

Converting Colors

RGB(141, 97, 191)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(141, 97, 191) contains.

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Color

RGB(141, 97, 191)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D61BF
RGB	141, 97, 191
RGB Percent	55%, 38%, 75%
CMY	0.4471, 0.6196, 0.2510
CMYK	0.26, 0.49, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	268°, 42%, 56%
HSV	268°, 49%, 75%
XYZ	24.6632, 17.9737, 51.4596
YIQ	120.8720, -3.9500, 38.5620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

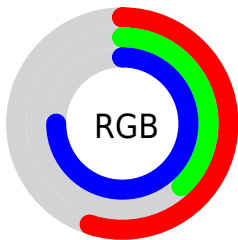
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 97, 191
Decimal	9265599
CIE _{Lab}	49.46, 36.74, -42.92
CIE _{LCh}	49, 56.496, 310.566
Yxy	17.9737, 0.2621, 0.1910
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287455679 (0xFF8D61BF)
YUV	120.8720, 34.5731, 17.6523
Hunter-Lab	42.3954, 29.6489, -42.2895

Details

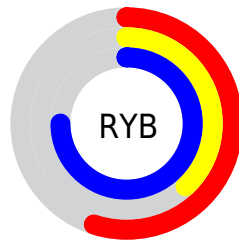
The RGB color **141, 97, 191** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **147, 191, 97**, and the grayscale version is **121, 121, 121**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197, 149, 248**, and **88, 49, 137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 78, 191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 116, 191**.

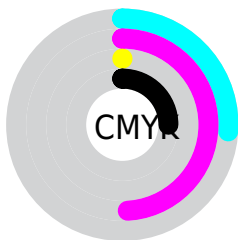
Distribution



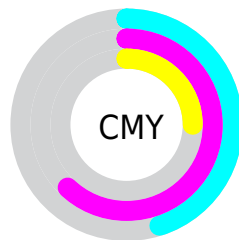
- Red (55%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 141, 97, 191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 141, 97, 191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 141, 97, 191

 141, 97, 191

255, 255, 255

 114, 72, 164

 197, 149, 248

 88, 49, 137

 225, 176, 255

 62, 25, 111

 255, 203, 255

 35, 1, 86


 255, 232, 255


 14, 0, 62

 0, 3, 39

 0, 1, 17

 0, 0, 0

 141, 97, 191

 141, 97, 191

■ 131, 78, 191

■ 151, 116, 191

■ 121, 59, 191

■ 161, 135, 191

■ 111, 40, 191

■ 171, 154, 191

■ 100, 21, 191

■ 182, 173, 191

■ 90, 1, 191

■ 192, 193, 191

■ 89, 0, 191

■ 202, 212, 191

■ 212, 231, 191

■ 222, 250, 191

■ 232, 255, 191

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35, 118, 212



141, 97, 191



187, 76, 151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141, 97, 191



166, 104, 16



0, 140, 134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141, 97, 191



147, 191, 97

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 138, 84



141, 97, 191



125, 121, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141, 97, 191



194, 83, 57



72, 132, 37



0, 138, 179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141, 97, 191



201, 69, 119



72, 132, 37



0, 140, 117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141, 97, 191



228, 210, 247



97, 147, 191



113, 102, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141, 97, 191



170, 101, 247



188, 97, 191



89, 85, 94



74, 0, 158



14, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191, 97, 147



247, 101, 179



100, 191, 97



94, 85, 90



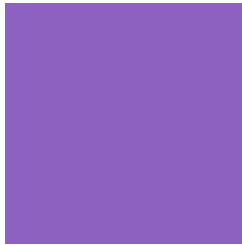
158, 0, 84



31, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 97, 191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

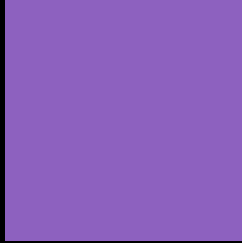
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 141, 97, 191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

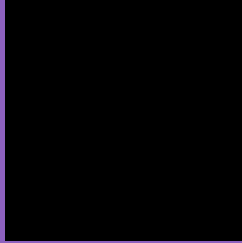
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 141, 97, 191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 97, 191.

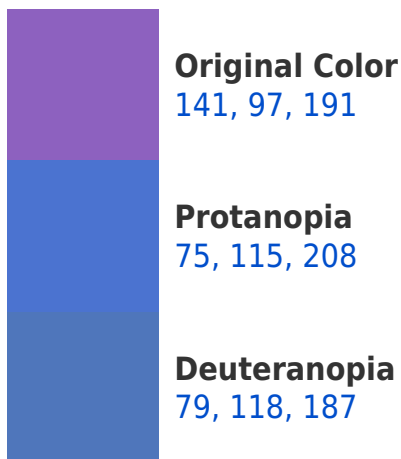


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 141, 97, 191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
129, 113, 122

Trichromacy



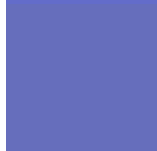
Original Color

141, 97, 191



Protanomaly

99, 108, 202



Deuteranomaly

102, 110, 188



Tritanomaly

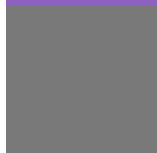
133, 107, 147

Monochromacy



Original Color

141, 97, 191



Achromatopsia

121, 121, 121



Achromatomaly

128, 112, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 141, 97, 191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 97, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 97, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 97, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 97, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 141, 97, 191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 97, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 97, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 97, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 97, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 97, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 97,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 141, 97, 191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 97, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 97,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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