

Converting Colors

RGB(140, 125, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(140, 125, 129) contains.

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Color

RGB(140, 125, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C7D81
RGB	140, 125, 129
RGB Percent	55%, 49%, 51%
CMY	0.4510, 0.5098, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.08, 0.45
HSL	344°, 6%, 52%
HSV	344°, 11%, 55%
XYZ	22.1113, 21.8277, 23.8166
YIQ	129.9410, 7.6560, 4.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

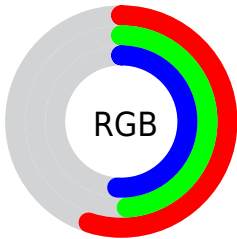
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 125, 129
Decimal	9207169
CIE Lab	53.84, 6.46, -0.08
CIE LCh	54, 6.462, 359.251
Yxy	21.8277, 0.3263, 0.3222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287397249 (0xFF8C7D81)
YUV	129.9410, -0.4639, 8.8217
Hunter-Lab	46.7201, 2.7188, 2.4796

Details

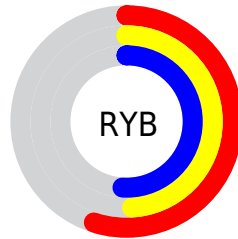
The RGB color **140, 125, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **125, 140, 136**, and the grayscale version is **130, 130, 130**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 178, 182**, and **90, 76, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **140, 111, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140, 139, 139**.

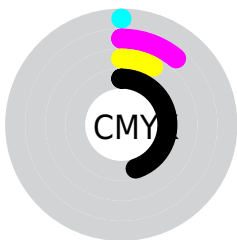
Distribution



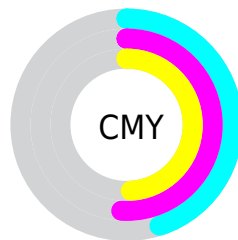
- Red (55%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (45%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 140, 125, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 140, 125, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 140, 125, 129


255, 255, 255

 194, 178, 182

 222, 205, 209

 250, 233, 238

 140, 125, 129

 114, 100, 104


 90, 76, 80

 66, 53, 57

 44, 32, 36


 24, 9, 14


 0, 0, 0


 140, 125, 129

 140, 111, 119

 140, 97, 108

 140, 125, 129

 140, 139, 139

 140, 153, 150

■ 140, 83, 98

■ 140, 167, 160

■ 140, 69, 88

■ 140, 181, 170

■ 140, 55, 78

■ 140, 195, 180

■ 140, 41, 67

■ 140, 209, 191

■ 140, 27, 57

■ 140, 223, 201

■ 140, 13, 47

■ 140, 237, 211

■ 140, 0, 37

■ 140, 251, 221

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136, 126, 134



140, 125, 129



141, 125, 123

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140, 125, 129



127, 130, 119



117, 131, 138

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140, 125, 129



125, 140, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115, 132, 134



140, 125, 129



121, 131, 123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140, 125, 129



134, 128, 118



116, 132, 128



123, 129, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140, 125, 129



140, 126, 120



116, 132, 128



116, 131, 137

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140, 125, 129



181, 176, 177



136, 125, 140



92, 88, 89



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140, 125, 129



181, 158, 164



140, 129, 125



69, 62, 64



133, 0, 35



5, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 125, 129



181, 158, 164



125, 137, 140



69, 62, 64



133, 0, 35



5, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 125, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

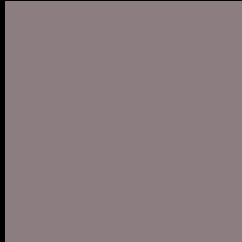
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 125, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

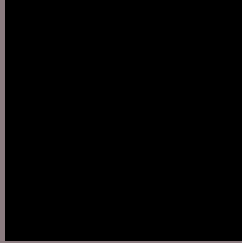
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 140, 125, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 125, 129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 125, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[140](#), [125](#), [129](#)

Protanopia

[130](#), [128](#), [131](#)

Deuteranopia

[141](#), [125](#), [129](#)



Tritanopia
141, 124, 134

Trichromacy



Original Color

140, 125, 129

Protanomaly

134, 127, 130

Deuteranomaly

141, 125, 129

Tritanomaly

141, 124, 132

Monochromacy



Original Color

140, 125, 129

Achromatopsia

130, 130, 130

Achromatomaly

134, 128, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 140, 125, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(140, 125, 129) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 125, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 125, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 125, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 140, 125, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 125, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 125, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 125, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 125, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 125, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 125,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 140, 125, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 125, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
125, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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