

Converting Colors

RGB(13, 122, 140)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(13, 122, 140) contains.

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Color

RGB(13, 122, 140)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0D7A8C
RGB	13, 122, 140
RGB Percent	5%, 48%, 55%
CMY	0.9490, 0.5216, 0.4510
CMYK	0.91, 0.13, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	189°, 83%, 30%
HSV	189°, 91%, 55%
XYZ	11.8591, 15.8981, 27.2545
YIQ	91.4610, -70.7420, -17.5100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

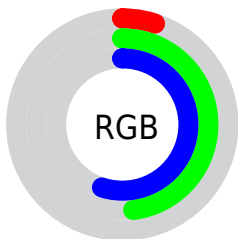
Format	Color
RYB	13, 72, 140
Decimal	883340
CIELab	46.84, -21.02, -17.70
CIElCh	47, 27.476, 220.101
Yxy	15.8981, 0.2156, 0.2890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279073420 (0xFF0D7A8C)
YUV	91.4610, 23.9297, -68.8103
Hunter-Lab	39.8724, -16.6859, -12.6166

Details

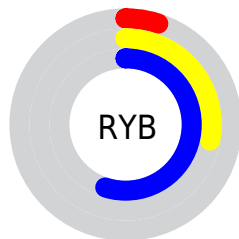
The RGB color **13, 122, 140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **140, 31, 13**, and the grayscale version is **91, 91, 91**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 175, 194**, and **0, 73, 90** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 120, 140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 124, 140**.

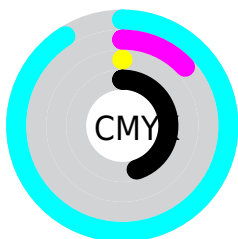
Distribution



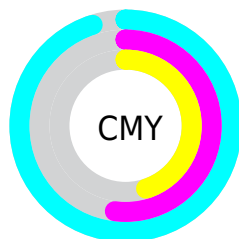
- Red (5%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)





- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 13, 122, 140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 13, 122, 140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 13, 122, 140

 13, 122, 140

255, 255, 255

 0, 97, 114


 87, 175, 194

 0, 73, 90

 116, 202, 221

 0, 50, 66

 144, 230, 250

 0, 30, 44


 173, 255, 255


 0, 1, 24

 202, 255, 255


 0, 0, 0

 232, 255, 255

 13, 122, 140

 13, 122, 140

 0, 120, 140

 27, 124, 140

■ 41, 126, 140

■ 55, 128, 140

■ 69, 130, 140

■ 83, 132, 140

■ 97, 134, 140

■ 111, 136, 140

■ 125, 138, 140

■ 139, 140, 140

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32, 123, 118



13, 122, 140



50, 118, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13, 122, 140



146, 95, 127



119, 112, 65

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13, 122, 140



140, 31, 13

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139, 104, 68



13, 122, 140



156, 93, 104

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13, 122, 140



124, 102, 146



153, 97, 82



93, 118, 75

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13, 122, 140



78, 113, 157



153, 97, 82



126, 110, 65

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13, 122, 140



132, 174, 181



13, 140, 30



62, 88, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13, 122, 140



0, 155, 181



13, 60, 140



62, 68, 69



0, 114, 133



0, 4, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 13, 122



181, 0, 155



140, 93, 13



69, 62, 68



133, 0, 114



5, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 13, 122, 140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 13, 122, 140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

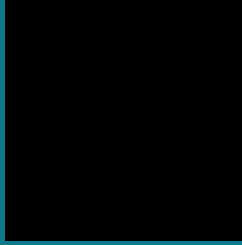
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 13, 122, 140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 13, 122, 140.

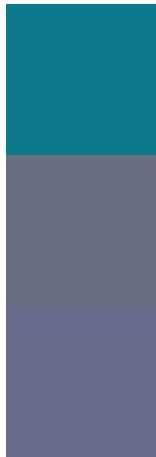


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 13, 122, 140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
13, 122, 140

Protanopia
106, 110, 131

Deuteranopia
104, 109, 143



Tritanopia
0, 123, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color

13, 122, 140

Protanomaly

72, 114, 134

Deuteranomaly

71, 114, 142

Tritanomaly

5, 123, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

13, 122, 140

Achromatopsia

91, 91, 91

Achromatomaly

63, 102, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 13, 122, 140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 122, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 122, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 122, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 122, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 13, 122, 140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 122, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 122, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 122, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 122, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 122, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 122,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 13, 122, 140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 122, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 122,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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