

Converting Colors

RGB(137, 210, 220)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(137, 210, 220) contains.

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Color

RGB(137, 210, 220)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89D2DC
RGB	137, 210, 220
RGB Percent	54%, 82%, 86%
CMY	0.4627, 0.1765, 0.1373
CMYK	0.38, 0.05, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	187°, 54%, 70%
HSV	187°, 38%, 86%
XYZ	46.2814, 56.5789, 76.1917
YIQ	189.3130, -46.7180, -12.3660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

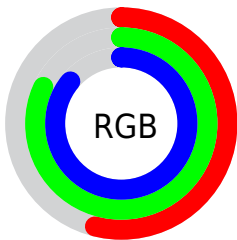
Format	Color
RYB	137, 176, 220
Decimal	9032412
CIELab	79.94, -20.18, -12.14
CIELCh	80, 23.553, 211.035
Yxy	56.5789, 0.2585, 0.3160
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287222492 (0xFF89D2DC)
YUV	189.3130, 15.1287, -45.8785
Hunter-Lab	75.2189, -21.8040, -7.4035

Details

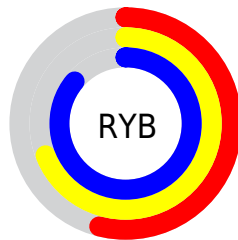
The RGB color **137, 210, 220** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **220, 147, 137**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 255, 255**, and **82, 155, 165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115, 207, 220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 213, 220**.

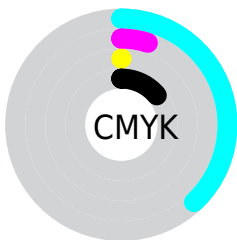
Distribution



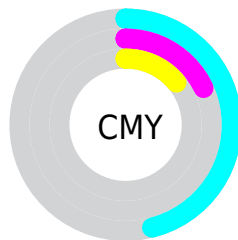
- Red (54%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 137, 210, 220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 137, 210, 220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 137, 210, 220

 137, 210, 220


255, 255, 255

 109, 182, 192

 193, 255, 255


 82, 155, 165

 222, 255, 255

 53, 129, 139

 252, 255, 255

 19, 104, 113

 0, 80, 89

 0, 56, 65

 0, 35, 43

 0, 1, 24

 0, 0, 0

■ 137, 210, 220

■ 137, 210, 220

■ 115, 207, 220

■ 159, 213, 220

■ 93, 205, 220

■ 181, 215, 220

■ 71, 202, 220

■ 203, 218, 220

■ 49, 199, 220

■ 225, 221, 220

■ 27, 197, 220

■ 247, 223, 220

■ 5, 194, 220

■ 255, 226, 220

■ 0, 193, 220

■ 255, 229, 220

■ 255, 231, 220

■ 255, 234, 220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145, 211, 198



137, 210, 220



148, 206, 236

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137, 210, 220



227, 186, 220



214, 197, 154

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137, 210, 220



220, 147, 137

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



233, 190, 160



137, 210, 220



241, 183, 198

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137, 210, 220



203, 192, 236



243, 184, 177



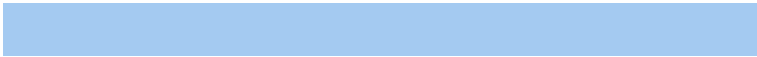
190, 204, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137, 210, 220



164, 202, 241



243, 184, 177



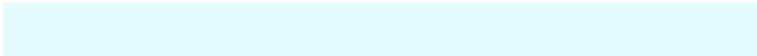
221, 194, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137, 210, 220



227, 252, 255



137, 220, 147



111, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137, 210, 220



140, 241, 255



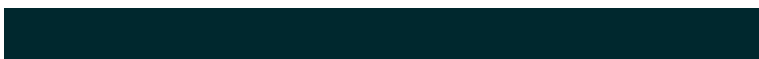
137, 169, 220



99, 108, 110



0, 153, 173



0, 40, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220, 137, 210



255, 140, 241



220, 188, 137



110, 99, 108



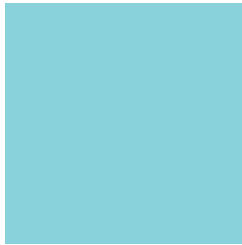
173, 0, 153



46, 0, 40

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 210, 220 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

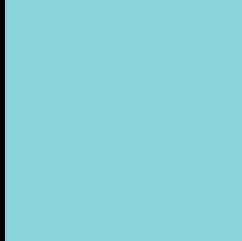
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 210, 220 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

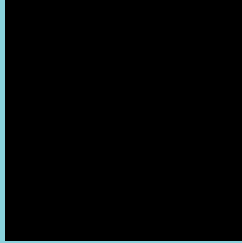
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 137, 210, 220 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 210, 220.

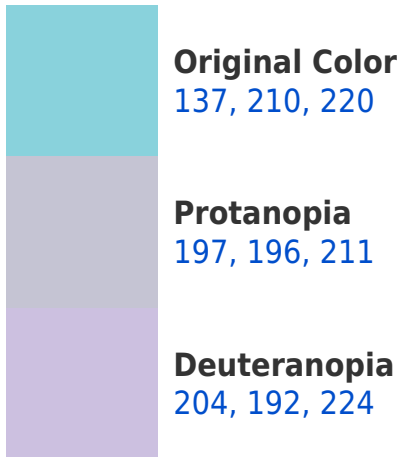


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 210, 220.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
139, 209, 226

Trichromacy



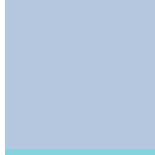
Original Color

137, 210, 220



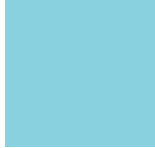
Protanomaly

175, 201, 214



Deuteranomaly

180, 199, 223



Tritanomaly

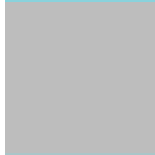
138, 209, 224

Monochromacy



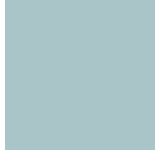
Original Color

137, 210, 220



Achromatopsia

189, 189, 189



Achromatomaly

170, 197, 200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 137, 210, 220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 210, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 210, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 210, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 210, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 137, 210, 220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 210, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 210, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 210, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 210, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 210, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 210,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 137, 210, 220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 210, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
210, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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