

Converting Colors

RGB(139, 123, 123)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(139, 123, 123) contains.

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Color

RGB(139, 123, 123)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B7B7B
RGB	139, 123, 123
RGB Percent	55%, 48%, 48%
CMY	0.4549, 0.5176, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.12, 0.45
HSL	0°, 6%, 51%
HSV	0°, 12%, 55%
XYZ	21.3056, 21.0849, 21.6858
YIQ	127.7840, 9.5360, 3.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

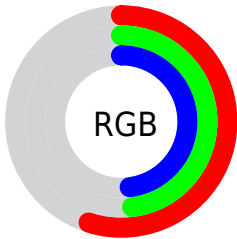
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 123, 123
Decimal	9141115
CIE Lab	53.04, 6.13, 2.24
CIE LCh	53, 6.531, 20.066
Yxy	21.0849, 0.3325, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287331195 (0xFF8B7B7B)
YUV	127.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364
Hunter-Lab	45.9183, 2.4648, 4.1421

Details

The RGB color **139, 123, 123** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **123, 139, 139**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 175, 175**, and **89, 74, 74** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 109, 109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 137, 137**.

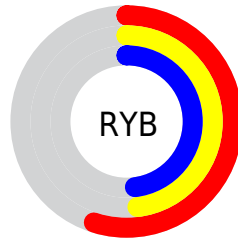
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (48%)

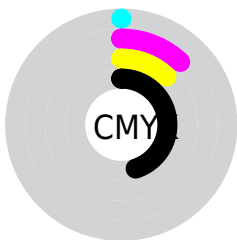
Blue (48%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (48%)

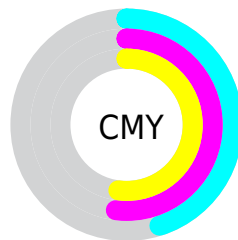


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (52%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 139, 123, 123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 139, 123, 123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 139, 123, 123

255, 255, 255

 193, 175, 175

 221, 203, 203


 249, 231, 231

 139, 123, 123

 113, 98, 98

 89, 74, 74

 65, 52, 52

 43, 31, 31

 24, 6, 6

 0, 0, 0

 139, 123, 123

 139, 109, 109

 139, 95, 95

 139, 123, 123

 139, 137, 137

 139, 151, 151

 139, 81, 81

 139, 165, 165

 139, 67, 67

 139, 179, 179

 139, 54, 54

 139, 193, 193

 139, 40, 40

 139, 206, 206

 139, 26, 26

 139, 220, 220

 139, 12, 12

 139, 234, 234

 139, 0, 0

 139, 248, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137, 123, 129



139, 123, 123



138, 124, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139, 123, 123



121, 129, 119



119, 128, 138

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139, 123, 123



123, 139, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 129, 135



139, 123, 123



115, 130, 124

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139, 123, 123



127, 127, 116



113, 130, 130



126, 126, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139, 123, 123



135, 125, 116



113, 130, 130



117, 128, 137

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139, 123, 123



181, 176, 176



139, 123, 139



92, 88, 88



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139, 123, 123



181, 156, 156



139, 131, 123



69, 62, 62



133, 0, 0



5, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



123, 139, 139



156, 181, 181



123, 131, 139



62, 69, 69



0, 133, 133



0, 5, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 123, 123 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

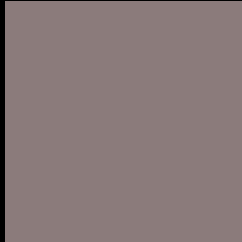
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 123, 123 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

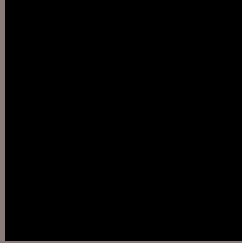
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 139, 123, 123 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 123, 123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 123, 123.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

139, 123, 123

Protanopia

129, 126, 125

Deuteranopia

140, 123, 123



Tritanopia
140, 122, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

139, 123, 123

Protanomaly

133, 125, 124

Deuteranomaly

140, 123, 123

Tritanomaly

140, 122, 128

Monochromacy



Original Color

139, 123, 123

Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128

Achromatomaly

132, 126, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 139, 123, 123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(139, 123, 123) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 123, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 123, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 123, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 139, 123, 123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 123, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 123, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 123, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 123, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 123, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 123,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 139, 123, 123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 123, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
123, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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