-Lab	72.0549, -21.2176, -2.9780

Details

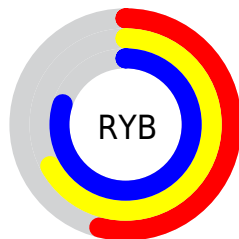
The RGB color **137, 202, 204** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **204, 139, 137**, and the grayscale version is **183, 183, 183**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 255, 255**, and **83, 148, 150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117, 201, 204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157, 203, 204**.

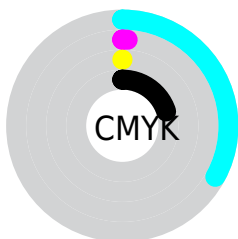
Distribution



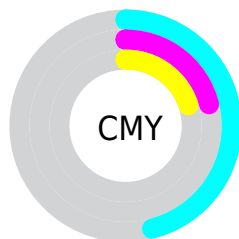
- Red (54%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 137, 202, 204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 137, 202, 204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 137, 202, 204


255, 255, 255


 193, 255, 255


 221, 255, 255

 250, 255, 255

 137, 202, 204

 110, 175, 177

 83, 148, 150

 57, 122, 124

 27, 97, 99

 0, 73, 75

 0, 50, 53

 0, 30, 32

 0, 0, 7

 0, 0, 0

■ 137, 202, 204

■ 137, 202, 204

■ 117, 201, 204

■ 157, 203, 204

■ 96, 201, 204

■ 178, 203, 204

■ 76, 200, 204

■ 198, 204, 204

■ 55, 200, 204

■ 219, 204, 204

■ 35, 199, 204

■ 239, 205, 204

■ 15, 198, 204

■ 255, 206, 204

■ 0, 198, 204

■ 255, 206, 204

■ 255, 207, 204

■ 255, 207, 204

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



148, 202, 184



137, 202, 204



141, 199, 221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137, 202, 204



211, 181, 216



212, 187, 152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137, 202, 204



204, 139, 137

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



227, 181, 161



137, 202, 204



227, 177, 198

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137, 202, 204



186, 188, 228



232, 177, 178



191, 194, 154

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137, 202, 204



152, 196, 228



232, 177, 178



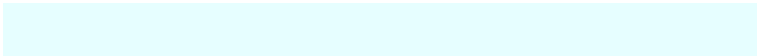
218, 185, 154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137, 202, 204



230, 254, 255



137, 204, 138



112, 127, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137, 202, 204



156, 252, 255



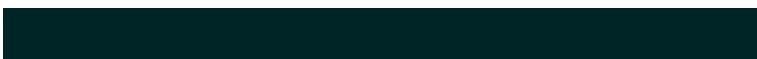
137, 169, 204



92, 102, 102



0, 161, 166



0, 37, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 137, 202



255, 156, 252



204, 172, 137



102, 92, 102



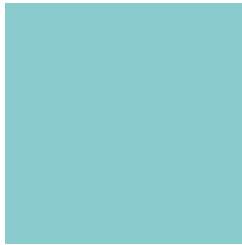
166, 0, 161



38, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 202, 204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

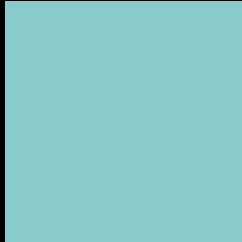
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 202, 204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

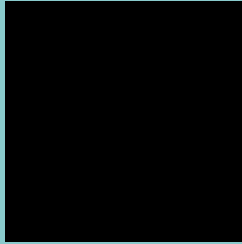
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 137, 202, 204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 202, 204.

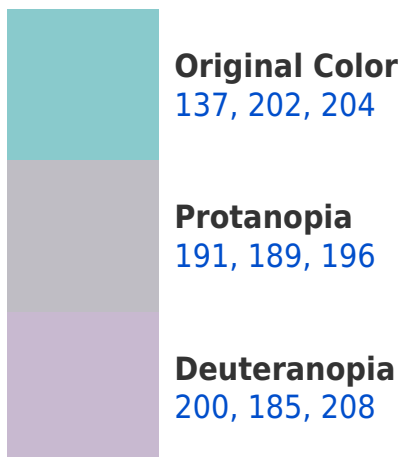


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 202, 204.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





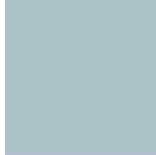
Tritanopia
140, 200, 216

Trichromacy



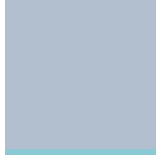
Original Color

137, 202, 204



Protanomaly

171, 194, 199



Deuteranomaly

177, 191, 207



Tritanomaly

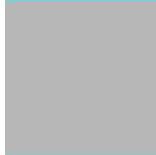
139, 201, 212

Monochromacy



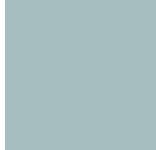
Original Color

137, 202, 204



Achromatopsia

183, 183, 183



Achromatomaly

166, 190, 191

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 137, 202, 204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 202, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 202, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 202, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 202, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 137, 202, 204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 202, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 202, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 202, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 202, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 202, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 202,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 137, 202, 204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 202, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
202, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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