

Converting Colors

RGB(141, 198, 210)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(141, 198, 210) contains.

RGB(141, 198, 210)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(141, 198, 210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DC6D2
RGB	141, 198, 210
RGB Percent	55%, 78%, 82%
CMY	0.4471, 0.2235, 0.1765
CMYK	0.33, 0.06, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	190°, 43%, 69%
HSV	190°, 33%, 82%
XYZ	42.8114, 50.7040, 68.5032
YIQ	182.3250, -37.8240, -8.3520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

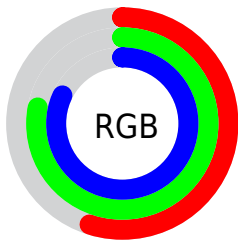
Format	Color
RYB	141, 172, 210
Decimal	9291474
CIELab	76.50, -15.43, -11.89
CIElCh	76, 19.481, 217.626
Yxy	50.7040, 0.2642, 0.3130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287481554 (0xFF8DC6D2)
YUV	182.3250, 13.6438, -36.2420
Hunter-Lab	71.2068, -17.2928, -7.1942

Details

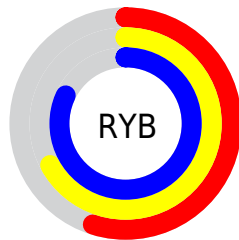
The RGB color **141, 198, 210** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **210, 153, 141**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197, 255, 255**, and **88, 144, 156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120, 194, 210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162, 202, 210**.

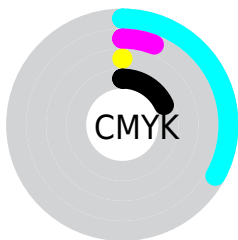
Distribution



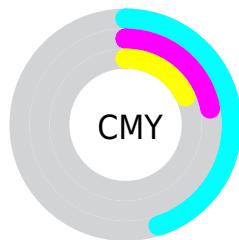
- Red (55%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 141, 198, 210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 141, 198, 210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 141, 198, 210


255, 255, 255

 197, 255, 255


 225, 255, 255

254, 255, 255

 141, 198, 210

 114, 171, 182

 88, 144, 156

 61, 118, 130

 34, 94, 104

 0, 70, 80

 0, 47, 57

 0, 27, 36

 0, 1, 14

 0, 0, 0

■ 141, 198, 210

■ 141, 198, 210

■ 120, 194, 210

■ 162, 202, 210

■ 99, 191, 210

■ 183, 205, 210

■ 78, 187, 210

■ 204, 209, 210

■ 57, 183, 210

■ 225, 213, 210

■ 36, 180, 210

■ 246, 216, 210

■ 15, 176, 210

■ 255, 220, 210

■ 0, 173, 210

■ 255, 224, 210

■ 255, 227, 210

■ 255, 231, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144, 199, 193



141, 198, 210



153, 194, 221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141, 198, 210



216, 178, 203



198, 189, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141, 198, 210



210, 153, 141

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



215, 183, 156



141, 198, 210



226, 176, 185

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141, 198, 210



198, 183, 217



225, 178, 168



178, 194, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141, 198, 210



167, 191, 224



225, 178, 168



204, 187, 153

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141, 198, 210



230, 251, 255



141, 210, 153



112, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



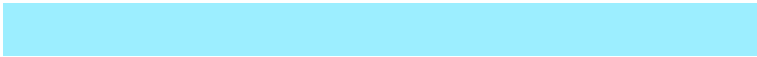
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141, 198, 210



156, 238, 255



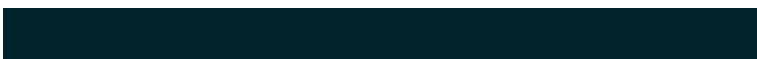
141, 164, 210



94, 103, 105



0, 139, 168



0, 34, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210, 141, 198



255, 156, 238



210, 187, 141



105, 94, 103



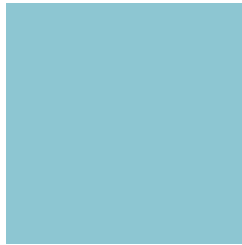
168, 0, 139



41, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 198, 210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

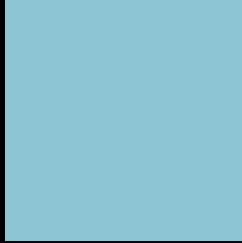
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 198, 210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

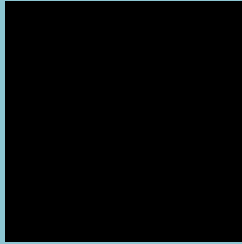
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 141, 198, 210 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 198, 210.

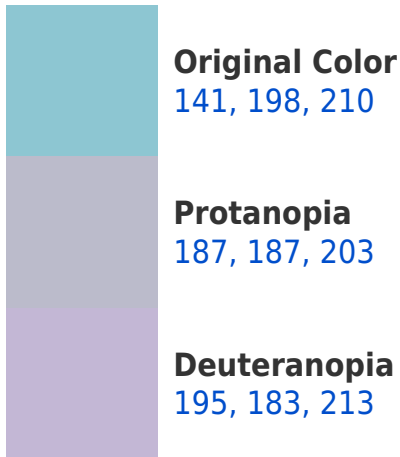


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 198, 210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
142, 197, 213

Trichromacy



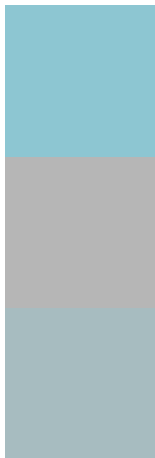
Original Color
141, 198, 210

Protanomaly
170, 191, 206

Deuteranomaly
175, 188, 212

Tritanomaly
142, 197, 212

Monochromacy



Original Color
141, 198, 210

Achromatopsia
182, 182, 182

Achromatomaly
167, 188, 192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 141, 198, 210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 198, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 198, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 198, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 198, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 141, 198, 210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 198, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 198, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 198, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 198, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 198, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 198,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 141, 198, 210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 198, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
198, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor