

Converting Colors

RGB(139, 145, 122)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(139, 145, 122) contains.

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Color

RGB(139, 145, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B917A
RGB	139, 145, 122
RGB Percent	55%, 57%, 48%
CMY	0.4549, 0.4314, 0.5216
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.16, 0.43
HSL	76°, 9%, 52%
HSV	76°, 16%, 57%
XYZ	24.2857, 27.1449, 22.3719
YIQ	140.5840, 3.8070, -8.4250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

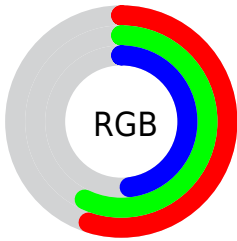
Format	Color
RYB	122, 145, 128
Decimal	9146746
CIELab	59.11, -6.46, 11.48
CIELCh	59, 13.175, 119.381
Yxy	27.1449, 0.3291, 0.3678
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287336826 (0xFF8B917A)
YUV	140.5840, -9.1619, -1.3892
Hunter-Lab	52.1008, -7.9722, 11.0117

Details

The RGB color **139, 145, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **128, 122, 145**, and the grayscale version is **141, 141, 141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 199, 174**, and **89, 95, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135, 145, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 145, 137**.

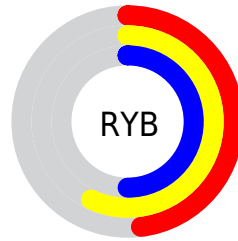
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (57%)

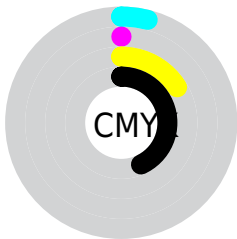
Blue (48%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (50%)

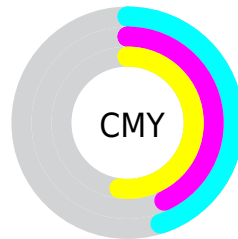


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 139, 145, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 139, 145, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 139, 145, 122

255, 255, 255

■ 193, 199, 174

■ 220, 227, 202

■ 249, 255, 230

■ 139, 145, 122

■ 113, 119, 97

■ 89, 95, 73

■ 65, 71, 51

■ 43, 49, 29

■ 24, 28, 5

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 139, 145, 122

■ 135, 145, 108

■ 131, 145, 93

■ 139, 145, 122

■ 143, 145, 137

■ 147, 145, 151

■ 128, 145, 79

■ 150, 145, 166

■ 124, 145, 64

■ 154, 145, 180

■ 120, 145, 50

■ 158, 145, 195

■ 116, 145, 35

■ 162, 145, 209

■ 113, 145, 21

■ 165, 145, 224

■ 109, 145, 6

■ 169, 145, 238

■ 107, 145, 0

■ 173, 145, 253

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 141, 119



139, 145, 122



126, 148, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139, 145, 122



117, 147, 162



165, 134, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139, 145, 122



128, 122, 145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 136, 154



139, 145, 122



129, 143, 165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139, 145, 122



112, 149, 153



144, 139, 162



167, 135, 131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139, 145, 122



119, 149, 138



144, 139, 162



163, 135, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139, 145, 122



186, 189, 179



145, 128, 122



93, 94, 89



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139, 145, 122



179, 189, 153



128, 145, 122



70, 71, 64



100, 135, 0



6, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128, 122, 145



162, 153, 189



139, 122, 145



66, 64, 71



35, 0, 135



2, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 145, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

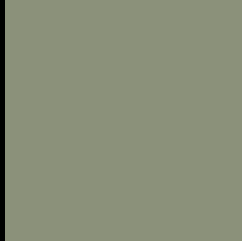
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 145, 122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

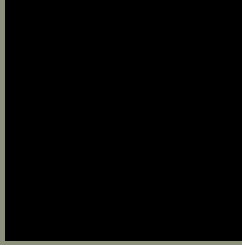
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

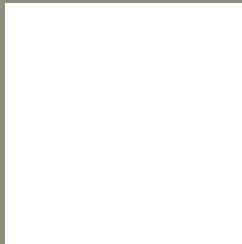
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 139, 145, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 145, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 145, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
139, 145, 122

Protanopia
150, 142, 120

Deuteranopia
162, 137, 124



Tritanopia
143, 141, 152

Trichromacy



Original Color

139, 145, 122

Protanomaly

146, 143, 121

Deuteranomaly

154, 140, 123

Tritanomaly

142, 142, 141

Monochromacy



Original Color

139, 145, 122

Achromatopsia

141, 141, 141

Achromatomaly

140, 142, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 139, 145, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 145, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 145, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 145, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 145, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 139, 145, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 145, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 145, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 145, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 145, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 145, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 145,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 139, 145, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 145, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
145, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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