

# Converting Colors

RGB(141, 214, 201)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(141, 214, 201) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(141, 214, 201)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DD6C9
RGB	141, 214, 201
RGB Percent	55%, 84%, 79%
CMY	0.4471, 0.1608, 0.2118
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.06, 0.16
HSL	169°, 47%, 70%
HSV	169°, 34%, 84%
XYZ	45.5737, 57.9729, 64.0462
YIQ	190.6910, -39.3350, -19.5190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

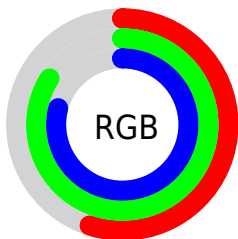
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	141, 181, 214
Decimal	9295561
CIELab	80.72, -25.57, -0.81
CIELCh	81, 25.578, 181.813
Yxy	57.9729, 0.2719, 0.3459
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287485641 (0xFF8DD6C9)
YUV	190.6910, 5.0823, -43.5790
Hunter-Lab	76.1399, -26.4034, 3.4253

# Details

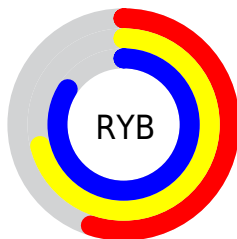
The RGB color **141, 214, 201** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **214, 141, 154**, and the grayscale version is **191, 191, 191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197, 255, 255**, and **87, 159, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120, 214, 197**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162, 214, 205**.

# Distribution



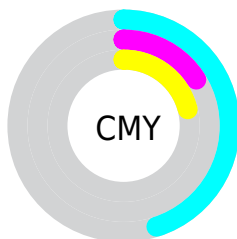
- Red (55%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 141, 214, 201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 141, 214, 201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 141, 214, 201


255, 255, 255


 197, 255, 255


 226, 255, 255


255, 255, 255

 141, 214, 201

 114, 186, 174

 87, 159, 147

 60, 133, 121

 31, 107, 97

 0, 83, 73


 0, 59, 50

 0, 37, 29

 0, 5, 4

 0, 0, 0

 141, 214, 201

 141, 214, 201

 120, 214, 197

 162, 214, 205

 98, 214, 193

 184, 214, 209

 77, 214, 190

 205, 214, 212

 55, 214, 186

 227, 214, 216

 34, 214, 182

 248, 214, 220

 13, 214, 178

 255, 214, 224

 0, 214, 176

 255, 214, 228

 255, 214, 231

 255, 214, 235

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164, 212, 177



141, 214, 201



132, 213, 225

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141, 214, 201



206, 194, 241



237, 191, 159

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141, 214, 201



214, 141, 154

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



249, 185, 176



141, 214, 201



233, 187, 223

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141, 214, 201



174, 202, 248



247, 183, 200



217, 199, 153

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141, 214, 201



138, 211, 237



247, 183, 200



242, 189, 164



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141, 214, 201



230, 255, 250



154, 214, 141



112, 128, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

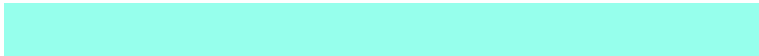


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141, 214, 201



150, 255, 236



141, 191, 214



96, 107, 105



0, 171, 140



0, 43, 36



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 141, 154



255, 150, 169



214, 164, 141



107, 96, 98



171, 0, 30

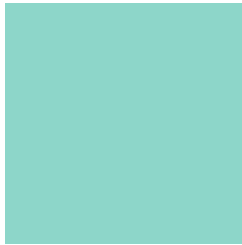


43, 0, 8



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 214, 201 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

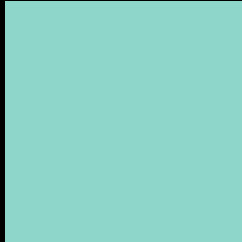
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 214, 201 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

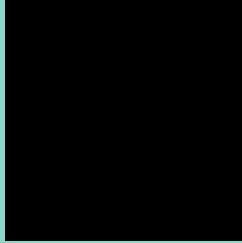
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

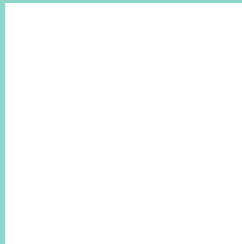
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 141, 214, 201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 214, 201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 214, 201.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
147, 210, 227

# Trichromacy



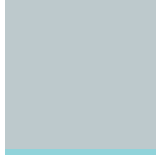
**Original Color**

141, 214, 201



**Protanomaly**

182, 204, 195



**Deuteranomaly**

189, 201, 204



**Tritanomaly**

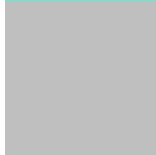
145, 211, 218

# Monochromacy



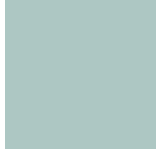
**Original Color**

141, 214, 201



**Achromatopsia**

191, 191, 191



**Achromatomaly**

173, 199, 195

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 141, 214, 201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 214, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 214, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 214, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 214, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 141, 214, 201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 214, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 214, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 214, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 214, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 214, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 214,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 141, 214, 201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 214, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
214, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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