

Converting Colors

RGB(141, 95, 192)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(141, 95, 192) contains.

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Color

RGB(141, 95, 192)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D5FC0
RGB	141, 95, 192
RGB Percent	55%, 37%, 75%
CMY	0.4471, 0.6275, 0.2471
CMYK	0.27, 0.51, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	268°, 43%, 56%
HSV	268°, 51%, 75%
XYZ	24.5911, 17.6529, 51.9804
YIQ	119.8120, -3.7210, 39.9190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

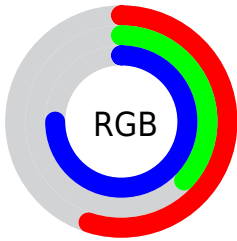
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 95, 192
Decimal	9265088
CIE _{Lab}	49.07, 38.12, -44.12
CIE _{LCh}	49, 58.304, 310.828
Yxy	17.6529, 0.2610, 0.1873
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287455168 (0xFF8D5FC0)
YUV	119.8120, 35.5887, 18.5819
Hunter-Lab	42.0154, 30.9472, -43.9414

Details

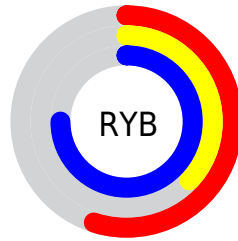
The RGB color **141, 95, 192** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **146, 192, 95**, and the grayscale version is **119, 119, 119**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197, 147, 249**, and **87, 46, 138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 76, 192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 114, 192**.

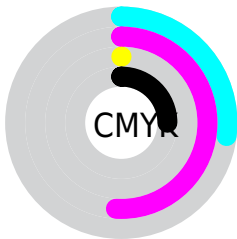
Distribution



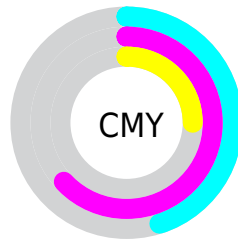
- Red (55%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 141, 95, 192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 141, 95, 192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 141, 95, 192

 141, 95, 192

255, 255, 255

 114, 70, 165

 197, 147, 249

 87, 46, 138

 226, 174, 255

 61, 23, 112


 255, 201, 255

 34, 0, 87


 255, 230, 255


 12, 0, 63

 0, 3, 40

 0, 1, 18

 0, 0, 0

 141, 95, 192

 141, 95, 192

131, 76, 192

151, 114, 192

121, 57, 192

161, 133, 192

111, 37, 192

171, 153, 192

101, 18, 192

181, 172, 192

91, 0, 192

191, 191, 192

202, 210, 192

212, 229, 192

222, 249, 192

232, 255, 192

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23, 116, 214



141, 95, 192



188, 72, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141, 95, 192



166, 102, 7



0, 139, 134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141, 95, 192



146, 192, 95

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 137, 82



141, 95, 192



124, 120, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141, 95, 192



195, 81, 54



68, 131, 33



0, 138, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141, 95, 192



202, 65, 117



68, 131, 33



0, 139, 117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141, 95, 192



230, 212, 250



95, 147, 192



113, 102, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141, 95, 192



170, 97, 250



189, 95, 192



92, 87, 97



76, 0, 161



16, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192, 95, 146



250, 97, 178



98, 192, 95



97, 87, 92



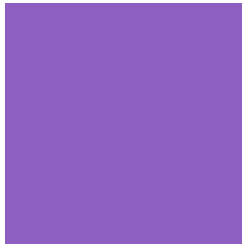
161, 0, 84



33, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 95, 192 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 95, 192 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 141, 95, 192 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 95, 192.

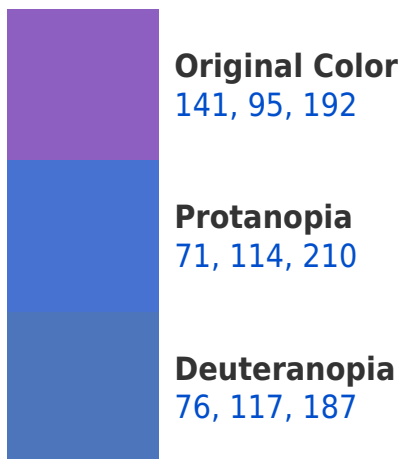


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 95, 192.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
128, 112, 121

Trichromacy



Original Color

141, 95, 192



Protanomaly

96, 107, 203



Deuteranomaly

100, 109, 189



Tritanomaly

133, 106, 147

Monochromacy



Original Color

141, 95, 192



Achromatopsia

120, 120, 120



Achromatomaly

128, 111, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 141, 95, 192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 95, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 95, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 95, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 95, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 141, 95, 192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 95, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 95, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 95, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 95, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 95, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 95,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 141, 95, 192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 95, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 95,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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