

Converting Colors

RGB(13, 137, 198)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(13, 137, 198) contains.

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Color

RGB(13, 137, 198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0D89C6
RGB	13, 137, 198
RGB Percent	5%, 54%, 78%
CMY	0.9490, 0.4627, 0.2235
CMYK	0.93, 0.31, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	200°, 88%, 41%
HSV	200°, 93%, 78%
XYZ	19.3047, 22.0541, 56.6655
YIQ	106.8780, -93.4850, -7.3170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

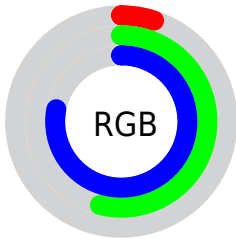
Format	Color
R_{YB}	13, 87, 198
Decimal	887238
CIE _{Lab}	54.08, -8.18, -40.04
CIE _{LCh}	54, 40.865, 258.453
Yxy	22.0541, 0.1969, 0.2250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279077318 (0xFF0D89C6)
YUV	106.8780, 44.9231, -82.3310
Hunter-Lab	46.9618, -8.8068, -38.6678

Details

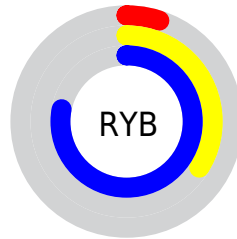
The RGB color **13, 137, 198** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **198, 74, 13**, and the grayscale version is **107, 107, 107**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 190, 255**, and **0, 87, 144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 133, 198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 144, 198**.

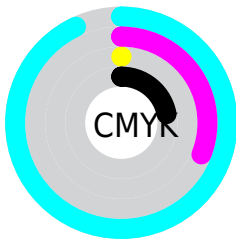
Distribution



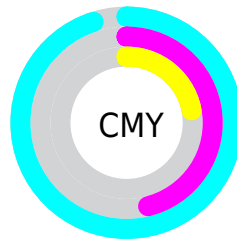
- Red (5%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)






















- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 13, 137, 198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 13, 137, 198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 13, 137, 198	 13, 137, 198
 255, 255, 255	 0, 112, 171
 100, 190, 255	 0, 87, 144
 131, 218, 255	 0, 64, 118
 162, 246, 255	 0, 43, 93
 192, 255, 255	 0, 23, 69
 223, 255, 255	 0, 4, 46
 253, 255, 255	 0, 1, 24
	 0, 0, 0
 13, 137, 198	 13, 137, 198

■ 0, 133, 198

■ 33, 144, 198

■ 53, 150, 198

■ 72, 157, 198

■ 92, 163, 198

■ 112, 170, 198

■ 132, 176, 198

■ 152, 183, 198

■ 171, 189, 198

■ 191, 196, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 144, 181



13, 137, 198



110, 125, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13, 137, 198



196, 101, 109



88, 142, 81

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13, 137, 198



198, 74, 13

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129, 134, 60



13, 137, 198



186, 110, 78

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13, 137, 198



188, 101, 144



162, 123, 59



21, 146, 114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13, 137, 198



145, 116, 185



162, 123, 59



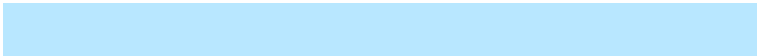
103, 140, 72

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13, 137, 198



184, 231, 255



13, 198, 72



84, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



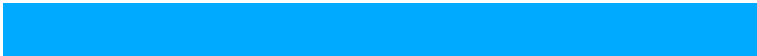
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13, 137, 198



0, 171, 255



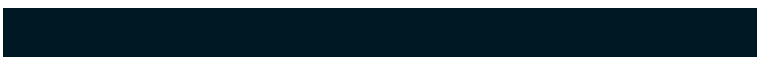
13, 47, 198



90, 96, 99



0, 109, 163



0, 24, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198, 13, 137



255, 0, 171



198, 164, 13



99, 90, 96



163, 0, 109



36, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 13, 137, 198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 13, 137, 198 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 13, 137, 198 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 13, 137, 198.

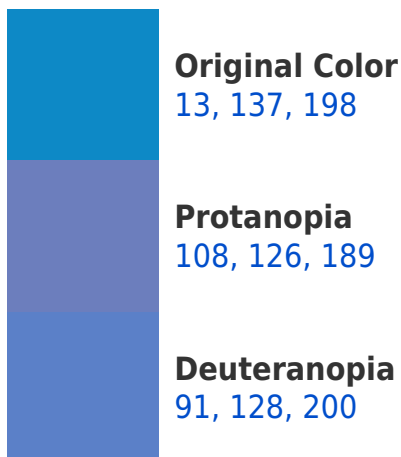


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 13, 137, 198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 143, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color
13, 137, 198

Protanomaly
73, 130, 192

Deuteranomaly
63, 131, 199

Tritanomaly
5, 141, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color
13, 137, 198

Achromatopsia
107, 107, 107

Achromatomaly
73, 118, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 13, 137, 198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 137, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 137, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 137, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 137, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 13, 137, 198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 137, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 137, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 137, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 137, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 137, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 137,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 13, 137, 198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 137, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 137,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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