

Converting Colors

RGB(138, 127, 151)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(138, 127, 151) contains.

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Color

RGB(138, 127, 151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A7F97
RGB	138, 127, 151
RGB Percent	54%, 50%, 59%
CMY	0.4588, 0.5020, 0.4078
CMYK	0.09, 0.16, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	268°, 10%, 55%
HSV	268°, 16%, 59%
XYZ	23.6565, 22.8164, 32.4353
YIQ	133.0250, -1.1480, 9.7960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

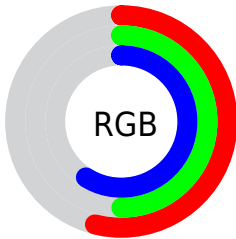
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 127, 151
Decimal	9076631
CIE Lab	54.88, 8.99, -11.36
CIE LCh	55, 14.485, 308.342
Yxy	22.8164, 0.2998, 0.2892
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287266711 (0xFF8A7F97)
YUV	133.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631
Hunter-Lab	47.7665, 4.8114, -6.8237

Details

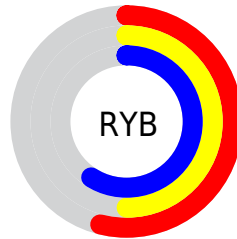
The RGB color **138, 127, 151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **140, 151, 127**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192, 180, 205**, and **88, 78, 100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130, 112, 151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146, 142, 151**.

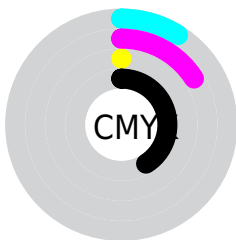
Distribution



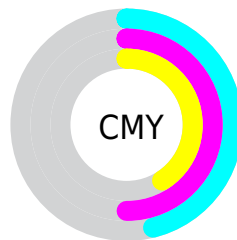
- Red (54%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 138, 127, 151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 138, 127, 151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 138, 127, 151

255, 255, 255

■ 192, 180, 205

■ 219, 207, 233

■ 248, 235, 255

■ 138, 127, 151

■ 112, 102, 125

■ 88, 78, 100

■ 64, 55, 76

■ 42, 34, 53

■ 22, 12, 32

■ 0, 0, 6

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 138, 127, 151

■ 130, 112, 151

■ 138, 127, 151

■ 146, 142, 151

122, 97, 151

154, 157, 151

113, 82, 151

163, 172, 151

105, 67, 151

171, 187, 151

97, 51, 151

179, 203, 151

89, 36, 151

187, 218, 151

81, 21, 151

195, 233, 151

73, 6, 151

203, 248, 151

69, 0, 151

212, 255, 151

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122, 131, 156



138, 127, 151



151, 124, 141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138, 127, 151



149, 127, 108



100, 139, 134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138, 127, 151



140, 151, 127

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 138, 122



138, 127, 151



138, 132, 107

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138, 127, 151



157, 124, 116



123, 135, 111



98, 138, 146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138, 127, 151



156, 123, 132



123, 135, 111



102, 139, 130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138, 127, 151



191, 187, 196



127, 140, 151



96, 93, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138, 127, 151



176, 159, 196



150, 127, 151



72, 69, 77



64, 0, 140



6, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151, 127, 140



196, 159, 179



128, 151, 127



77, 69, 73



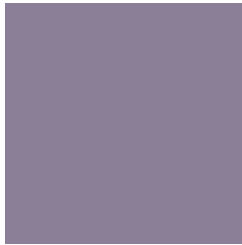
140, 0, 76



13, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 138, 127, 151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

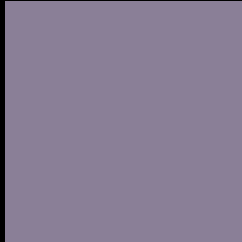
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 138, 127, 151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

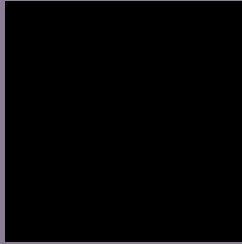
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 138, 127, 151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 138, 127, 151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 138, 127, 151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[138](#), [127](#), [151](#)

Protanopia

[127](#), [130](#), [153](#)

Deuteranopia

[135](#), [128](#), [151](#)



Tritanopia
136, 129, 139

Trichromacy



Original Color

138, 127, 151

Protanomaly

131, 129, 152

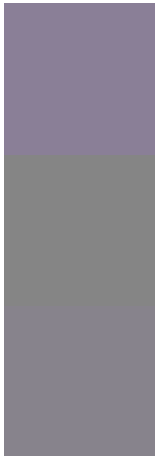
Deuteranomaly

136, 128, 151

Tritanomaly

137, 128, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color

138, 127, 151

Achromatopsia

133, 133, 133

Achromatomaly

135, 131, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 138, 127, 151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(138, 127, 151) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 127, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 127, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 127, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 138, 127, 151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 127, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 127, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 127, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 127, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 127, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 127,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 138, 127, 151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 127, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
127, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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