

Converting Colors

RGB(139, 141, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(139, 141, 124) contains.

RGB(139, 141, 124)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(139, 141, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B8D7C
RGB	139, 141, 124
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 49%
CMY	0.4549, 0.4471, 0.5137
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.12, 0.45
HSL	67°, 7%, 52%
HSV	67°, 12%, 55%
XYZ	23.8104, 25.9940, 22.8312
YIQ	138.4640, 4.2650, -5.7110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

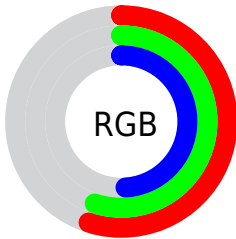
Format	Color
RYB	124, 141, 126
Decimal	9145724
CIELab	58.03, -3.91, 8.82
CIELCh	58, 9.647, 113.880
Yxy	25.9940, 0.3278, 0.3579
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287335804 (0xFF8B8D7C)
YUV	138.4640, -7.1308, 0.4701
Hunter-Lab	50.9843, -5.8603, 9.1384

Details

The RGB color **139, 141, 124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **126, 124, 141**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 195, 177**, and **89, 91, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **137, 141, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 141, 138**.

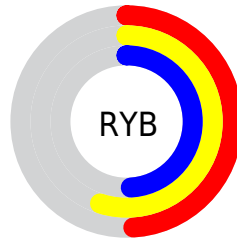
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (55%)

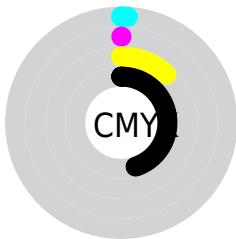
Blue (49%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (49%)

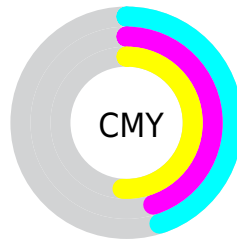


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 139, 141, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 139, 141, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 139, 141, 124

255, 255, 255

■ 193, 195, 177

■ 220, 222, 204

■ 249, 251, 232

■ 139, 141, 124

■ 113, 115, 99

■ 89, 91, 75

■ 66, 68, 53

■ 43, 45, 31

■ 24, 25, 8

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 139, 141, 124

■ 137, 141, 110

■ 136, 141, 96

■ 139, 141, 124

■ 141, 141, 138

■ 142, 141, 152

■ 134, 141, 82

■ 144, 141, 166

■ 132, 141, 68

■ 146, 141, 180

■ 131, 141, 53

■ 147, 141, 195

■ 129, 141, 39

■ 149, 141, 209

■ 127, 141, 25

■ 151, 141, 223

■ 126, 141, 11

■ 152, 141, 237

■ 124, 141, 0

■ 154, 141, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



148, 138, 123



139, 141, 124



129, 143, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139, 141, 124



121, 143, 153



156, 134, 142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139, 141, 124



126, 124, 141

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



149, 135, 149



139, 141, 124



129, 141, 156

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139, 141, 124



118, 144, 146



139, 138, 155



158, 134, 133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139, 141, 124



124, 144, 134



139, 138, 155



154, 134, 144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139, 141, 124



183, 184, 176



141, 126, 124



91, 92, 87



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139, 141, 124



181, 184, 158



131, 141, 124



71, 71, 64



119, 135, 0



7, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126, 124, 141



161, 158, 184



134, 124, 141



65, 64, 71



16, 0, 135



1, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 141, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

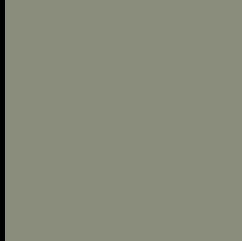
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 141, 124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

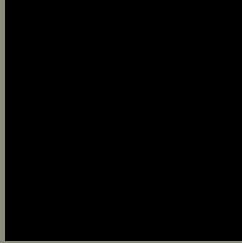
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

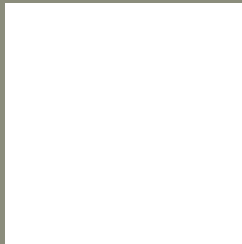
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 139, 141, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 141, 124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 141, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

139, 141, 124

Protanopia

146, 139, 123

Deuteranopia

158, 134, 125



Tritanopia

142, 137, 148

Trichromacy



Original Color

139, 141, 124

Protanomaly

143, 140, 123

Deuteranomaly

151, 137, 125

Tritanomaly

141, 138, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

139, 141, 124

Achromatopsia

138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly

138, 139, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 139, 141, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(139, 141, 124) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 141, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 141, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 141, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 139, 141, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 141, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 141, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 141, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 141, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 141, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 141,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 139, 141, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 141, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
141, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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