

Converting Colors

RGB(138, 211, 246)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(138, 211, 246) contains.

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Color

RGB(138, 211, 246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AD3F6
RGB	138, 211, 246
RGB Percent	54%, 83%, 96%
CMY	0.4588, 0.1725, 0.0353
CMYK	0.44, 0.14, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	199°, 86%, 75%
HSV	199°, 44%, 96%
XYZ	50.4101, 58.6456, 95.8516
YIQ	193.1630, -54.7430, -4.5910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

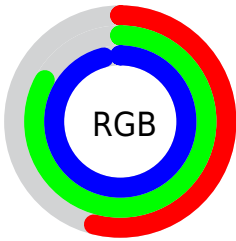
Format	Color
RYB	138, 182, 246
Decimal	9098230
CIELab	81.10, -13.79, -24.27
CIELCh	81, 27.917, 240.395
Yxy	58.6456, 0.2460, 0.2862
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287288310 (0xFF8AD3F6)
YUV	193.1630, 26.0486, -48.3780
Hunter-Lab	76.5804, -16.5158, -20.6038

Details

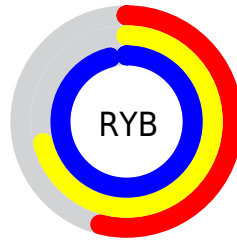
The RGB color **138, 211, 246** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **246, 173, 138**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 255, 255**, and **81, 156, 190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113, 203, 246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163, 219, 246**.

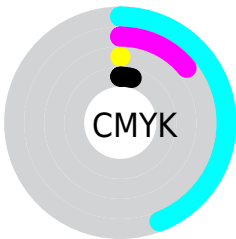
Distribution



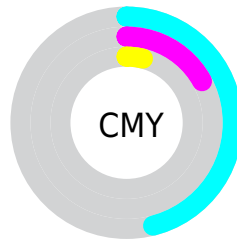
- Red (54%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 138, 211, 246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 138, 211, 246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 138, 211, 246


255, 255, 255


 196, 255, 255


 225, 255, 255

255, 255, 255

 138, 211, 246

 109, 183, 217


 81, 156, 190


 49, 130, 162

 1, 105, 136

 0, 81, 111

 0, 58, 86

 0, 36, 63

 0, 10, 41

 0, 1, 19

■ 138, 211, 246

■ 138, 211, 246

■ 113, 203, 246

■ 163, 219, 246

■ 89, 195, 246

■ 187, 227, 246

■ 64, 187, 246

■ 212, 235, 246

■ 40, 179, 246

■ 236, 243, 246

■ 15, 171, 246

■ 255, 251, 246

■ 0, 166, 246

■ 255, 255, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125, 215, 227



138, 211, 246



170, 204, 253

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138, 211, 246



252, 183, 202



192, 208, 156

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138, 211, 246



246, 173, 138

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



220, 200, 149



138, 211, 246



254, 184, 176

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138, 211, 246



235, 187, 228



242, 191, 157



162, 214, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138, 211, 246



194, 198, 250



242, 191, 157



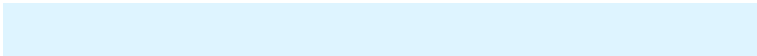
202, 205, 152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138, 211, 246



222, 244, 255



138, 246, 172



107, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



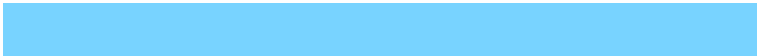
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138, 211, 246



120, 211, 255



138, 158, 246



110, 118, 122



0, 126, 186



0, 40, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



246, 138, 211



255, 120, 211



246, 226, 138



122, 110, 118



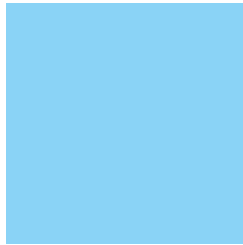
186, 0, 126



59, 0, 40

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 138, 211, 246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

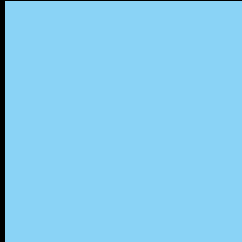
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 138, 211, 246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 138, 211, 246 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 138, 211, 246.

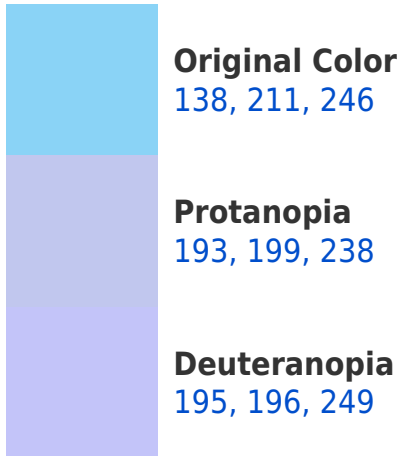


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 138, 211, 246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





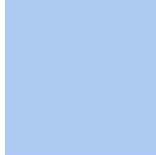
Tritanopia
134, 214, 231

Trichromacy



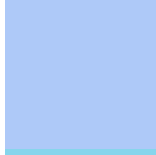
Original Color

138, 211, 246



Protanomaly

173, 203, 241



Deuteranomaly

174, 201, 248



Tritanomaly

135, 213, 236

Monochromacy



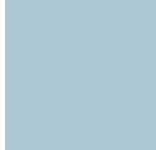
Original Color

138, 211, 246



Achromatopsia

193, 193, 193



Achromatomaly

173, 200, 212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 138, 211, 246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 211, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 211, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 211, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 211, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 138, 211, 246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

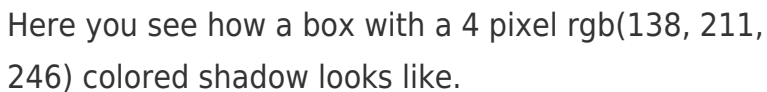
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 211, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 211, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 211, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 211, 246); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 211, 246); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 211, 246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 138, 211, 246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 211, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
211, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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