

Converting Colors

RGB(140, 133, 175)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(140, 133, 175) contains.

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Color

RGB(140, 133, 175)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C85AF
RGB	140, 133, 175
RGB Percent	55%, 52%, 69%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4784, 0.3137
CMYK	0.20, 0.24, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	250°, 21%, 60%
HSV	250°, 24%, 69%
XYZ	26.9406, 25.4457, 44.0490
YIQ	139.8810, -9.3100, 14.5460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

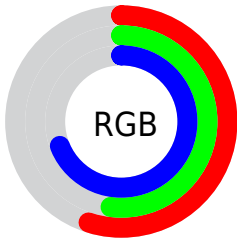
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 133, 175
Decimal	9209263
CIE _{Lab}	57.51, 11.60, -21.18
CIE _{LCh}	58, 24.151, 298.711
Yxy	25.4457, 0.2794, 0.2639
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287399343 (0xFF8C85AF)
YUV	139.8810, 17.3137, 0.1044
Hunter-Lab	50.4437, 7.0556, -16.4633

Details

The RGB color `140, 133, 175` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be `168, 175, 133`, and the grayscale version is `140, 140, 140`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `194, 186, 231`, and `89, 84, 122` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `125, 115, 175`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `155, 151, 175`.

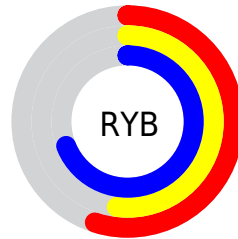
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (52%)

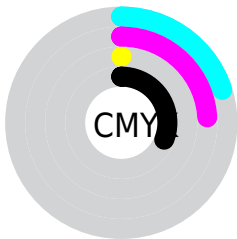
Blue (69%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (69%)

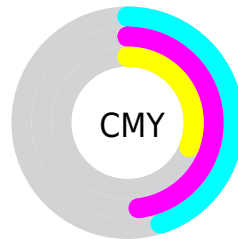


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 140, 133, 175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 140, 133, 175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 140, 133, 175

255, 255, 255

■ 194, 186, 231

■ 222, 214, 255

■ 251, 242, 255

■ 140, 133, 175

■ 114, 108, 148

■ 89, 84, 122

■ 65, 60, 97

■ 42, 39, 73

■ 20, 19, 51

■ 0, 1, 30

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 140, 133, 175

■ 125, 115, 175

■ 140, 133, 175

■ 155, 151, 175

■ 111, 98, 175

■ 169, 168, 175

■ 96, 81, 175

■ 184, 186, 175

■ 82, 63, 175

■ 198, 203, 175

■ 67, 46, 175

■ 213, 221, 175

■ 53, 28, 175

■ 227, 238, 175

■ 38, 11, 175

■ 242, 255, 175

■ 29, 0, 175

■ 255, 255, 175

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110, 140, 180



140, 133, 175



164, 126, 160

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140, 133, 175



171, 129, 103



85, 150, 136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140, 133, 175



168, 175, 133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107, 148, 116



140, 133, 175



154, 136, 96

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140, 133, 175



180, 124, 119



132, 143, 101



73, 149, 158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140, 133, 175



175, 123, 147



132, 143, 101



92, 149, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140, 133, 175



214, 211, 227



133, 168, 175



107, 106, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140, 133, 175



172, 161, 227



161, 133, 175



79, 78, 87



25, 0, 150



4, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175, 133, 168



227, 161, 216



147, 175, 133



87, 78, 85



150, 0, 125



23, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 133, 175 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 133, 175 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

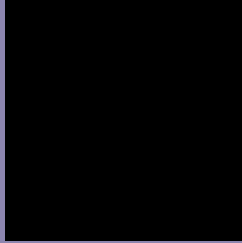
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 140, 133, 175 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 133, 175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 133, 175.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

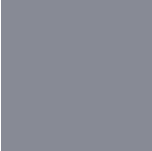
Dichromacy



Original Color
140, 133, 175

Protanopia
127, 137, 178

Deuteranopia
133, 135, 175



Tritanopia
135, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color
140, 133, 175

Protanomaly
132, 136, 177

Deuteranomaly
136, 134, 175

Tritanomaly
137, 136, 158

Monochromacy



Original Color
140, 133, 175

Achromatopsia
140, 140, 140

Achromatomaly
140, 137, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 140, 133, 175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 133, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 133, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 133, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 133, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 140, 133, 175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 133, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 133, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 133, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 133, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 133, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 133,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 140, 133, 175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 133, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
133, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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