

Converting Colors

RGB(139, 133, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(139, 133, 171) contains.

RGB(139, 133, 171)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(139, 133, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B85AB
RGB	139, 133, 171
RGB Percent	55%, 52%, 67%
CMY	0.4549, 0.4784, 0.3294
CMYK	0.19, 0.22, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	249°, 18%, 60%
HSV	249°, 22%, 67%
XYZ	26.3857, 25.2043, 42.0023
YIQ	139.1260, -8.6220, 13.0900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

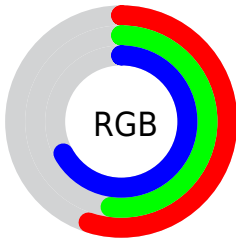
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 133, 171
Decimal	9143723
CIE _{Lab}	57.27, 10.34, -19.26
CIE _{LCh}	57, 21.855, 298.225
Yxy	25.2043, 0.2819, 0.2693
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287333803 (0xFF8B85AB)
YUV	139.1260, 15.7139, -0.1105
Hunter-Lab	50.2039, 5.9575, -14.4614

Details

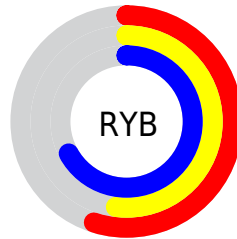
The RGB color **139, 133, 171** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **165, 171, 133**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 186, 226**, and **88, 84, 119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **125, 116, 171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153, 150, 171**.

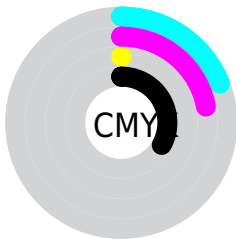
Distribution



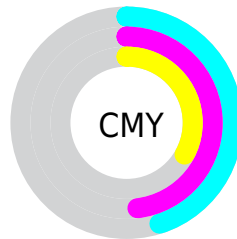
- Red (55%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 139, 133, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 139, 133, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 139, 133, 171

255, 255, 255

■ 193, 186, 226

■ 221, 214, 255

■ 250, 242, 255

■ 139, 133, 171

■ 113, 108, 144

■ 88, 84, 119

■ 64, 60, 94

■ 42, 39, 70

■ 20, 19, 48

■ 0, 1, 27

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 139, 133, 171

■ 125, 116, 171

■ 139, 133, 171

■ 153, 150, 171

■ 110, 99, 171

■ 168, 167, 171

■ 96, 82, 171

■ 182, 184, 171

■ 81, 65, 171

■ 197, 201, 171

■ 67, 48, 171

■ 211, 218, 171

■ 53, 30, 171

■ 225, 236, 171

■ 38, 13, 171

■ 240, 253, 171

■ 27, 0, 171

■ 254, 255, 171

■ 255, 255, 171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112, 140, 175



139, 133, 171



161, 127, 158

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139, 133, 171



168, 130, 106



91, 148, 136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139, 133, 171



165, 171, 133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 146, 117



139, 133, 171



153, 136, 100

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139, 133, 171



176, 125, 120



132, 142, 104



81, 148, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139, 133, 171



171, 124, 146



132, 142, 104



97, 148, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139, 133, 171



209, 206, 222



133, 165, 171



105, 103, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139, 133, 171



171, 162, 222



158, 133, 171



79, 78, 87



24, 0, 150



4, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 133, 165



222, 162, 212



146, 171, 133



87, 78, 85



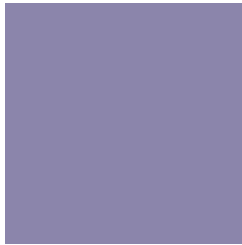
150, 0, 127



23, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 133, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 133, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

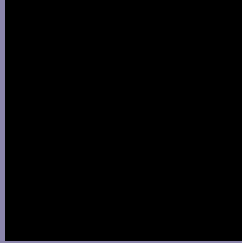
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 139, 133, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 133, 171.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 133, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
[139](#), [133](#), [171](#)

Protanopia
[128](#), [136](#), [173](#)

Deuteranopia
[134](#), [135](#), [171](#)



Tritanopia
135, 137, 148

Trichromacy



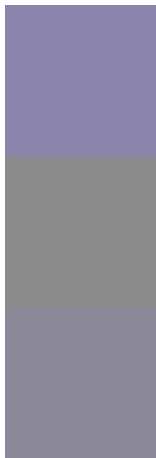
Original Color
139, 133, 171

Protanomaly
132, 135, 172

Deuteranomaly
136, 134, 171

Tritanomaly
136, 136, 156

Monochromacy



Original Color
139, 133, 171

Achromatopsia
139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly
139, 137, 151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 139, 133, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 133, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 133, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 133, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 133, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 139, 133, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 133, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 133, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 133, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 133, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 133, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 133,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 139, 133, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 133, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
133, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor