

# Converting Colors

RGB(138, 210, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(138, 210, 194) contains.

<b>RGB(138, 210, 194)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(138, 210, 194)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AD2C2
RGB	138, 210, 194
RGB Percent	54%, 82%, 76%
CMY	0.4588, 0.1765, 0.2392
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.08, 0.18
HSL	167°, 44%, 68%
HSV	167°, 34%, 82%
XYZ	43.2654, 55.3915, 59.4502
YIQ	186.6480, -37.7760, -20.2400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

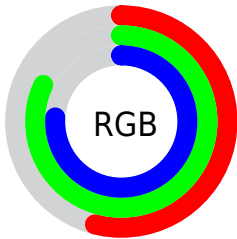
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	138, 179, 210
Decimal	9097922
CIELab	79.27, -26.01, 0.79
CIElCh	79, 26.017, 178.269
Yxy	55.3915, 0.2736, 0.3503
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287288002 (0xFF8AD2C2)
YUV	186.6480, 3.6245, -42.6643
Hunter-Lab	74.4255, -26.4779, 4.7376

# Details

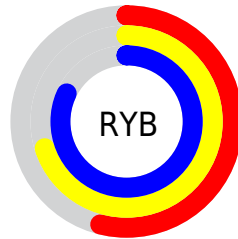
The RGB color **138, 210, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **210, 138, 154**, and the grayscale version is **187, 187, 187**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 255, 250**, and **84, 155, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117, 210, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 210, 199**.

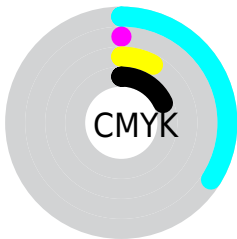
# Distribution



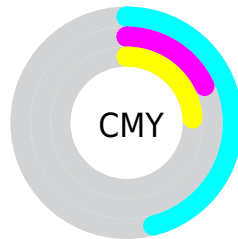
- Red (54%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 138, 210, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 138, 210, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 138, 210, 194


255, 255, 255


 194, 255, 250


 222, 255, 255

 252, 255, 255

 138, 210, 194

 111, 182, 167

 84, 155, 140

 58, 129, 115

 29, 104, 90

 0, 79, 67

 0, 56, 45

 0, 35, 24

 0, 0, 0

 138, 210, 194


 138, 210, 194

 117, 210, 189

 159, 210, 199

 96, 210, 185

 180, 210, 203

 75, 210, 180

 201, 210, 208

 54, 210, 175

 222, 210, 213

 33, 210, 171

 243, 210, 217

 12, 210, 166

 255, 210, 222

 0, 210, 163

 255, 210, 227

 255, 210, 231

 255, 210, 236

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162, 207, 170



138, 210, 194



127, 209, 218

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138, 210, 194



199, 191, 239



236, 186, 156

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138, 210, 194



210, 138, 154

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



246, 180, 175



138, 210, 194



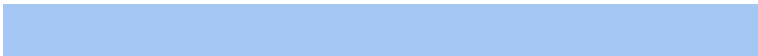
226, 183, 222

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138, 210, 194



165, 199, 244



243, 179, 199



216, 194, 148

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138, 210, 194



131, 207, 232



243, 179, 199



240, 184, 161

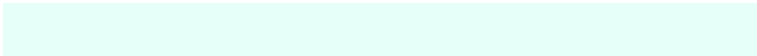


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138, 210, 194



230, 255, 249



155, 210, 138



112, 128, 124



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138, 210, 194



150, 255, 232



138, 191, 210



94, 105, 102



0, 168, 131



0, 41, 32



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210, 138, 154



255, 150, 174



210, 157, 138



105, 94, 96



168, 0, 37

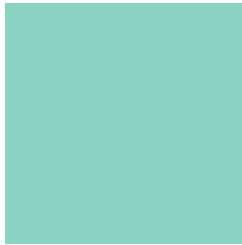


41, 0, 9



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 138, 210, 194 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

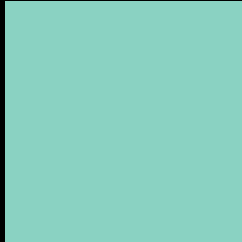
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 138, 210, 194 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

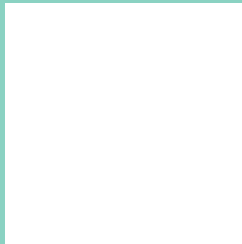
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 138, 210, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 138, 210, 194.

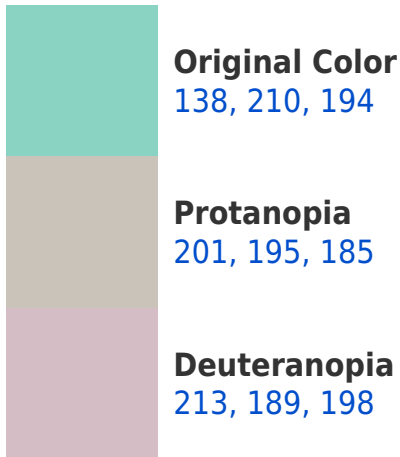


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 138, 210, 194.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

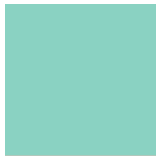
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
145, 206, 222

# Trichromacy



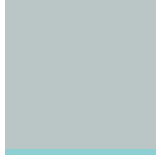
**Original Color**

138, 210, 194



**Protanomaly**

178, 200, 188



**Deuteranomaly**

186, 197, 197



**Tritanomaly**

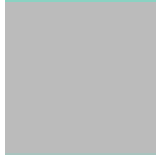
142, 207, 212

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

138, 210, 194



**Achromatopsia**

187, 187, 187



**Achromatomaly**

169, 195, 190

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 138, 210, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 210, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 210, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 210, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 210, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 138, 210, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 210, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 210, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 210, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 210, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 210, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 210,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 138, 210, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 210, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
210, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor