

Converting Colors

RGB(141, 227, 245)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(141, 227, 245) contains.

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Color

RGB(141, 227, 245)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DE3F5
RGB	141, 227, 245
RGB Percent	55%, 89%, 96%
CMY	0.4471, 0.1098, 0.0392
CMYK	0.42, 0.07, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	190°, 84%, 76%
HSV	190°, 42%, 96%
XYZ	54.9350, 67.1935, 96.4605
YIQ	203.3380, -57.0340, -12.6340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

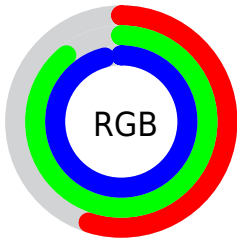
Format	Color
R _Y B	141, 188, 245
Decimal	9298933
CIE Lab	85.60, -21.45, -16.91
CIE LCh	86, 27.310, 218.256
Yxy	67.1935, 0.2513, 0.3074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287489013 (0xFF8DE3F5)
YUV	203.3380, 20.5394, -54.6704
Hunter-Lab	81.9716, -23.8248, -12.3896

Details

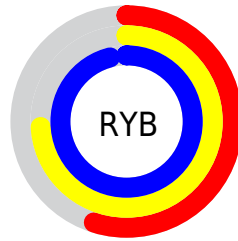
The RGB color **141, 227, 245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **245, 159, 141**, and the grayscale version is **203, 203, 203**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **199, 255, 255**, and **83, 171, 189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117, 223, 245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166, 231, 245**.

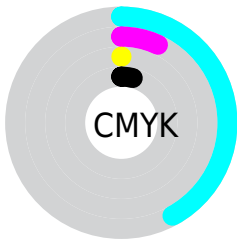
Distribution



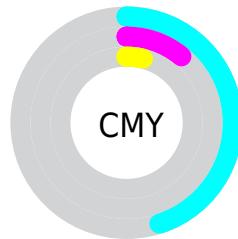
- Red (55%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 141, 227, 245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 141, 227, 245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 141, 227, 245


255, 255, 255


 199, 255, 255


 228, 255, 255

 141, 227, 245

 112, 199, 217

 83, 171, 189

 52, 145, 162

 5, 119, 135

 0, 94, 110

 0, 70, 86

 0, 47, 62

 0, 28, 40

 0, 1, 20

 141, 227, 245

 141, 227, 245

 117, 223, 245

 166, 231, 245

 92, 219, 245

 190, 235, 245

 68, 214, 245

 215, 240, 245

 43, 210, 245

 239, 244, 245

 19, 206, 245

 255, 248, 245

 0, 203, 245

 255, 252, 245

 255, 255, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

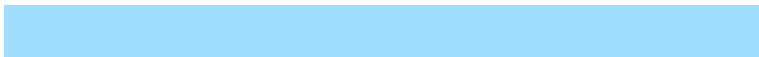
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146, 229, 220



141, 227, 245



160, 222, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141, 227, 245



253, 198, 234



226, 215, 163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141, 227, 245



245, 159, 141

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



250, 206, 167



141, 227, 245



255, 195, 208

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141, 227, 245



227, 205, 255



255, 199, 183



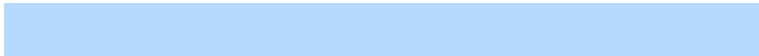
197, 222, 173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141, 227, 245



181, 217, 255



255, 199, 183



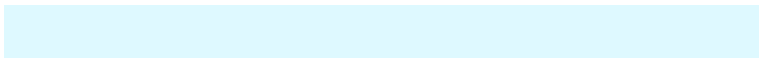
235, 212, 163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141, 227, 245



222, 249, 255



141, 245, 158



107, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141, 227, 245



125, 232, 255



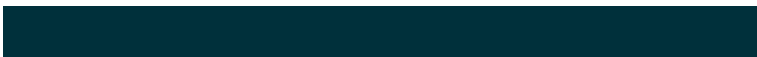
141, 176, 245



110, 120, 122



0, 154, 186



0, 48, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 141, 227



255, 125, 232



245, 210, 141



122, 110, 120



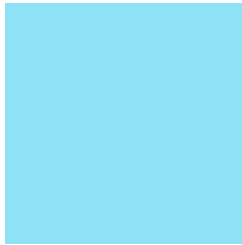
186, 0, 154



59, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 227, 245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

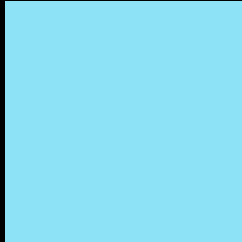
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 227, 245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 141, 227, 245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 227, 245.

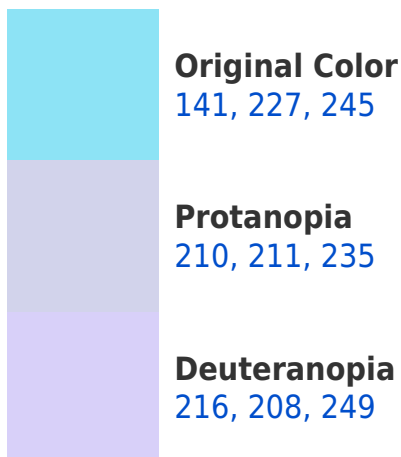


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 227, 245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

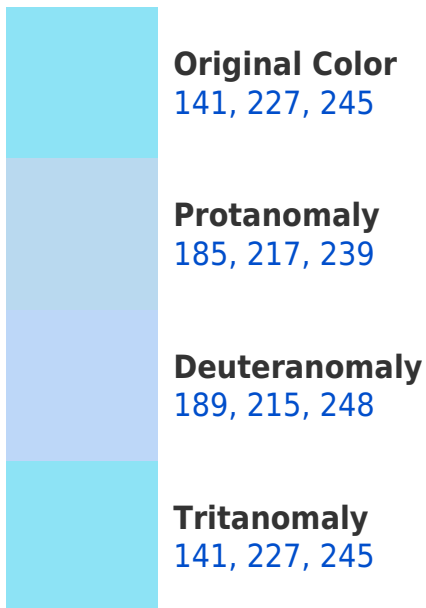
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
141, 227, 245

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 141, 227, 245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 227, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 227, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 227, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 227, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 141, 227, 245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 227, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 227, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 227, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 227, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 227, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 227,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 141, 227, 245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 227, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
227, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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