

Converting Colors

RGB(140, 197, 136)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(140, 197, 136) contains.

RGB(140, 197, 136)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(140, 197, 136)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CC588
RGB	140, 197, 136
RGB Percent	55%, 77%, 53%
CMY	0.4510, 0.2275, 0.4667
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.31, 0.23
HSL	116°, 34%, 65%
HSV	116°, 31%, 77%
XYZ	35.2254, 47.2855, 30.5630
YIQ	173.0030, -14.3910, -31.0550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

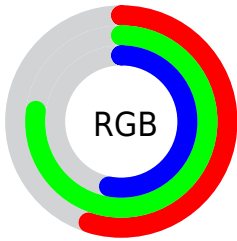
Format	Color
RYB	136, 197, 193
Decimal	9225608
CIELab	74.37, -30.38, 24.86
CIELCh	74, 39.261, 140.707
Yxy	47.2855, 0.3115, 0.4182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287415688 (0xFF8CC588)
YUV	173.0030, -18.2425, -28.9436
Hunter-Lab	68.7645, -28.8991, 21.7831

Details

The RGB color **140, 197, 136** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **193, 136, 197**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195, 254, 190**, and **88, 143, 86** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122, 197, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158, 197, 156**.

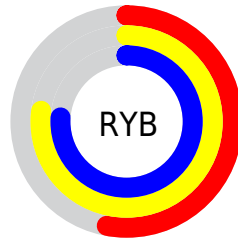
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (77%)

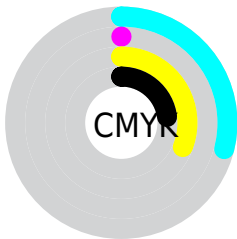
Blue (53%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (76%)

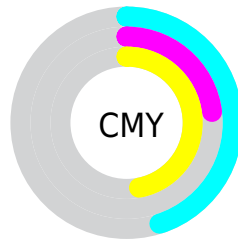


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (23%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 140, 197, 136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 140, 197, 136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 140, 197, 136


255, 255, 255

 195, 254, 190


 223, 255, 218

 252, 255, 246

 140, 197, 136

 114, 170, 110

 88, 143, 86

 62, 117, 62

 37, 92, 39


 7, 68, 17

 0, 45, 0

 0, 24, 0


 0, 0, 0

 140, 197, 136

 140, 197, 136

 122, 197, 116

 158, 197, 156

 103, 197, 97

 177, 197, 175

 85, 197, 77


 195, 197, 195


 66, 197, 57


 214, 197, 215

 48, 197, 38

 232, 197, 235

 30, 197, 18

 250, 197, 254

 13, 197, 0

 255, 197, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181, 189, 114



140, 197, 136



93, 202, 170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140, 197, 136



111, 190, 254



254, 156, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140, 197, 136



193, 136, 197

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



246, 156, 196



140, 197, 136



171, 178, 250

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140, 197, 136



48, 198, 238



217, 165, 229



243, 165, 128

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140, 197, 136



59, 202, 195



217, 165, 229



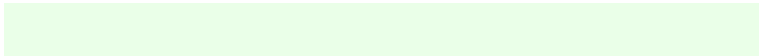
253, 155, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140, 197, 136



234, 255, 232



197, 193, 136



114, 128, 113



0, 0, 0



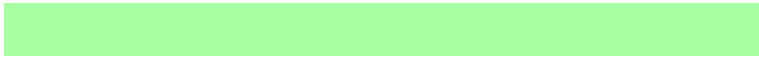
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140, 197, 136



167, 255, 161



136, 197, 162



90, 99, 90



11, 163, 0



2, 36, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 136, 197



249, 161, 255



197, 136, 171



99, 90, 99



152, 0, 163



33, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 197, 136 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 140, 197, 136 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

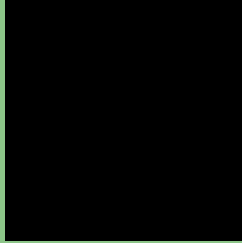
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 140, 197, 136 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 197, 136.

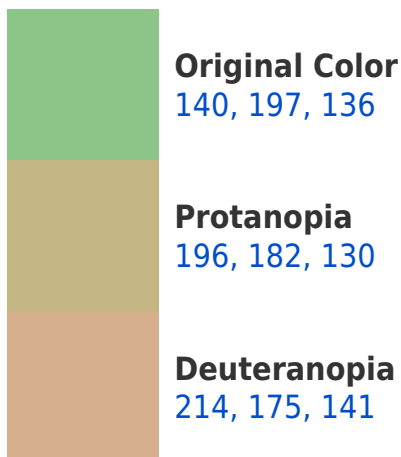


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 140, 197, 136.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
152, 188, 204

Trichromacy



Original Color

140, 197, 136



Protanomaly

176, 187, 132



Deuteranomaly

187, 183, 139



Tritanomaly

148, 191, 179

Monochromacy



Original Color

140, 197, 136



Achromatopsia

173, 173, 173



Achromatomaly

161, 182, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 140, 197, 136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 197, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 197, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 197, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 197, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 140, 197, 136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 197, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 197, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 197, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 197, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 197, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 197,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 140, 197, 136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 197, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
197, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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