

Converting Colors

RGB(141, 122, 114)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(141, 122, 114) contains.

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Color

RGB(141, 122, 114)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D7A72
RGB	141, 122, 114
RGB Percent	55%, 48%, 45%
CMY	0.4471, 0.5216, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.19, 0.45
HSL	18°, 11%, 50%
HSV	18°, 19%, 55%
XYZ	20.9813, 20.7967, 18.8279
YIQ	126.7690, 13.8920, 1.5400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

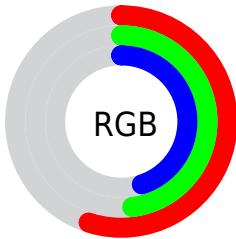
Format	Color
RYB	141, 125, 114
Decimal	9271922
CIELab	52.73, 5.95, 7.07
CIElCh	53, 9.239, 49.927
Yxy	20.7967, 0.3462, 0.3431
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287462002 (0xFF8D7A72)
YUV	126.7690, -6.2951, 12.4806
Hunter-Lab	45.6034, 2.3187, 7.4438

Details

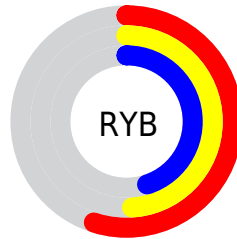
The RGB color **141, 122, 114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **114, 133, 141**, and the grayscale version is **127, 127, 127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195, 174, 166**, and **90, 73, 66** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **141, 112, 100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 132, 128**.

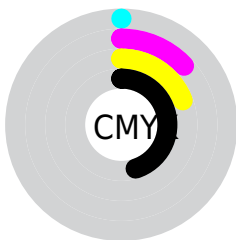
Distribution



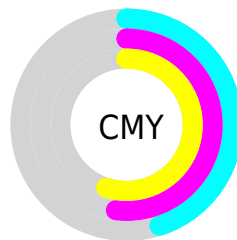
- Red (55%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 141, 122, 114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 141, 122, 114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 141, 122, 114

255, 255, 255


 195, 174, 166


 223, 202, 193

 252, 230, 221

 255, 255, 249

 141, 122, 114

 141, 112, 100

 141, 102, 86

 141, 122, 114

 115, 97, 90

 90, 73, 66

 67, 51, 44

 44, 30, 23

 24, 5, 0

 0, 0, 0

 141, 122, 114

 141, 132, 128

 141, 142, 142

■ 141, 92, 72

■ 141, 152, 156

■ 141, 82, 58

■ 141, 162, 170

■ 141, 72, 44

■ 141, 172, 185

■ 141, 62, 29

■ 141, 182, 199

■ 141, 53, 15

■ 141, 191, 213

■ 141, 43, 1

■ 141, 201, 227

■ 141, 42, 0

■ 141, 211, 241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143, 121, 121



141, 122, 114



135, 124, 110

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141, 122, 114



110, 130, 123



124, 125, 141

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141, 122, 114



114, 133, 141

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 127, 141



141, 122, 114



106, 131, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141, 122, 114



117, 129, 115



108, 129, 138



134, 122, 136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141, 122, 114



130, 126, 110



108, 129, 138



121, 126, 141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141, 122, 114



184, 176, 173



141, 114, 133



92, 87, 85



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141, 122, 114



184, 154, 141



141, 135, 114



71, 66, 64



135, 40, 0



8, 2, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114, 133, 141



141, 171, 184



114, 120, 141



64, 69, 71



0, 95, 135



0, 5, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 122, 114 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

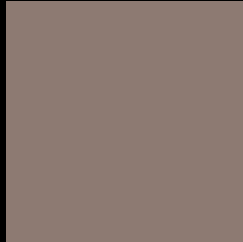
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 122, 114 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

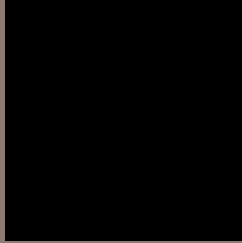
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 141, 122, 114 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 122, 114.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 122, 114.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

141, 122, 114

Protanopia

131, 125, 116

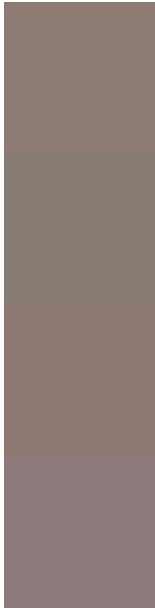
Deuteranopia

142, 121, 114



Tritanopia
143, 120, 129

Trichromacy



Original Color

141, 122, 114

Protanomaly

135, 124, 115

Deuteranomaly

142, 121, 114

Tritanomaly

142, 121, 124

Monochromacy



Original Color

141, 122, 114

Achromatopsia

127, 127, 127

Achromatomaly

132, 125, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 141, 122, 114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(141, 122, 114) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 122, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 122, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 122, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 141, 122, 114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 122, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 122, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 122, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 122, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 122, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 122,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 141, 122, 114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 122, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
122, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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