

Converting Colors

RGB(141, 81, 151)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(141, 81, 151) contains.

RGB(141, 81, 151)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(141, 81, 151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D5197
RGB	141, 81, 151
RGB Percent	55%, 32%, 59%
CMY	0.4471, 0.6824, 0.4078
CMYK	0.07, 0.46, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	291°, 30%, 45%
HSV	291°, 46%, 59%
XYZ	19.5128, 13.7819, 30.9099
YIQ	106.9200, 13.2900, 34.4900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

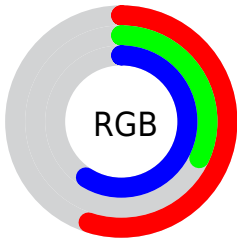
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 81, 151
Decimal	9261463
CIE _{Lab}	43.92, 36.69, -28.14
CIE _{LCh}	44, 46.237, 322.517
Yxy	13.7819, 0.3039, 0.2147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287451543 (0xFF8D5197)
YUV	106.9200, 21.7314, 29.8882
Hunter-Lab	37.1240, 28.8547, -23.3787

Details

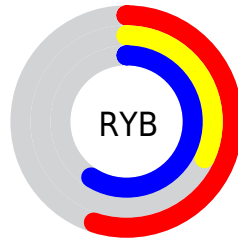
The RGB color **141, 81, 151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **91, 151, 81**, and the grayscale version is **107, 107, 107**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 132, 206**, and **89, 32, 100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 66, 151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 96, 151**.

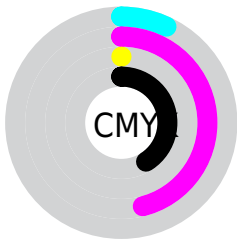
Distribution



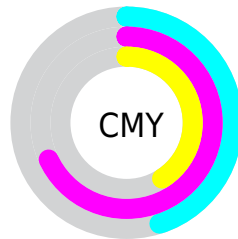
- Red (55%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 141, 81, 151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 141, 81, 151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



141, 81, 151



141, 81, 151

255, 255, 255



115, 56, 125



196, 132, 206



89, 32, 100



224, 159, 234



64, 5, 76



254, 186, 255



41, 0, 53



255, 214, 255



7, 0, 31



255, 243, 255



0, 0, 1



0, 0, 0



141, 81, 151



141, 81, 151



139, 66, 151



143, 96, 151

■ 137, 51, 151

■ 145, 111, 151

■ 135, 36, 151

■ 147, 126, 151

■ 132, 21, 151

■ 150, 141, 151

■ 130, 5, 151

■ 152, 156, 151

■ 129, 0, 151

■ 154, 172, 151

■ 156, 187, 151

■ 158, 202, 151

■ 160, 217, 151

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87, 98, 175



141, 81, 151



168, 69, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141, 81, 151



132, 99, 20



0, 122, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141, 81, 151



91, 151, 81

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 122, 93



141, 81, 151



96, 110, 25

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141, 81, 151



159, 83, 43



46, 118, 55



0, 119, 164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141, 81, 151



174, 68, 89



46, 118, 55



0, 122, 119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141, 81, 151



192, 169, 196



81, 91, 151



97, 83, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141, 81, 151



181, 86, 196



151, 81, 126



75, 69, 77



120, 0, 140



11, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151, 81, 91



196, 86, 102



81, 151, 106



77, 69, 70



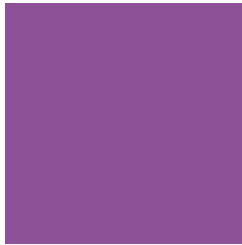
140, 0, 20



13, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 81, 151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 81, 151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

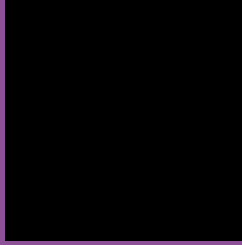
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 141, 81, 151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 81, 151.

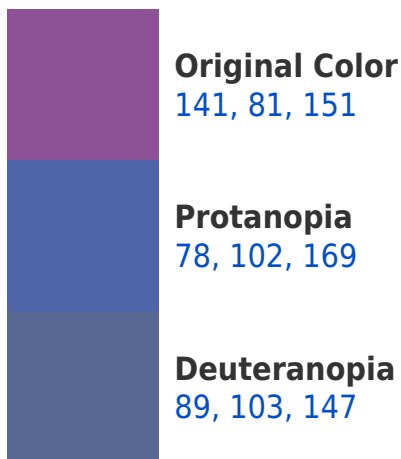



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 81, 151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
134, 93, 100

Trichromacy



Original Color
141, 81, 151

Protanomaly
101, 94, 162

Deuteranomaly
108, 95, 148

Tritanomaly
137, 89, 119

Monochromacy



Original Color
141, 81, 151

Achromatopsia
107, 107, 107

Achromatomaly
119, 98, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 141, 81, 151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 81, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 81, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 81, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 81, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 141, 81, 151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 81, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 81, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 81, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 81, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 81, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 81,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 141, 81, 151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 81, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 81,  
151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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