

Converting Colors

RGB(141, 255, 127)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(141, 255, 127) contains.

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Color

RGB(141, 255, 127)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DFF7F
RGB	141, 255, 127
RGB Percent	55%, 100%, 50%
CMY	0.4471, 0.0000, 0.5020
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.50, 0.00
HSL	113°, 100%, 75%
HSV	113°, 50%, 100%
XYZ	50.5753, 78.7150, 32.6066
YIQ	206.3220, -26.8560, -63.9760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

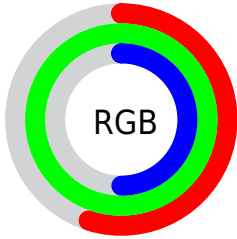
Format	Color
RYB	127, 255, 241
Decimal	9305983
CIELab	91.11, -56.49, 50.86
CIELCh	91, 76.011, 138.004
Yxy	78.7150, 0.3124, 0.4862
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287496063 (0xFF8DFF7F)
YUV	206.3220, -39.1057, -57.2874
Hunter-Lab	88.7215, -53.5095, 40.3150

Details

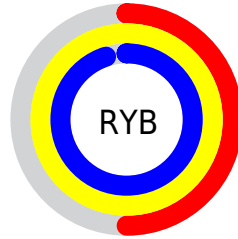
The RGB color **141, 255, 127** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF66**. A complement of this color would be **241, 127, 255**, and the grayscale version is **207, 207, 207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200, 255, 182**, and **81, 197, 74** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 255, 102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164, 255, 153**.

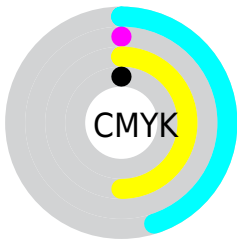
Distribution



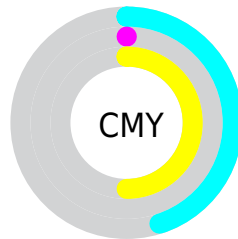
- Red (55%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 141, 255, 127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 141, 255, 127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 141, 255, 127

255, 255, 255


 200, 255, 182


 230, 255, 210


 255, 255, 239


 141, 255, 127

 111, 226, 100

 81, 197, 74

 47, 169, 47

 0, 142, 16

 0, 116, 0

 0, 90, 0

 0, 65, 0

 0, 43, 0

 0, 8, 0

 141, 255, 127

 141, 255, 127

 118, 255, 102

 164, 255, 153

 96, 255, 76

 186, 255, 178

 73, 255, 51

 209, 255, 204

 50, 255, 25

 232, 255, 229

 28, 255, 0

255, 255, 255

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227, 239, 80



141, 255, 127



0, 255, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141, 255, 127



0, 246, 255



255, 165, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141, 255, 127



241, 127, 255

Split Complementary

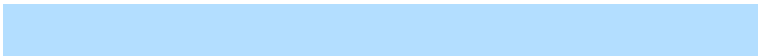
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 167, 255



141, 255, 127



179, 222, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141, 255, 127



0, 255, 255



255, 192, 255



255, 187, 123

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141, 255, 127



0, 255, 248



255, 192, 255



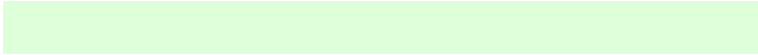
255, 163, 213

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141, 255, 127



221, 255, 217



255, 240, 127



107, 128, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141, 255, 127



119, 255, 102



127, 255, 176



116, 128, 115



21, 191, 0



7, 64, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



241, 127, 255



238, 102, 255



255, 127, 206



126, 115, 128



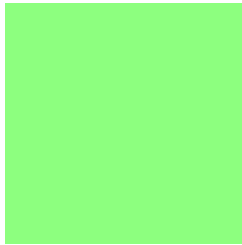
170, 0, 191



57, 0, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 255, 127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 255, 127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 141, 255, 127 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 255, 127.

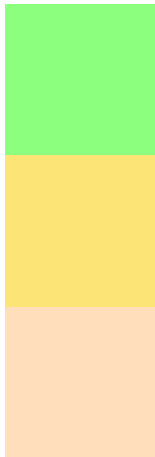


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 255, 127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
141, 255, 127

Protanopia
252, 228, 118

Deuteranopia
255, 223, 187

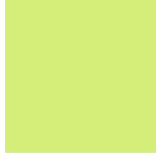


Tritanopia
178, 238, 255

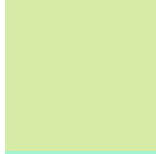
Trichromacy



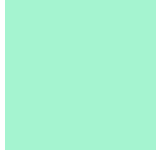
Original Color
141, 255, 127



Protanomaly
212, 238, 121

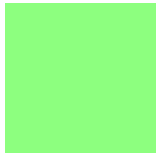


Deuteranomaly
214, 235, 165

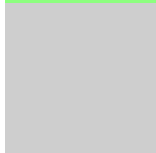


Tritanomaly
165, 244, 208

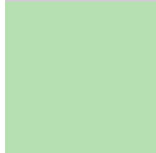
Monochromacy



Original Color
141, 255, 127



Achromatopsia
206, 206, 206



Achromatomaly
182, 224, 177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 141, 255, 127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 255, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 255, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 255, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 255, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 141, 255, 127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 255, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 255, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 255, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 255, 127); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 255, 127); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 255, 127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 141, 255, 127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 255, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
255, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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