

Converting Colors

RGB(139, 149, 214)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(139, 149, 214) contains.

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Color

RGB(139, 149, 214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B95D6
RGB	139, 149, 214
RGB Percent	55%, 58%, 84%
CMY	0.4549, 0.4157, 0.1608
CMYK	0.35, 0.30, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	232°, 48%, 69%
HSV	232°, 35%, 84%
XYZ	33.5325, 31.8389, 67.9965
YIQ	153.4200, -26.8250, 18.0950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

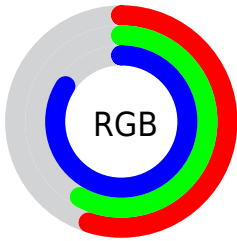
Format	Color
RYB	139, 148, 214
Decimal	9147862
CIELab	63.21, 11.88, -34.38
CIELCh	63, 36.378, 289.063
Yxy	31.8389, 0.2514, 0.2387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287337942 (0xFF8B95D6)
YUV	153.4200, 29.8659, -12.6463
Hunter-Lab	56.4260, 7.3325, -31.9496

Details

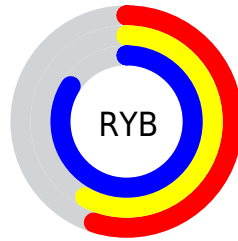
The RGB color **139, 149, 214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **214, 204, 139**, and the grayscale version is **153, 153, 153**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 203, 255**, and **86, 98, 159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 130, 214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **160, 168, 214**.

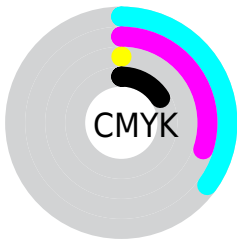
Distribution



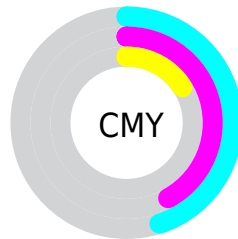
- Red (55%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 139, 149, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 139, 149, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 139, 149, 214

255, 255, 255

■ 194, 203, 255

■ 223, 231, 255

■ 252, 255, 255

■ 139, 149, 214

■ 112, 123, 186

■ 86, 98, 159

■ 60, 75, 133

■ 32, 52, 107

■ 0, 32, 82

■ 0, 8, 59

■ 0, 2, 37

■ 0, 1, 13

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 139, 149, 214

■ 139, 149, 214

■ 118, 130, 214

■ 160, 168, 214

■ 96, 112, 214

■ 182, 186, 214

■ 75, 93, 214

■ 203, 205, 214

■ 53, 75, 214

■ 225, 223, 214

■ 32, 56, 214

■ 246, 242, 214

■ 11, 38, 214

■ 255, 255, 214

■ 0, 29, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83, 160, 216



139, 149, 214



182, 137, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139, 149, 214



207, 136, 105



73, 169, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139, 149, 214



214, 204, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116, 165, 109



139, 149, 214



185, 147, 89

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139, 149, 214



216, 128, 133



153, 158, 91



6, 170, 173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139, 149, 214



201, 131, 177



153, 158, 91



88, 168, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139, 149, 214



227, 231, 255



139, 214, 204



111, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139, 149, 214



148, 162, 255



166, 139, 214



96, 98, 107



0, 23, 171



0, 6, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 139, 149



255, 148, 162



187, 214, 139



107, 96, 98



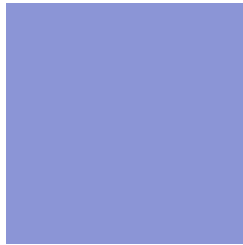
171, 0, 23



43, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 149, 214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

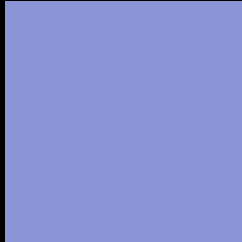
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 149, 214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

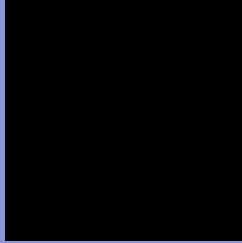
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 139, 149, 214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 149, 214.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 149, 214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
139, 149, 214

Protanopia
133, 151, 215

Deuteranopia
132, 151, 214



Tritanopia
129, 157, 170

Trichromacy



Original Color
139, 149, 214

Protanomaly
135, 150, 215

Deuteranomaly
135, 150, 214

Tritanomaly
133, 154, 186

Monochromacy



Original Color
139, 149, 214

Achromatopsia
153, 153, 153

Achromatomaly
148, 152, 175

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 139, 149, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 149, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 149, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 149, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 149, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 139, 149, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 149, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 149, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 149, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 149, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 149, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 149,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 139, 149, 214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 149, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
149, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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