

# Converting Colors

RGB(140, 161, 219)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(140, 161, 219) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(140, 161, 219)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CA1DB
RGB	140, 161, 219
RGB Percent	55%, 63%, 86%
CMY	0.4510, 0.3686, 0.1412
CMYK	0.36, 0.26, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	224°, 52%, 70%
HSV	224°, 36%, 86%
XYZ	36.3463, 36.1797, 72.0856
YIQ	161.3330, -31.1340, 13.5860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

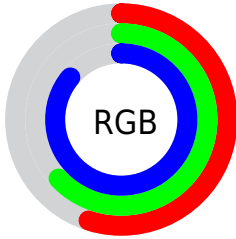
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	140, 157, 219
Decimal	9216475
CIE Lab	66.66, 6.64, -31.80
CIE LCh	67, 32.485, 281.794
Yxy	36.1797, 0.2513, 0.2502
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287406555 (0xFF8CA1DB)
YUV	161.3330, 28.4298, -18.7090
Hunter-Lab	60.1495, 2.5997, -28.9508

# Details

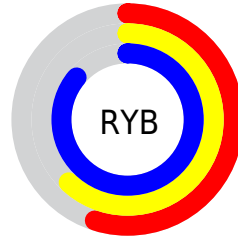
The RGB color **140, 161, 219** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **219, 198, 140**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 216, 255**, and **87, 110, 164** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 145, 219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162, 177, 219**.

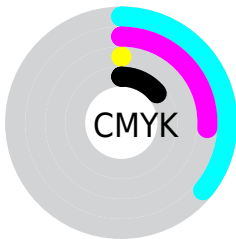
# Distribution



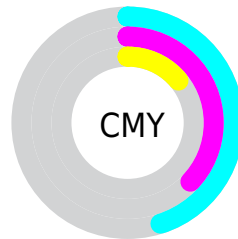
- Red (55%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 140, 161, 219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 140, 161, 219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 140, 161, 219

255, 255, 255


 196, 216, 255


 224, 244, 255


253, 255, 255

 140, 161, 219

 113, 135, 191

 87, 110, 164

 60, 85, 137

 32, 63, 112

 0, 41, 87

 0, 21, 63

 0, 3, 41

 0, 1, 19

 0, 0, 0

■ 140, 161, 219

■ 140, 161, 219

■ 118, 145, 219

■ 162, 177, 219

■ 96, 129, 219

■ 184, 193, 219

■ 74, 113, 219

■ 206, 209, 219

■ 52, 97, 219

■ 228, 225, 219

■ 31, 81, 219

■ 249, 241, 219

■ 9, 65, 219

■ 255, 255, 219

■ 0, 58, 219

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94, 170, 217



140, 161, 219



181, 150, 206

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140, 161, 219



215, 145, 125



103, 177, 143

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140, 161, 219



219, 198, 140

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138, 172, 118



140, 161, 219



198, 154, 107

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140, 161, 219



220, 140, 152



171, 164, 104



70, 178, 173

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140, 161, 219



201, 144, 190



171, 164, 104



115, 175, 134



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140, 161, 219



227, 234, 255



140, 219, 198



111, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140, 161, 219



145, 174, 255



158, 140, 219



99, 102, 110



0, 46, 173



0, 12, 46



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 140, 161



255, 145, 174



201, 219, 140



110, 99, 102



173, 0, 46



46, 0, 12



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 161, 219 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

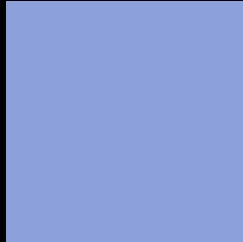
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 161, 219 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

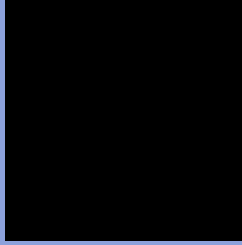
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

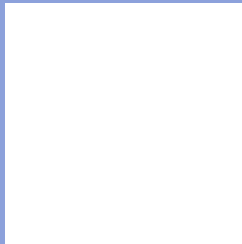
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 140, 161, 219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 161, 219.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 161, 219.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
140, 161, 219

**Protanopia**  
145, 160, 218

**Deuteranopia**  
145, 160, 219



**Tritanopia**  
131, 168, 181

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

140, 161, 219

**Protanomaly**

143, 160, 218

**Deuteranomaly**

143, 160, 219

**Tritanomaly**

134, 165, 195

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

140, 161, 219

**Achromatopsia**

161, 161, 161

**Achromatomaly**

153, 161, 182

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 140, 161, 219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 161, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 161, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 161, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 161, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 140, 161, 219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 161, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 161, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 161, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 161, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 161, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 161,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 140, 161, 219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 161, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
161, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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