

Converting Colors

RGB(140, 144, 103)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(140, 144, 103) contains.

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Color

RGB(140, 144, 103)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C9067
RGB	140, 144, 103
RGB Percent	55%, 56%, 40%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4353, 0.5961
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.28, 0.44
HSL	66°, 17%, 48%
HSV	66°, 28%, 56%
XYZ	23.2367, 26.5012, 16.7225
YIQ	138.1300, 10.7770, -13.5990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

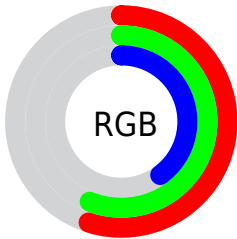
Format	Color
RYB	103, 144, 107
Decimal	9212007
CIELab	58.51, -8.52, 21.36
CIELCh	59, 22.997, 111.746
Yxy	26.5012, 0.3496, 0.3988
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287402087 (0xFF8C9067)
YUV	138.1300, -17.3191, 1.6400
Hunter-Lab	51.4794, -9.5179, 16.7758

Details

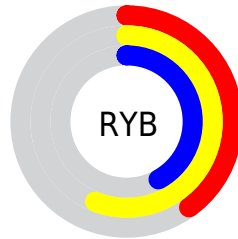
The RGB color **140, 144, 103** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **107, 103, 144**, and the grayscale version is **138, 138, 138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 198, 154**, and **89, 94, 55** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 144, 89**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 144, 117**.

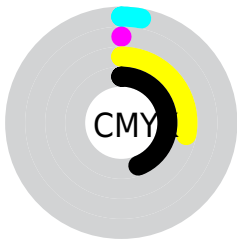
Distribution



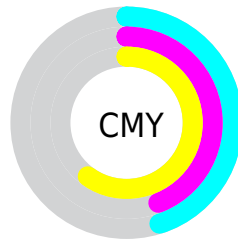
- Red (55%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (44%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 140, 144, 103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 140, 144, 103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 140, 144, 103

255, 255, 255

 194, 198, 154

 222, 226, 181


 251, 254, 209

 255, 255, 237

 140, 144, 103

 139, 144, 89

 137, 144, 74

 140, 144, 103

 114, 118, 79


 89, 94, 55


 65, 70, 33

 43, 48, 12

 22, 27, 0

 0, 0, 0

 140, 144, 103

 141, 144, 117

 143, 144, 132

■ 136, 144, 60

■ 144, 144, 146

■ 134, 144, 45

■ 146, 144, 161

■ 133, 144, 31

■ 147, 144, 175

■ 132, 144, 17

■ 148, 144, 189

■ 130, 144, 2

■ 150, 144, 204

■ 130, 144, 0

■ 151, 144, 218

■ 153, 144, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 137, 101



140, 144, 103



117, 149, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140, 144, 103



85, 149, 172



177, 126, 147

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140, 144, 103



107, 103, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



161, 131, 166



140, 144, 103



108, 144, 180

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140, 144, 103



81, 152, 155



136, 137, 178



182, 127, 127

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140, 144, 103



102, 151, 127



136, 137, 178



173, 127, 154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140, 144, 103



185, 186, 169



144, 106, 103



93, 94, 84



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140, 144, 103



180, 186, 123



120, 144, 103



71, 71, 64



122, 135, 0



7, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 103, 144



129, 123, 186



127, 103, 144



65, 64, 71



13, 0, 135



1, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 144, 103 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

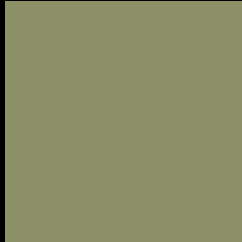
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 144, 103 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

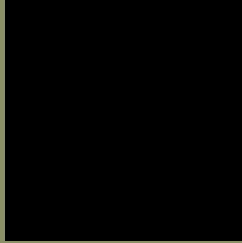
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 140, 144, 103 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 144, 103.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 144, 103.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
140, 144, 103

Protanopia
151, 140, 101

Deuteranopia
166, 135, 105



Tritanopia
146, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

140, 144, 103

Protanomaly

147, 141, 102

Deuteranomaly

157, 138, 104

Tritanomaly

144, 140, 132

Monochromacy



Original Color

140, 144, 103

Achromatopsia

138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly

139, 140, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 140, 144, 103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 144, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 144, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 144, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 144, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 140, 144, 103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 144, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 144, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 144, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 144, 103); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 144, 103); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 144, 103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 140, 144, 103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 144, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
144, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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