

Converting Colors

RGB(139, 191, 253)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(139, 191, 253) contains.

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Color

RGB(139, 191, 253)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8BBFFD
RGB	139, 191, 253
RGB Percent	55%, 75%, 99%
CMY	0.4549, 0.2510, 0.0078
CMYK	0.45, 0.25, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	213°, 97%, 77%
HSV	213°, 45%, 99%
XYZ	47.0079, 49.8424, 100.0715
YIQ	182.5200, -50.8940, 8.2580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

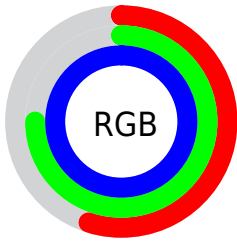
Format	Color
R _Y B	139, 175, 253
Decimal	9158653
CIE Lab	75.97, -1.02, -35.88
CIE LCh	76, 35.894, 268.367
Yxy	49.8424, 0.2387, 0.2531
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287348733 (0xFF8BBFFD)
YUV	182.5200, 34.7466, -38.1670
Hunter-Lab	70.5992, -4.6957, -34.6218

Details

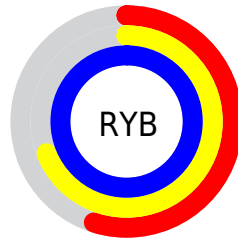
The RGB color **139, 191, 253** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **253, 201, 139**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197, 247, 255**, and **82, 138, 196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **114, 177, 253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164, 205, 253**.

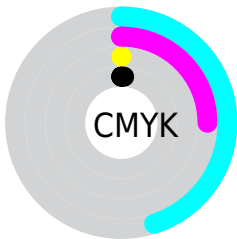
Distribution



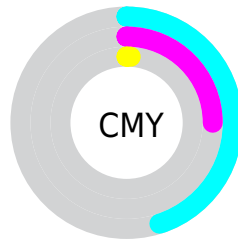
- Red (55%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 139, 191, 253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 139, 191, 253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 139, 191, 253


255, 255, 255


 197, 247, 255

 226, 255, 255

 139, 191, 253

 110, 164, 224

 82, 138, 196

 51, 113, 169

 3, 88, 142

 0, 65, 116

 0, 44, 91

 0, 23, 67

 0, 3, 45

 0, 1, 23

■ 139, 191, 253

■ 139, 191, 253

■ 114, 177, 253

■ 164, 205, 253

■ 88, 163, 253

■ 190, 219, 253

■ 63, 150, 253

■ 215, 232, 253

■ 38, 136, 253

■ 240, 246, 253

■ 13, 122, 253

255, 255, 253

■ 0, 115, 253

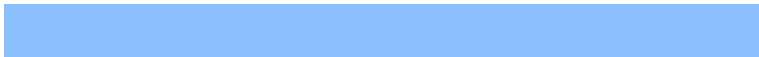
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90, 200, 243



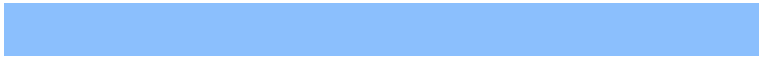
139, 191, 253



189, 179, 246

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139, 191, 253



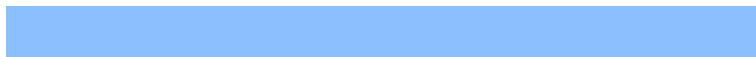
252, 164, 157



138, 202, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139, 191, 253



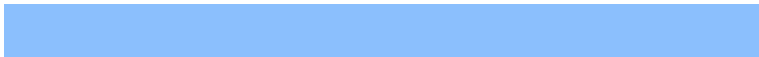
253, 201, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177, 195, 128



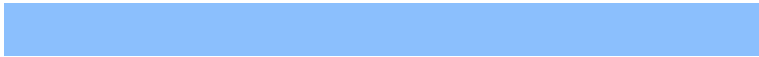
139, 191, 253



238, 173, 132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139, 191, 253



249, 162, 190



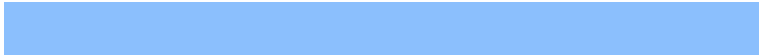
212, 185, 121



98, 205, 184

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139, 191, 253



217, 172, 232



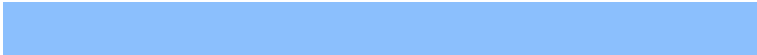
212, 185, 121



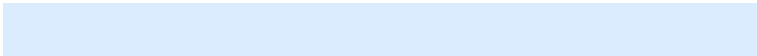
152, 200, 142

Sweetspot

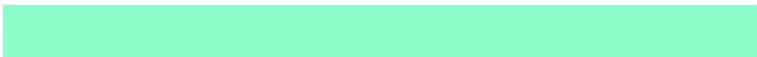
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139, 191, 253



219, 236, 255



139, 253, 200



106, 116, 128



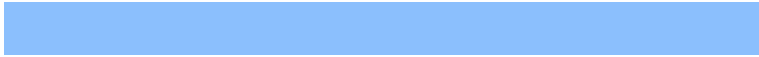
0, 0, 0



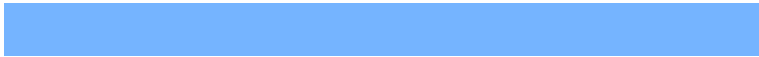
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139, 191, 253



117, 180, 255



143, 139, 253



115, 121, 128



0, 87, 191



0, 29, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



253, 139, 191



255, 117, 180



249, 253, 139



128, 115, 121



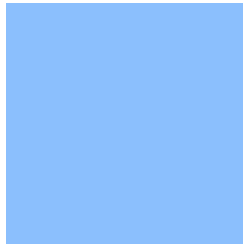
191, 0, 87



64, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 191, 253 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

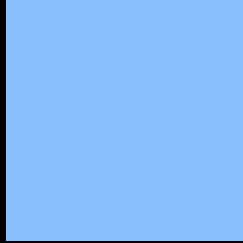
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 191, 253 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

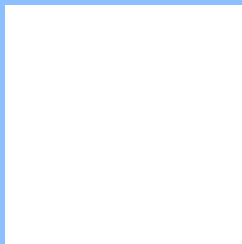
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 139, 191, 253 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 191, 253.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 191, 253.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

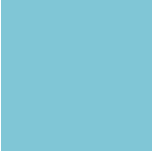
Dichromacy



Original Color
139, 191, 253

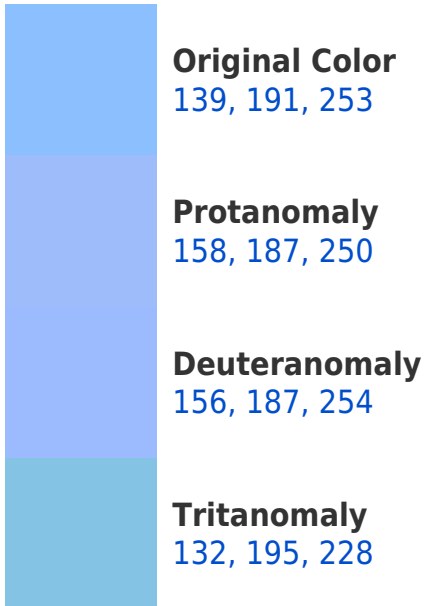
Protanopia
169, 184, 248

Deuteranopia
166, 184, 255

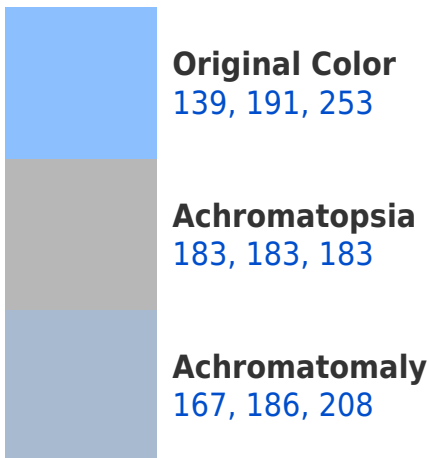


Tritanopia
128, 198, 214

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 139, 191, 253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 191, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 191, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 191, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 191, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 139, 191, 253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 191, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 191, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 191, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 191, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 191, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 191,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 139, 191, 253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 191, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
191, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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