

Converting Colors

RGB(139, 135, 105)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(139, 135, 105) contains.

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Color

RGB(139, 135, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B8769
RGB	139, 135, 105
RGB Percent	55%, 53%, 41%
CMY	0.4549, 0.4706, 0.5882
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.24, 0.45
HSL	53°, 14%, 48%
HSV	53°, 24%, 55%
XYZ	21.8612, 23.8368, 16.8134
YIQ	132.7760, 12.0140, -8.4820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

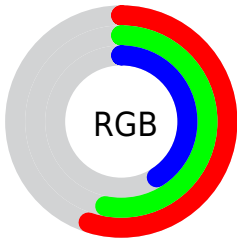
Format	Color
RYB	110, 139, 105
Decimal	9144169
CIELab	55.92, -3.67, 16.71
CIELCh	56, 17.106, 102.386
Yxy	23.8368, 0.3497, 0.3813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287334249 (0xFF8B8769)
YUV	132.7760, -13.6936, 5.4584
Hunter-Lab	48.8230, -5.5141, 13.7582

Details

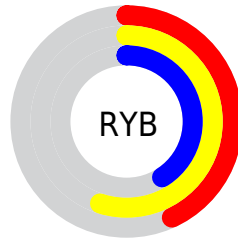
The RGB color **139, 135, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **105, 109, 139**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 188, 156**, and **89, 85, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 133, 91**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 137, 119**.

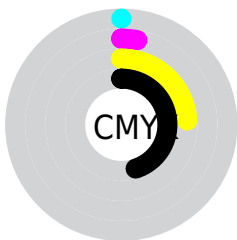
Distribution



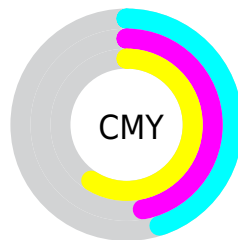
- Red (55%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 139, 135, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 139, 135, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 139, 135, 105

255, 255, 255

■ 193, 188, 156

■ 221, 216, 183

■ 249, 244, 211

■ 255, 255, 239

■ 139, 135, 105

■ 139, 133, 91

■ 139, 132, 77

■ 139, 135, 105

■ 113, 110, 81

■ 89, 85, 58

■ 65, 62, 36

■ 42, 41, 15

■ 20, 20, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 139, 135, 105

■ 139, 137, 119

■ 139, 138, 133

■ 139, 130, 63

■ 139, 140, 147

■ 139, 128, 49

■ 139, 142, 161

■ 139, 127, 36

■ 139, 143, 174

■ 139, 125, 22

■ 139, 145, 188

■ 139, 124, 8

■ 139, 146, 202

■ 139, 123, 0

■ 139, 148, 216

■ 139, 150, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153, 130, 106



139, 135, 105



122, 139, 112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139, 135, 105



94, 141, 153



158, 124, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139, 135, 105



105, 109, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144, 128, 156



139, 135, 105



106, 138, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139, 135, 105



95, 143, 140



125, 133, 163



165, 124, 128

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139, 135, 105



111, 141, 120



125, 133, 163



154, 125, 148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139, 135, 105



181, 180, 168



139, 105, 110



92, 91, 84



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139, 135, 105



181, 175, 129



127, 139, 105



69, 68, 62



133, 117, 0



5, 5, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105, 109, 139



129, 135, 181



117, 105, 139



62, 63, 69



0, 16, 133



0, 1, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 135, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

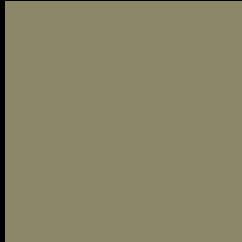
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 135, 105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

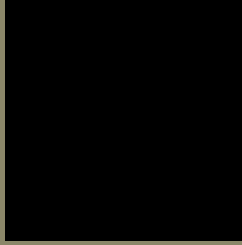
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 139, 135, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 135, 105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 135, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
139, 135, 105

Protanopia
143, 134, 104

Deuteranopia
156, 129, 106



Tritanopia
143, 130, 140

Trichromacy



Original Color

139, 135, 105

Protanomaly

142, 134, 104

Deuteranomaly

150, 131, 106

Tritanomaly

142, 132, 127

Monochromacy



Original Color

139, 135, 105

Achromatopsia

133, 133, 133

Achromatomaly

135, 134, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 139, 135, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(139, 135, 105) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 135, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 135, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 135, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 139, 135, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 135, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 135, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 135, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 135, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 135, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 135,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 139, 135, 105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 135, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
135, 105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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