

Converting Colors

RGB(139, 172, 207)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(139, 172, 207) contains.

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Color

RGB(139, 172, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8BACCF
RGB	139, 172, 207
RGB Percent	55%, 67%, 81%
CMY	0.4549, 0.3255, 0.1882
CMYK	0.33, 0.17, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	211°, 41%, 68%
HSV	211°, 33%, 81%
XYZ	36.6625, 39.4990, 64.7232
YIQ	166.1230, -30.9030, 3.8890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

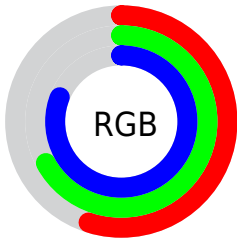
Format	Color
RYB	139, 161, 207
Decimal	9153743
CIELab	69.11, -2.89, -21.42
CIELCh	69, 21.613, 262.317
Yxy	39.4990, 0.2602, 0.2804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287343823 (0xFF8BACCF)
YUV	166.1230, 20.1524, -23.7869
Hunter-Lab	62.8482, -5.8566, -17.0651

Details

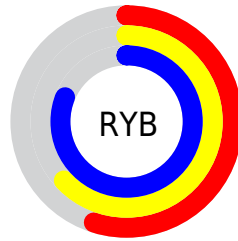
The RGB color **139, 172, 207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **207, 174, 139**, and the grayscale version is **166, 166, 166**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 227, 255**, and **86, 120, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 161, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **160, 183, 207**.

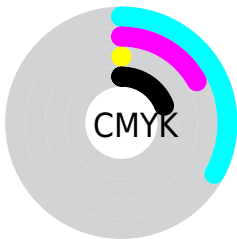
Distribution



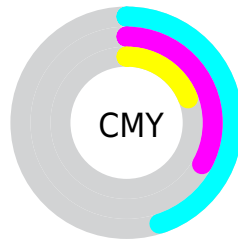
- Red (55%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 139, 172, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 139, 172, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 139, 172, 207


255, 255, 255


 194, 227, 255


 222, 255, 255

 252, 255, 255

 139, 172, 207

 112, 145, 179

 86, 120, 153

 61, 95, 127

 35, 72, 101

 2, 49, 77

 0, 28, 54

 0, 2, 33

 0, 0, 6

 0, 0, 0

■ 139, 172, 207

■ 139, 172, 207

■ 118, 161, 207

■ 160, 183, 207

■ 98, 151, 207

■ 180, 193, 207

■ 77, 140, 207

■ 201, 204, 207

■ 56, 129, 207

■ 222, 215, 207

■ 35, 119, 207

■ 243, 225, 207

■ 15, 108, 207

■ 255, 236, 207

■ 0, 100, 207

■ 255, 247, 207

■ 255, 255, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119, 177, 199



139, 172, 207



165, 165, 205

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139, 172, 207



209, 155, 155



146, 177, 144

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139, 172, 207



207, 174, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168, 172, 132



139, 172, 207



203, 159, 138

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139, 172, 207



205, 155, 175



188, 166, 130



125, 180, 163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139, 172, 207



182, 161, 198



188, 166, 130



153, 175, 139

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139, 172, 207



230, 242, 255



139, 207, 173



112, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



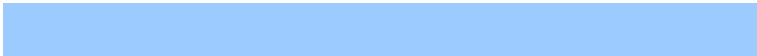
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139, 172, 207



156, 204, 255



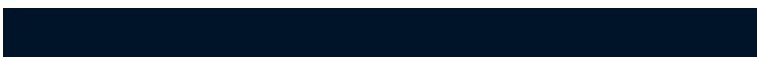
139, 139, 207



94, 99, 105



0, 82, 168



0, 20, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 139, 172



255, 156, 204



207, 207, 139



105, 94, 99



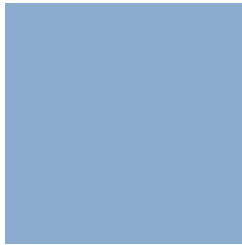
168, 0, 82



41, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 172, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

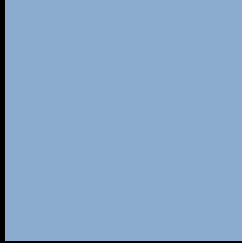
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 172, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

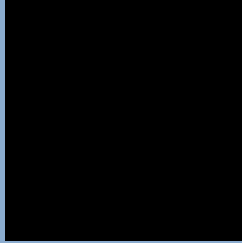
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

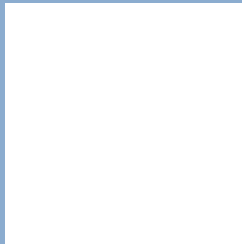
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 139, 172, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 172, 207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 172, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

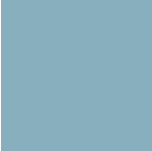
Dichromacy



Original Color
139, 172, 207

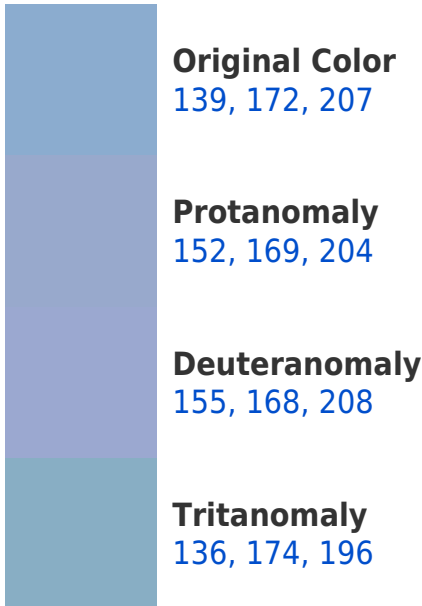
Protanopia
160, 167, 203

Deuteranopia
164, 165, 209

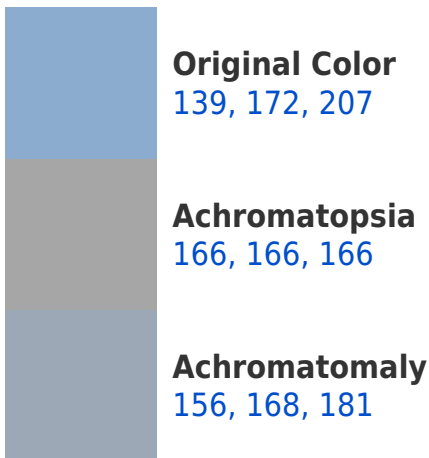


Tritanopia
135, 175, 189

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 139, 172, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 172, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 172, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 172, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 172, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 139, 172, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 172, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 172, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 172, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 172, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 172, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 172,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 139, 172, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 172, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
172, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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