

Converting Colors

RGB(138, 77, 135)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(138, 77, 135) contains.

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Color

RGB(138, 77, 135)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A4D87
RGB	138, 77, 135
RGB Percent	54%, 30%, 53%
CMY	0.4588, 0.6980, 0.4706
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.02, 0.46
HSL	303°, 28%, 42%
HSV	303°, 44%, 54%
XYZ	17.5083, 12.4603, 24.4040
YIQ	101.8510, 17.7380, 30.9700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

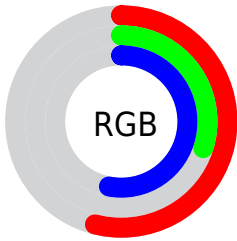
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 77, 135
Decimal	9063815
CIE _{Lab}	41.94, 34.76, -21.59
CIE _{LCh}	42, 40.919, 328.150
Yxy	12.4603, 0.3220, 0.2292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287253895 (0xFF8A4D87)
YUV	101.8510, 16.3425, 31.7027
Hunter-Lab	35.2991, 26.7620, -16.2806

Details

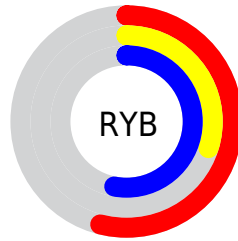
The RGB color **138, 77, 135** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **77, 138, 80**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 128, 188**, and **86, 28, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **138, 63, 134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **138, 91, 136**.

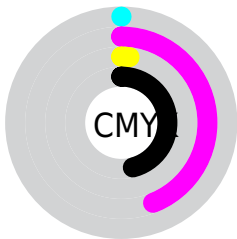
Distribution



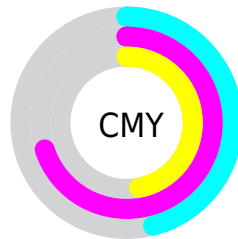
- Red (54%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 138, 77, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 138, 77, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 138, 77, 135

255, 255, 255

■ 193, 128, 188

■ 221, 154, 216

■ 250, 182, 245

■ 255, 209, 255

■ 255, 238, 255

■ 138, 77, 135

■ 112, 53, 110

■ 86, 28, 85

■ 62, 2, 62

■ 40, 0, 40

■ 0, 1, 17

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 138, 77, 135

■ 138, 63, 134

■ 138, 49, 134

■ 138, 77, 135

■ 138, 91, 136

■ 138, 105, 136

■ 138, 36, 133

■ 138, 118, 137

■ 138, 22, 132

■ 138, 132, 138

■ 138, 8, 132

■ 138, 146, 138

■ 138, 0, 131

■ 138, 160, 139

■ 138, 174, 140

■ 138, 187, 140

■ 138, 201, 141

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96, 91, 159



138, 77, 135



158, 69, 102

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138, 77, 135



119, 97, 27



0, 115, 130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138, 77, 135



77, 138, 80

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 115, 96



138, 77, 135



86, 106, 35

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138, 77, 135



145, 84, 42



39, 112, 62



0, 111, 156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138, 77, 135



161, 69, 80



39, 112, 62



0, 115, 119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138, 77, 135



179, 155, 177



79, 77, 138



89, 75, 89



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138, 77, 135



179, 84, 174



138, 77, 105



69, 62, 69



133, 0, 126



5, 0, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



138, 77, 135



179, 84, 174



77, 138, 110



69, 62, 69



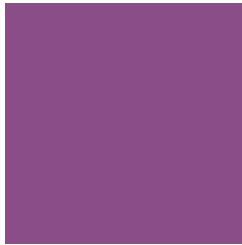
133, 0, 126



5, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 138, 77, 135 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

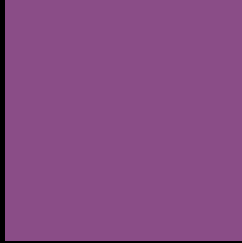
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 138, 77, 135 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

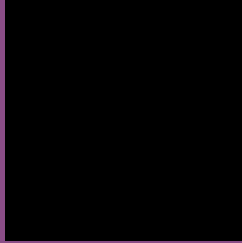
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 138, 77, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 138, 77, 135.

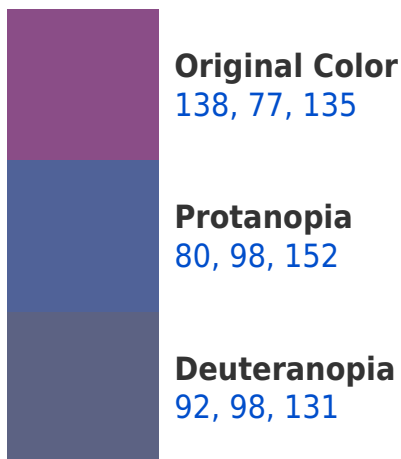


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 138, 77, 135.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
133, 86, 93

Trichromacy



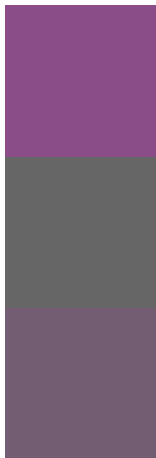
Original Color
138, 77, 135

Protanomaly
101, 90, 146

Deuteranomaly
109, 90, 132

Tritanomaly
135, 83, 108

Monochromacy



Original Color
138, 77, 135

Achromatopsia
102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly
115, 93, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 138, 77, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 77, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 77, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 77, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 77, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 138, 77, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 77, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 77, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 77, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 77, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 77, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 77,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 138, 77, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 77, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 77,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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