

Converting Colors

RGB(138, 140, 245)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(138, 140, 245) contains.

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Color

RGB(138, 140, 245)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A8CF5
RGB	138, 140, 245
RGB Percent	54%, 55%, 96%
CMY	0.4588, 0.4510, 0.0392
CMYK	0.44, 0.43, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	239°, 84%, 75%
HSV	239°, 44%, 96%
XYZ	36.3407, 30.7520, 90.4066
YIQ	151.3720, -34.8970, 32.2310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

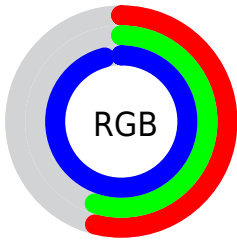
Format	Color
RYB	138, 140, 245
Decimal	9080053
CIELab	62.30, 25.41, -52.98
CIELCh	62, 58.762, 295.623
Yxy	30.7520, 0.2307, 0.1953
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287270133 (0xFF8A8CF5)
YUV	151.3720, 46.1586, -11.7272
Hunter-Lab	55.4545, 19.9302, -57.8414

Details

The RGB color **138, 140, 245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **245, 243, 138**, and the grayscale version is **151, 151, 151**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 193, 255**, and **81, 90, 188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113, 116, 245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163, 164, 245**.

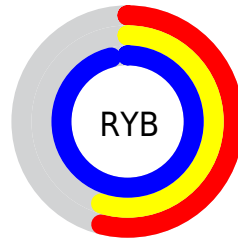
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (55%)

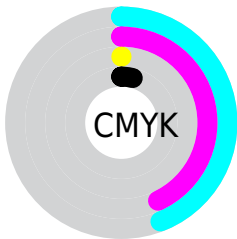
Blue (96%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (96%)

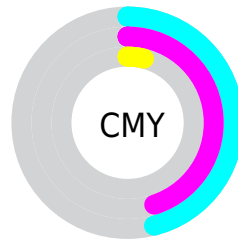


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 138, 140, 245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 138, 140, 245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 138, 140, 245

255, 255, 255


 196, 193, 255

 225, 221, 255

 255, 250, 255

 138, 140, 245

 109, 115, 216

 81, 90, 188

 50, 67, 161

 2, 45, 134

 0, 25, 108

 0, 0, 83


 0, 6, 59


 0, 2, 36

 0, 0, 13

 138, 140, 245

 138, 140, 245

 113, 116, 245

 163, 164, 245

 89, 92, 245

 187, 188, 245

 64, 68, 245


 211, 212, 245

 40, 44, 245

 236, 236, 245

 15, 20, 245

 255, 255, 245

 0, 5, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 159, 255



138, 140, 245



207, 118, 210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138, 140, 245



223, 125, 64



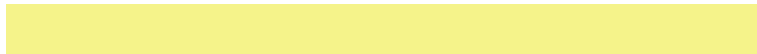
0, 175, 141

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138, 140, 245



245, 243, 138

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63, 171, 89



138, 140, 245



185, 145, 37

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138, 140, 245



244, 107, 109



134, 161, 48



0, 175, 194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138, 140, 245



233, 106, 178



134, 161, 48



0, 174, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138, 140, 245



222, 222, 255



138, 245, 241



107, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138, 140, 245



122, 125, 255



188, 138, 245



110, 110, 122



0, 3, 186



0, 1, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 138, 140



255, 122, 125



195, 245, 138



122, 110, 110



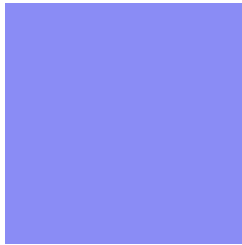
186, 0, 3



59, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 138, 140, 245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

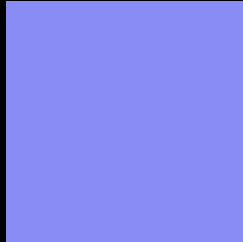
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 138, 140, 245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

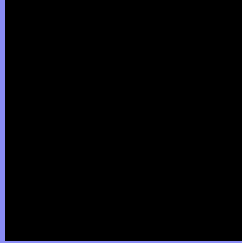
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 138, 140, 245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 138, 140, 245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 138, 140, 245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
138, 140, 245

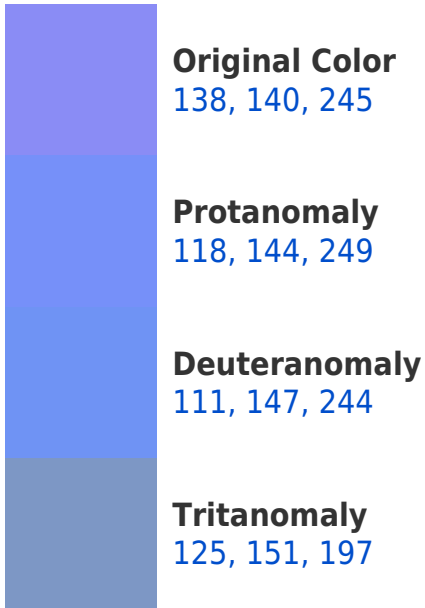
Protanopia
107, 147, 251

Deuteranopia
95, 151, 243

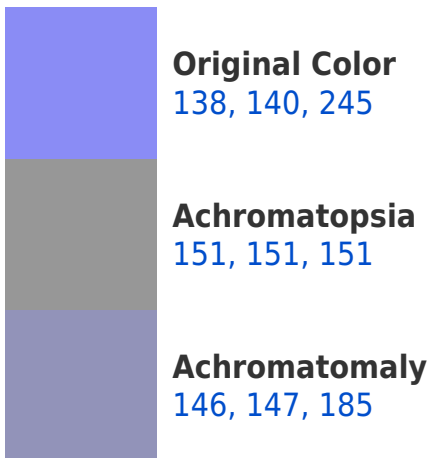


Tritanopia
118, 157, 169

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 138, 140, 245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 140, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 140, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 140, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 140, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 138, 140, 245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 140, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 140, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 140, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 140, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 140, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 140,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 138, 140, 245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 140, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
140, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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