

Converting Colors

RGB(139, 75, 105)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(139, 75, 105) contains.

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Color

RGB(139, 75, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B4B69
RGB	139, 75, 105
RGB Percent	55%, 29%, 41%
CMY	0.4549, 0.7059, 0.5882
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.24, 0.45
HSL	332°, 30%, 42%
HSV	332°, 46%, 55%
XYZ	15.7133, 11.5410, 14.7641
YIQ	97.5560, 28.5140, 22.8980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

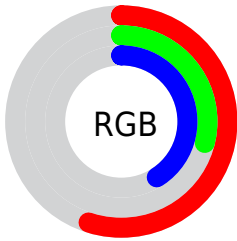
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 75, 105
Decimal	9128809
CIE Lab	40.48, 30.98, -5.37
CIE LCh	40, 31.445, 350.158
Yxy	11.5410, 0.3740, 0.2747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287318889 (0xFF8B4B69)
YUV	97.5560, 3.6699, 36.3464
Hunter-Lab	33.9721, 23.1116, -1.9866

Details

The RGB color **139, 75, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **75, 139, 109**, and the grayscale version is **97, 97, 97**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 125, 156**, and **87, 27, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 61, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 89, 112**.

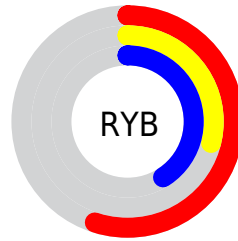
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (29%)

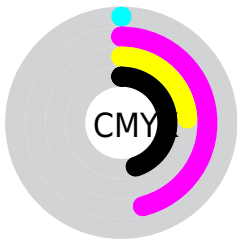
Blue (41%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (41%)

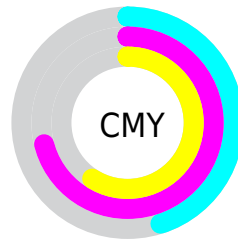


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 139, 75, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 139, 75, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



139, 75, 105



139, 75, 105

255, 255, 255



113, 51, 81



194, 125, 156



87, 27, 58



223, 152, 183



62, 2, 36



252, 179, 211



42, 0, 15



255, 207, 239



0, 0, 0



255, 235, 255



139, 75, 105



139, 75, 105



139, 61, 98



139, 89, 112



139, 47, 90



139, 103, 120

■ 139, 33, 83

■ 139, 117, 127

■ 139, 19, 75

■ 139, 131, 135

■ 139, 5, 68

■ 139, 145, 142

■ 139, 0, 65

■ 139, 158, 149

■ 139, 172, 157

■ 139, 186, 164

■ 139, 200, 171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119, 82, 129



139, 75, 105



144, 75, 79

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139, 75, 105



94, 99, 45



0, 106, 134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139, 75, 105



75, 139, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 109, 112



139, 75, 105



64, 105, 61

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139, 75, 105



118, 91, 44



18, 108, 86



28, 101, 146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139, 75, 105



140, 79, 63



18, 108, 86



0, 107, 128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139, 75, 105



181, 156, 168



108, 75, 139



92, 76, 84



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139, 75, 105



181, 81, 128



139, 76, 75



69, 62, 65



133, 0, 62



5, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139, 75, 105



181, 81, 128



75, 138, 139



69, 62, 65



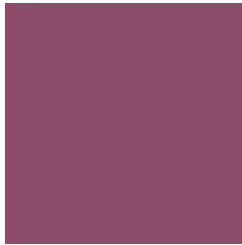
133, 0, 62



5, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 139, 75, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

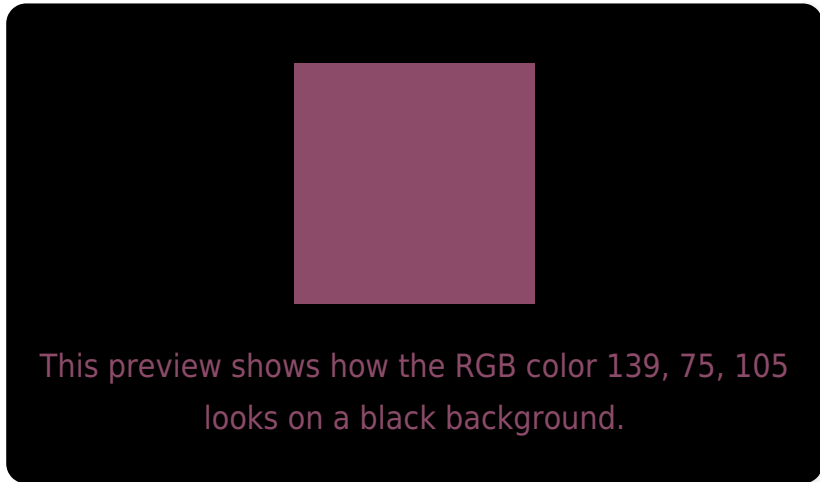
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 139, 75, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 75, 105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 139, 75, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

139, 75, 105

Protanopia

91, 95, 118

Deuteranopia

102, 93, 102



Tritanopia
137, 79, 85

Trichromacy



Original Color

139, 75, 105

Protanomaly

108, 88, 113

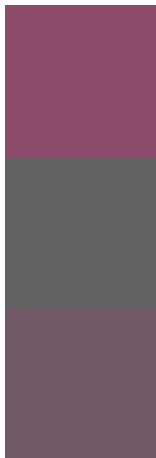
Deuteranomaly

115, 86, 103

Tritanomaly

138, 78, 92

Monochromacy



Original Color

139, 75, 105

Achromatopsia

98, 98, 98

Achromatomaly

113, 90, 101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 139, 75, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(139, 75, 105) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 75, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 75, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 75, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 139, 75, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 75, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 75, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 75, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 75, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 75, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 75,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 139, 75, 105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 75, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139, 75,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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