

Converting Colors

RGB(140, 170, 132)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(140, 170, 132) contains.

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Color

RGB(140, 170, 132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CAA84
RGB	140, 170, 132
RGB Percent	55%, 67%, 52%
CMY	0.4510, 0.3333, 0.4824
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.22, 0.33
HSL	107°, 18%, 59%
HSV	107°, 22%, 67%
XYZ	29.3548, 35.9908, 27.2296
YIQ	156.6980, -5.6820, -18.1780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

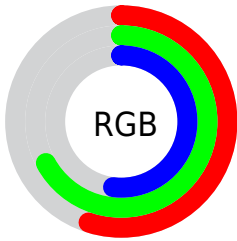
Format	Color
RYB	132, 170, 162
Decimal	9218692
CIELab	66.51, -17.68, 16.26
CIElCh	67, 24.022, 137.407
Yxy	35.9908, 0.3171, 0.3888
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287408772 (0xFF8CAA84)
YUV	156.6980, -12.1761, -14.6441
Hunter-Lab	59.9924, -17.6450, 15.0839

Details

The RGB color **140, 170, 132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **162, 132, 170**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 225, 185**, and **89, 118, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127, 170, 115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153, 170, 149**.

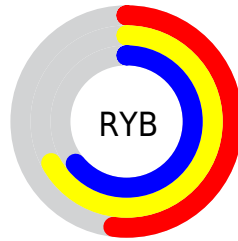
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (67%)

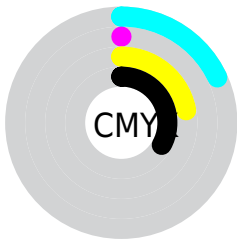
Blue (52%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (64%)

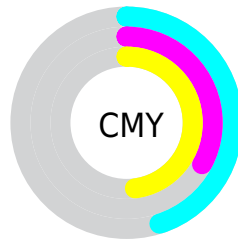


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (33%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 140, 170, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 140, 170, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 140, 170, 132


255, 255, 255


 194, 225, 185

 222, 254, 213

 251, 255, 241

 140, 170, 132

 114, 143, 107

 89, 118, 82

 65, 93, 59


 42, 69, 37


 20, 47, 16

 0, 27, 0

 0, 0, 0

 140, 170, 132


 127, 170, 115


 140, 170, 132

 153, 170, 149

 113, 170, 98

 167, 170, 166


 100, 170, 81

 180, 170, 183


 86, 170, 64


 194, 170, 200

 73, 170, 47

 207, 170, 217

 59, 170, 30

 221, 170, 234

 46, 170, 13

 234, 170, 251

 36, 170, 0

 247, 170, 255

 255, 170, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165, 164, 120



140, 170, 132



116, 173, 152

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140, 170, 132



123, 166, 203



206, 146, 150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140, 170, 132



162, 132, 170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



199, 147, 172



140, 170, 132



153, 159, 203

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140, 170, 132



102, 172, 193



180, 152, 191



201, 150, 131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140, 170, 132



104, 174, 167



180, 152, 191



205, 146, 157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140, 170, 132



210, 222, 206



170, 162, 132



105, 112, 103



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140, 170, 132



175, 222, 162



132, 170, 143



78, 84, 76



31, 148, 0



4, 20, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162, 132, 170



209, 162, 222



170, 132, 159



82, 76, 84



117, 0, 148



16, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 170, 132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

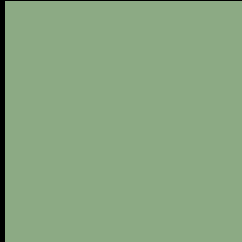
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 170, 132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

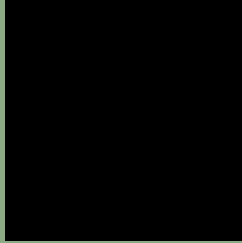
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 140, 170, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 170, 132.

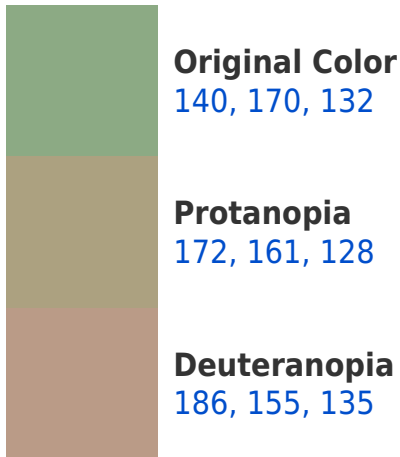


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 170, 132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

147, 164, 177

Trichromacy



Original Color
140, 170, 132

Protanomaly
160, 164, 129

Deuteranomaly
169, 160, 134

Tritanomaly
144, 166, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color
140, 170, 132

Achromatopsia
157, 157, 157

Achromatomaly
151, 162, 148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 140, 170, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 170, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 170, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 170, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 170, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 140, 170, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 170, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 170, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 170, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 170, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 170, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 170,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 140, 170, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 170, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
170, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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