

Converting Colors

RGB(137, 65, 104)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(137, 65, 104) contains.

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Color

RGB(137, 65, 104)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	894168
RGB	137, 65, 104
RGB Percent	54%, 25%, 41%
CMY	0.4627, 0.7451, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.24, 0.46
HSL	328°, 36%, 40%
HSV	328°, 53%, 54%
XYZ	14.7055, 10.0984, 14.2708
YIQ	90.9740, 30.3930, 27.3930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

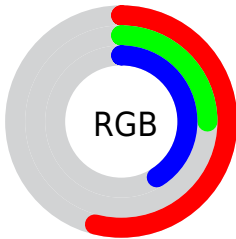
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 65, 104
Decimal	8995176
CIE _{Lab}	38.02, 35.58, -8.46
CIE _{LCh}	38, 36.574, 346.631
Yxy	10.0984, 0.3763, 0.2584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287185256 (0xFF894168)
YUV	90.9740, 6.4218, 40.3648
Hunter-Lab	31.7780, 26.9906, -4.3812

Details

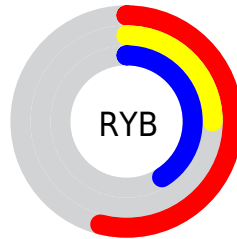
The RGB color **137, 65, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **65, 137, 98**, and the grayscale version is **91, 91, 91**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192, 115, 155**, and **85, 14, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **137, 51, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137, 79, 110**.

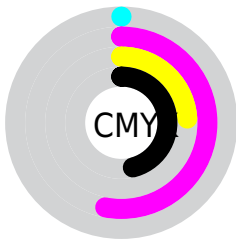
Distribution



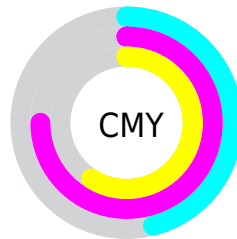
- Red (54%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (46%)




- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 137, 65, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 137, 65, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 137, 65, 104


 137, 65, 104

255, 255, 255

 110, 40, 80

 192, 115, 155

 85, 14, 57

 221, 142, 182

 59, 0, 35

 250, 169, 210

 38, 0, 13

 255, 196, 238

 0, 0, 0

 255, 225, 255

255, 254, 255

 137, 65, 104

 137, 65, 104

 137, 51, 98

 137, 79, 110

■ 137, 38, 91

■ 137, 92, 117

■ 137, 24, 85

■ 137, 106, 123

■ 137, 10, 79

■ 137, 120, 129

■ 137, 0, 74

■ 137, 133, 135

■ 137, 147, 142

■ 137, 161, 148

■ 137, 175, 154

■ 137, 188, 161

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112, 75, 130



137, 65, 104



144, 64, 74

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137, 65, 104



90, 93, 29



0, 102, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137, 65, 104



65, 137, 98

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 104, 105



137, 65, 104



56, 100, 47

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137, 65, 104



117, 83, 30



0, 103, 75



0, 96, 147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137, 65, 104



140, 69, 56



0, 103, 75



0, 103, 124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137, 65, 104



179, 150, 165



97, 65, 137



89, 72, 81



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137, 65, 104



179, 66, 127



137, 65, 69



69, 62, 66



133, 0, 72



5, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137, 65, 104



179, 66, 127



65, 137, 133



69, 62, 66



133, 0, 72



5, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 65, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

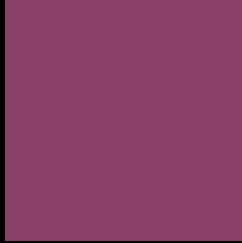
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 137, 65, 104 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

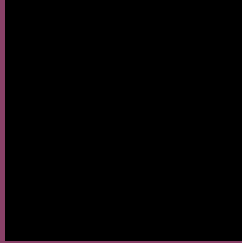
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 137, 65, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 65, 104.

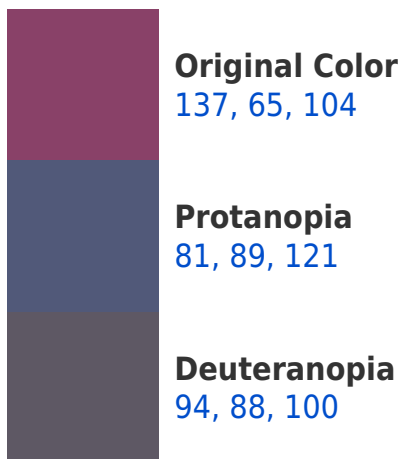


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 137, 65, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
134, 71, 76

Trichromacy



Original Color

137, 65, 104

Protanomaly

101, 80, 115

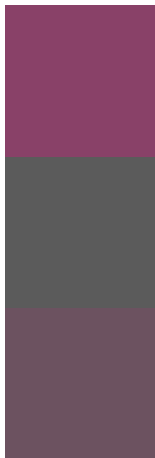
Deuteranomaly

110, 80, 101

Tritanomaly

135, 69, 86

Monochromacy



Original Color

137, 65, 104

Achromatopsia

91, 91, 91

Achromatomaly

108, 82, 96

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 137, 65, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(137, 65, 104) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 65, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 65, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 65, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 137, 65, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 65, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 65, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 65, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 65, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 65, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 65,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 137, 65, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 65, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137, 65,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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